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**EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER** 

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### World news

# Iranians threaten blockade write off of Gulf

iran has threatened to shut the Strait of Hormuz at the mouth of the Gulf if Iraq persists in attacking its oil-exporting facilities. The warning followed a raid on

Kharg Island, Iran's main oil-export terminal. It is believed to have been Iraq's most effective attack to date, hitting a tanker and damaging one of the jetties. Iran's President Ali Khamenei

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The comment of the co

cerar Baile

said not only would Hormuz be closed if the raids continued, but there would also be attacks deep in-side Iraqi territory. Page 20 Oil production by non-Opec comtries will increase during the next few years, putting more pressure on the organisation's unity and reve-nue, according to a report by a U.S.

Axel Springer dies Axel Springer, the leading West German newspaper and magazine publisher, has died after a short illness, which was not specified.

### Nuclear treaty call

Geneva conference of 86 nations reviewing the nuclear non-prolifera-tion treaty (NPT) has called on the U.S., the Soviet Union and Britain to resume negotiations on a comprehensive nuclear test-ban treaty this year. Page 4

### **EEC** caution urged

EEC finance ministers have served notice that they would not be stampeded into monetary and fiscal re-forms such as rapid harmonisation of tax rates or the creation of a common currency. Page 4

### Swiss vote

Swiss voters have rejected a goverament plan to back new business ventures with loan guarantees.

### Deihi bomb deaths

A bomb killed three Hindus in Delhi, and a worker of Prime Minister Rajiv Gandhi's party was shot in Punjab, as extremists stepped up efforts to disrupt Wednesday's election in the Sikh-majority state.

### Tripoil battle

Northern Lebanese port of Tripoli shares against 400m on Friday. war between Syrian-backed militia-men and Sunni Moslem fundamentalist groups. Page 4

### Martial law 'to end'

Pakistan'a President Mohammad Zia-ul-Hag has promised that eight years of martial law will be ended by December 31. Banned political parties will be able to resume

### Israell car bomb

Israeli police defused a car bomb in the densely populated, ultra-religious Jewish neighbourhood of Mea Shearim, near Arab East Jerusalem.

### Salyut link-up

Five Soviet cosmonauts aboard the Salyut 7 space station have linked up with research ships and flying laboratories to study the surface of the Black Sea.

### **Turkish arrests**

Turkish police arrested about 150 people when the funeral of a leftwing folk singer in Istanbul turned

### Visit cancelled

Neutral Sweden has cancelled a planned port call by two U.S. Navy ships to Stockholm next month on the ground that it would coincide with a British destroyer's visit, giving Nato too much prominence.

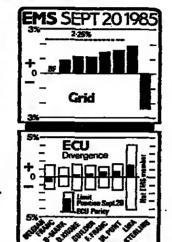
### Lourdes drought

miraculous cures from the holy wa-ter of the Roman Catholic shrine at Lourdes have been affected by a drought that has partly dried up its

# Business summary TRW to regroup, \$170m

TRW, diversified U.S. industrial group, is to take a \$170m after-tax charge in the third quarter as part of a sweeping reorganisation aimed at increasing emphasis on its electronics, defence and automotiv

ses. Page 20



**EUROPEAN Monetary System: The** Belgian franc remained steady within the EMS last week, enabling the central bank to ease domestic interest rates a little. The bank also bought small amounts of foreign exchange, mostly D-Marks, increasing Belgium's foreign reserves holdings. While remaining the weakest currency, the Belgian franc was firmly underpinned by continued improvements in the economy, low-er inflation and a growing confidence shown by foreign investors.

The D-Mark was the second weakest member, showing little overall
change from the week before.

The chart shows the two constraints The chart shows the two constraints on European Monetary System exchange rates. The upper grid, based on the toeukest currency in the system, defines the cross rates from which no currency (except the lira) may move more than 2% per cent. The lower chart gives each currency's divergence from its "central rate" against the European Currency Unit (ECU), itself a basket of European currencies.

TOKYO: Share prices closed higher as buying centred on large capital issues in Saturday morning's session. The Nikkei Dow index rose 66.1 to 12.733 on tamover of 250m

**BELGIAN** Finance Minister Frans Grootjans said the Government would fully back the troubled farm credit bank Institut National de Crédit Agricole, which is said to face losses of BFr 2bn (\$34m).

TOWA state insurance commission er took control of financially trou-bied Iowa Mutual Insurance and said the company would be liquidated unless a buyer able to infuse \$65m in new funds could be found.

APPLE COMPUTER, which parted company last week with chairman and co-founder Steven Jobs, produced better than expected forecast of \$12m to \$15.2m profits for its fourth quarter to September 30.

WHEELING-PITTSBURGH: Allen Paulson, largest shareholder, took over as chairman of the troubled U.S. steel group in the wake of the resignation of the previous chairman and chief executive and the en-tire board except Paulson. Page 21

SANLAM, South Africa's second largest insurance group, is to refinance and acquire majority and nt control of the troubled Kirsh Trading Group, which con-trols Checkers, the country's largest supermarket chain. Page 22

HANSON TRUST: New York Appeals Court is to begin a hearing on an appeal by the British-based in-dustrial holding group aimed at preventing the continued frustration of its bid for SCM, the U.S. conglomerate. Page 22

Thousands of sick pilgrims seeking- THAILAND'S Y50bn credit now seems unlikely to erase the stigms the Euroyen market has suffered from since the failure of Sweden's attempt to raise Y100bn in April.

# U.S. calls big five Fabius admits McMahon to crisis meeting on world economy

BY STEWART FLEMING IN WASHINGTON AND MAX WILKINSON IN LONDON

demonstration of their nounting concern about the deteriorating international debt situation and the economic imbalances and protectionist pressures threatening

the world economy.

The meeting, called by the U.S., was accompanied by extraordinary publicity by the normally secretive Group of Five, came on the ere of the UN General Assembly meeting in New York, where leaders of struggling Latin American debtor nations, including President Jose Sarney of Brazil, were expected to call for fundamental changes in the way the international debt crisis is being handled.

It came, too, within 24 hours of a speech today on U.S. trade policy by President Ronald Reagan, who is faced with a growing rebellion on Capitol Hill against his economic policies and his failure to address more urgently the issues raised by the soaring U.S. trade deficit.

The extent to which Mr Reagan planned to link trade and protecionism with international financial

meeting yesterday in New York in a tails of the agenda for the Group of debt are all interlocked.

In Europe, the meeting was seen partity as an opportunity for the leading nations to present a solid front against the mounting calls for protectionism within the U.S. Contemporary of the protection of the contemporary of the contemporary

a serious threat to the international trading system and the development of the world economy. The U.S.'s partners therefore see

In return for their help, they want a more positive assurance was on the prospects for a respect-from the U.S. Administration that it able economic recovery based on will make further efforts to cut its federal budget deficit.

U.S. Treasury Secretary, has told his European partners that he is not optimistic on that front because he sees little immediate hope of cut-ting expenditure and President

FINANCE MINISTERS and central the Group of Five's decision to meet day's meeting can help to reinforce bankers from the Group of Five amid such publicity - was still unthe lesson that the U.S. deficit, leading industrial countries were clear yesterday. So, too, were detrade problems and Third World

On the other hand, all the Western nations used the meeting to put heavy pressure on Japan to take

term to deflect the frustrations of Congressmen who believe U.S. jobs Those pressures are now seen as are being sacrificed on the altar of free trade and Japanese imports.

As the weekend meeting of Euro-

pean finance ministers in Luxembourg showed, however, there is little enthusiasm in Europe for radia mutual interest in trying to en-sure that the dollar continues to fall an easures either in relation to in an orderly way to a level that will the Third World debt problems or to help to bring the U.S. trade into a the U.S.'s trade and currency diffi-

Instead, the European emphasis will make further efforts to cut its mutually reinforcing policies of fis-inderal budget deficit. cal and monetary discipline. In that However, Mr James Baker, the respect, the U.S. is seen as the odd man out and its difficulties as self-

Some monetary officials were suggesting that the publicity sur-Continued on Page 20 Banks warn on debt crisis, Page

# French agents blew up ship

BY DAVID HOUSEGO IN PARIS

LAURENT FABIUS, France's Prime Minister, officially confirmed ast night that the French foreign intelligence services, DGSE, had blown up the Greenpace boat, the Rainbow Warrior, which resulted in the death of a Portuguese

In an unexpected statement on French television, M Fabius said he action had been concealed from the official government commis of inquiry, set up to establish the truth under M Bernard Tricot, an associate of General de Gaulle. He did not say who had given the or-ders but he described the action and the cover-up as "serious

M Fabius announced that be was now in favour of a parhamentary sion of inquiry being set up to investigate the circumstances of the sinking of the Rainbow Warrior. But he added that the names of those who had blown up the ship would not be disclosed because they ad acted under orders.

At the same time, he announced that a new head of the DGSE would be announced after Wednesday's abinet meeting.

The Prime Mnister's statement came only two days after the resig-nation of M Charles Hernu, the former Minister of Defence, and was the first official confirmation that the French secret services had sunk

BY JOHN ELLIOTT IN NEW DELHI

THE European Airbus consortium

has won a significant victory in its worldwide sales battle with Boeing

by beating the U.S. aircraft manu-

facturer to an order worth up to \$1.6hn from Indian Airlines, India's

rapidly expanding domestic carrier.

Boeing defeated Airbus for the

first stage of the orders, worth about \$560m, in June last year and received a letter of intent and a re-

fundable deposit of \$800,000. But Airbus successfully reopened nego-

tiations in October last year and

has won after some controversial

price-cutting.

The decision to switch the order,

which may affect Indo-U.S. trade

Minister for Aviation and has come

under heavy political pressure from

the U.S. to give the order to Boeing.

The implication is that the order was given within the military hierarchy. But M Fahius has accepted in setting up a parliamentary com-mission, that the initiative might have come from a ministerial level

In acting so swiftly, M Fabius's intention is clearly to limit the political repercussions of an affair that is already damaging the President's

authority.
M Paul Quiles, the new Minister of Defence, has been instructed also to carry out further investigations. Those will be conducted in parallel with the inquiries being made by the French press and the New Zealand police authorities.

Dai Hayward in Wellington writes: Earlier yesterday, Mr David Lange made clear that New Zeoland still expected an apology from Rainbow Warrior, hut would not pursue it at present.

The French Covernment seems determined to commit Gallic harakiri, and we will let them get on with it," the Prime Minister said.

Mr Lange said he keow that more than five French secret service agents were operating in New Zea-land in the weeks leading up to the bombing and sinking of the Rain-

> Mitterrand now a wounded combatant, Page 18

Airbus's success is an important

coup for France and shows how the

country has managed quickly to re-

pair damage to its relations with In-dia caused by the uncovering early this year of a spy ring in New Delhi that included French diplomats.

Boeing was to have supplied 10 to

12 of its 757 208-seat aircraft, which

were chosen in preference to the Airbus A-310 to start a big ordering

programme by Indian Airlines cost

ing up to \$14bn in the next 15 years.

Airbus reopened the negotiations with its 164-seat A-320, which has

yet to fly, and there is some con-

troversy about how much it has had

to drop its official price. Industry of-

· Coup for Airbus, Page 6

Continued on Page 20

bow Warrior.

Airbus wins \$1.6bn

Indian Airlines order

try is taking an increasing interest with general concessions, the net in India, was made by Mr Rajiv price may be as low as \$25m an air-Gandhi, Prime Minister. He is also craft. But Mr Ranjit Jayaratnam,

# quits Bank of England to head Midland

By David Lascelles, Banking Correspondent, in London

MR CHRISTOPHER McMahon, deputy governor of the Bank of England and one of the most highly regarded figures on the UK financial scene, is to leave his post next year and join the board of Midland Bank, Britain's third-largest commercial bank. He is to become chairman of

Midland in 1987. The exact timing of Mr McMa-hon's departure from Britain's central bank has not been decided. It is likely, however, that he will resign at the end of the Bank's financial year next February and then leave a suitable interval before joining Midland by mid-1986.

Mr McMahon's acceptance of Midland's invitation to become chairman is a spectacular coup for Britain's most problem ridden clearing hank.

But Midland's gain is the Bank of England's loss: it confirms that there has been unhappiness at high levels in Threadneedle Street, and it opens up the succession question at a sensitive moment.

Midland could hardly have secured o more highly regarded figure. As deputy governor, hir McMahon's range and experience are unique, and his intellectual abilities enormous, delivered as they are with unstuffy clarity and a twang that betrays his Australian

origins.
Only last week he made a keenly argued speech in Switzerland about the risks of modern-day linance. which will be a seminal text for students and practitioners of banking for some time to come. In the light of yesterday's news, it looks like a swan song. His departure, however, is not al-

together a surprise. Speculation about Mr McMahon's future began three years ago when Mr Robin Leigh-Pemberton, an cuistier, was appointed governor by Mrs Margaret Thatcher in preference to him, even though he had all the right qualifications (except evidently, po-litical acceptability) and was the

Fresh questions sprang up last winter when his own reappointmeot seemed in doubt in the wake of the Johnson Matthey Bankers affair, although in the event it came through. Job offers poured in, and he must have had his pick of the oms in business and academia where he was before joining the Bank of England), or one of the supranational financial agencies. Continued on Page 20

Men and Matters, Page 18

# imbalances in the world economy - Reagan will not consider tax in-a vital fact needed for a better un-creases. France, West Germany, derstanding of the background to Britain and Japan will hope yester-Rescue hopes fade after second Mexican quake

BY DAVID GARDNER IN MEXICO CITY

HOPES WERE fading yesterday for the many thousands of people still trapped under the rubble of buildings devastated by the earthquakes in Mexico City. n Mexico City.

The first major international re-

hef has begun to flow into the capi-tal which housed 17m people, but the heavy new tremor which rocked the city on Friday night, 35 hours

At least 20,000 p de are nov feared dead, although fewer than 2,000 bodies have been recovered from the wreckage of masonry and twisted metal. Information is still sketchy, but it

is clear that Friday's quake appears to have caused massive destruction, in the south of the central Pacific coast state of Jalisco near the epicentre of both shocks. Jalisco is Mexico's fourth most populous state with 4.5m inhabitants. One of its main towns, in Chidad Gozman, has been razed, some reports say.

In the capital, the army and relief workers are helped by tens of thousands of volunteers, many of them scrambling through the ruins, with little more than their bare hands.

On Saturday morning, 58 habies were recovered from the maternity ward of the ruleed Centro Medico, the higgest public health complex in Latin America where up to 1,000 people are still feared trapped. They have been born again," a doctor who survived the hospital's collapse said on television.
On Saturday morning survivors

after the huge quake ripped apert were also pulled from the ruins of six central neighbourhoods on the Labour ministry, one of five were also pulled from the ruins of Thursday morning, appears to have ministry buildings destroyed by where it looked as though a giants sealed the fate of most of those still Thursday's disaster. There is no action had stepped on the buildings." curate picture of how many children may have been in the more than 30 schools smashed to the by the army, in order to prevent ground since classes start at vary- looting and not to hamper relief ing times, but some began at work, is thick with the stench of rot-7.15am, thre minutes before the ting corpses mixed with gas leaking destruction began.

down more buildings. It caused par-ic and chaos as people in the central areas powed into the streets and

The health authorities and the

off Michoacan state, the same part and tetanus, though damage to the the Coops Plata. Geological experts the risk of disease over a far more say the plate cut into the Mexican extensive area coastline on Thursday, triggering a

shock measuring 7.8 on the Richter scale which lasted for more than two minutes at its full intensity. Friday's tremor appears to have ripped along the same fault lines erupting in the same aix areas of downtown Mexico City, which tool the force of the earlier quake.

Mr John Gavin, the U.S. ambas sador, said after flying over the city, by helicopter before Friday night's shock wave, that there were "places where it looked as though a giants' The atmosphere in these central areas which had been cordoned of

destruction began. from hundreds of household fuel Friday's shock, measured at 7.3 cisterns caught in the rubble. The on the Richter scale, lasted for gas leaks are menacing relief workmore than a minute and brought ers with explosions and fires, while the capital's few open spaces.

The second earthquake originated at the mouth of the Rio Balsas and vaccinating against typhoid of the Parific ocean floor, known as capital's water supplies is spreading

# Scargill to lead new federation of unions from East and West

BY JOHN LLOYD, INDUSTRIAL EDITOR. IN PARIS

Headed by Mr Arthur Scargill, resident of the British National Inion of Mineworkers (NUM), it is the higgest shake-up in the interna-tional trade union movement for

More than 40 unions repre-senting 3.8m workers have affiliated to the new organisation or have indicated their willingness to do so.

Mr Scargill, who with the French Communist-led union Confédération Générale de Travail has worked for four years to set up the group, said yesterday be expected

A FEDERATION of trade unions at least 50 to 60 unions to be in Their suspicions have been fur known as the International Mine-volved in the next few months.

> Soviet miners' union. The establishment of the federa-Confederation of Free Trade new organisation.
>
> Unions (ICFTU), the organisation to It is the largest shake-up in the which are affiliated most of the world of international trade unions, omies and in many developing sons of diplomacy, or of the cold countries. war, since the split in the late 1940s

ther fuelled by the dissolution on worker's Organisation (IMO), bringing together unions from the coal
and energy industries in the West
and Communist countries, was
launched in Paris at the weekend.

The vice-Presidents are Mr Barry
Friday night of the Miners' Trade
Union International (MTUI) section
of the World Federation of Trade
Unions – to which all communistcountry unions belong – in favour of joining the IMO. M Andre Simon, The establishment of the federa- formerly, secretary-general of the tion has angered the International MTUL is secretary-general of the

> union centres in the market econ- which are generally used as exten-ICFTU officials see the affiliation produced the two antagonistic of the Soviet Union, Poland, Hun-federations. gary, Czechoslovakia, East Ger-

The Western miners grouping

many and Bulgaria as proof of So- the Mineworkers' International Federation, has now lost one of its two main props, the British NUM viet domination of the new federa-

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# U.S. seeks support to put its economic house in order

In one important sense at least, the meeting of the economic leaders of the five industrial powers in New York yesterday

was unnecessary.
As Herr Karl Otto Poehl,
President of the West German
Bundesbank, said before the
meeting was amounced:
"Everyone knows what needs
to be done. What is important
is that we all move in the right
direction."

direction."

However, it is one thing for the exclusive club of top central bankers and finance ministers (Herr Poehl's "everyone") to agree a response to the U.S.'s debt and trade problems. It is another matter, as he implied, to get things moving—especially if that were to involve convincing Congressmen and the U.S. President of the need for unpalatable measures.

palatable measures.
This propagandist purpose may therefore bave been a

A NEW warning that measurea

taken since early 1982 to deal with the developing country debt crisis have proved inade-

quate comes today from Morgan Guaranty, the U.S. money centre bank which has been closely involved in several debt

rescheduling exercises.

A study written by Mr Rimmer de Vries, its top economist and a leading expert on world economic affairs, says that despite initial improvements in their balance of payments, the main debtors have failed so far to secure a viable long-term

Living standards are still about 10 per cent below pre-

crisis levels and, ominously, there has been no decline in the key ratio of total debt to exports and only a small drop in the share of export earnings taken

up by interest payments.
Unlike last week's report by

the Inter-American Develop-ment Bank, which was fiercely critical of the International Monetary Fund, Morgan says, however, that the only solution

is a strengthening of the present co-operative approach.

rescheduling exercises.

BY PETER MONTAGNON, EUROMARKETS CORRESPONDENT

tary decided two weeks ago to host this special meeting of the secretive Group of Five (G5) in New York.
The G5 would otherwise have

been expected to meet informally in Secul, South Korea in the rup-up to the International Monetary Fund's annual con-ference next month. This is the normal occasion in which the world's most powerful economic statesmen meet to decide their agreed position on issues like the international economy, debt problems and the workings of

cent of exports of goods and services.

ing access to badly needed trade credit and investment capital.

It says that each of the three main prongs of the solution adopted since 1982 has failed to

fresh capital flows to the de-veloping world, must now be strengthened.

live np to expectations. All of these — a policy of restoring growth with lower interest rates in industrial countries, economic adjustment by debtors and efforts by the IMF to facilitate rates.

Top bank warns on debt crisis

DEST TO EXPORT RATIOS

drastic unilateral default by 28 per cent more from the debdebtors. This would only delay tors while Jepan bought 20 per further their chances of regain-cent less.

underlined by increasing fears that the Latin American debt crisis will come to the boil again, as Mexico and Brazil face increasing political difficulties in pushing through their IMF

promise of some more trade liberalisation by Japan and a slightly more expansionary economic policy in Europe seem weak remedies.

The fact that Mr Baker, called for a regular incention would be a received.

The fact that Mr Baker, called for a special meeting, well in advance of the IMF conference, suggests that he has become worried by the increasingly raucous cries for protectionist measures in the U.S. Congress and is auxious to emist international support quietening the clamour. He may also want to show Congress and the Presithe Fund.

The agenda could only be familiar: the need for the U.S. to make a renewed effort to cut its budget deficit.

This is seen by the Europeans as a sine qua non, since it is the key to a cutting of U.S. interest rates, their hopes for an orderly "correction" of the dollar, and a reduction of the U.S. trade deficit.

The urgency of this has been advance of the IMF conference, suggests that he has become a lot (£74 turn measures in the U.S. Congress and its auxious to enfiel interest international support quietening the clamour. He may also want to show Congress and the President that renewed afforts are needed to cut the budget deficit.

He may also have hoped to impress on France that the are-

and the UK should stand ready te make a further concerted effort to keep the dollar moving. downhill, as they did in

economy yielded next to nothing in terms of growth, helped drive the inflation rate above 1,000 per cent and led to recession. It is the drastic stabilisation programme put in place in June 1985 — harsh even by IMF standards — that holds out the promise of c sustainable recovery of economic growth in 1986-87."

covery of economic growth in 1886-67.

Turning to the IMF itself, the study notes that debtor countries are now having to repay funds advanced earlier. These repayments will climb to 56hn (£4.27hn) next year and almost 48hn in 1987, which means that few of the debtors cent less.

In the face of a U.S. slow-down, therefore, a first priority for industrial countries must be to take advantage of the present old levels of inflation to boost of economic growth so as to end to take advantage of the present study argues. If necessary, the IMF should borrow from today's surplus countries, particularly Japan, to provide extra flannce. "Only an IMF that is positioned to disburse meaningful amounts of finance will have the necessary clout." it says.

The U.S. must work towards a reduction of real interest exists. "There is little justification for 81 per cent Euro-eddilar deposit rates or long-term U.S. Treasury yields of almost 11 per cent." the study segments will climb to 56hn (£4.27hn) next year and almost 48hn in 1987, which means that few of the debtors have any financial incentive to seek further IMF help.

Access by debtors to IMF resources must be facreased, the further IMF help.

Access by debtors to IMF resources must be found to disburse meaningful amounts of finance will have the necessary clout." it says.

The World Bank should also strengthen its lending, particularly through broadly based structural adjustment loans Finally, ways must be found to persuade commercial hanks

risk that the generally downward track of the dollar since February would be reversed.

For Mrs Thetcher, who is "It is worth a try, At least if accustomed to think of the pound in terms of its dollar off."

In spite of the broad areas of uncertainty within the international economy — concerning exchange rates, divergences in interest rates, oil prices, and the level of the U.S. deficit — there is independent within

widespread agreement within the Community on the need to

let present arrangements take their course.

That was the general leid-hack conclusion of the latest informal gettogether of the ten Finance Ministers, joined by their colleagues from Spain and Paringal, in Luxembourg this weekend.

Incembeurg this weekend.

The gathering clouds of the international economic scene failed to rast a shadow ever the museasonably snony meeting, which was equally untained by any of the dectrinal or budgetary disputes of the

national trade, were raised in the talks. But radical solu-tions were not in prospect.

countries agree that current management of the debt prob-lem is working. They want to

avoid panic reactions," accord

ing to one of the handful of officials in attendance.

Mr H. Omeo Ruding, the Dutch Figures Minister and current chairman of the IMF

Interim Committee, said the general conclusion was that major debt problems must continue to be dealt with on a country-by-country basis.

"These are financial prob-lems and not mainly political ones," he said. There was also agreement that the Fund and the World Bank should

"be given sufficient room to play their respective roles,"

and not be forced to act as a single large organisation.

groups.

nonnegement of a new round of negotiations under the General both sides of the Atlantic have lem. But she and other European (GATT) should be done to ably similar rates, to maintain easy to think in terms of the weaken the threat to world trade.

Another nowerful motive for easy to think in terms of the trade-off between domestic or European growth and U.S. Congressional pressure for trade

trade.

Another powerful motive for an early meeting may have spring from the fact that the dollar was rising for most of the early part of this month when Mr Baker was sending ont his invitations.

Everyone agrees, and this is a very wide "everyone"—that the U.S. dollar will need to fall a lot further if the U.S. \$100hn (£74.6bn) trade deficit is to be turned round into something like a balance.

The U.S. Treasury Secretary may well be anxious that the other four major powers—Japan, West Germany, France and the UK should stand ready te enake a further concerted.

The important cheverents where helped to shift appears to have the early from appears of the follar since the early from appears of the trade the servicious.

The European growth and U.S. Contrade the early from the dollar since the early from the dollar show a grestictions.

The Los face strongly to Mr Baker that they cannot be responsible for solving the problems caused by U.S. fiscal imprudence.

But the fact that the trade of the powers and Japan appears of the west that the trade to grestic ting appears of the sample of the strongly to



Mrs Thatcher . . . Congress

### Community Latin American rejects leaders plan global UN campaign solution

FINANCE MINISTERS of the KEC have set their sights firmly against any global solutions to current international debt problems, or any carry moves towards international monetary reforms to dampen the floringtons in exchange the floctuations in exchange

motion when Latin American territory.

PLANS BY Latin American leaders met in Lima at the end leaders to launch a campaign of July for the inauguration to publicise the problems of of Sr Garcia. Since then the debt from the platform of the Mexicans have become increasingly concerned about the atti-

debt from the platform of the United Nations General Assembly this week have been both complicated and dramabited by the Mexican earthquake.

President Miguel de la Madrid of Mexico was due to give the keynote speech on September 24 but he is now understood to have cancelled his plans as a result of the earthquakes.

Instead, the banner will be taken up first by the Brazilian been insisting that debt service be limited to 10 per cent of a nation's export earnings.

This relatively co-ordinated approach to highlight the problem of the region's \$360bn (£2685n) debt has also led to reports of an informal meeting that of Perp, Sr Alan Garcia.

dent of Peru. Sr Alan Garcia. and bankers at the UN in New The initiative was set in York—regarded as neutral

# Sarney expected to defend need for economic growth

BY ANDREW WHITLEY IN RIO DE JANEIRO

Brazil is expected to make an gramme, Brazil has inspected that impossioned, Agricuoge of the irs commitment to a growth of need for economic growth is of the decade cannot be comperant the recently restored permit the recently restored democracy in Latin America to take root, at today's opening session of the UN's General

Inevitably, the prespects for slower world economic growth, and the growing danger of pretectionism affecting inter-Assembly. Brazilian office since last March, is likely to argue that any growth rate below 5 per cent could engen-der political instability, bearing

in mind his country's birth rate of over 2.5 per cent. In its preliminary discussions with the International Monetary

PRESIDENT Jose Sarney of Fund, on a new adjustment pro-

Over the weekend a senior finance ministry official strongly criticised the IMF's traditional approach to dealing with the "completely inadequate."

recently appointed as economic advisor to Sr Dilson Funaro, the new Finance Minister, said the recipe provided so far by the Fund bad not obtained any

### Increase in non-Opec production **forecast** By Dominic Lawson

OIL production from countries outside the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries is set to increase over the next few years, putting further presset to meeting further pressure on Opec's revenues and unity, according to a major report by Petroconsultants, the Houston-based oil consultancy.

The report estimetes that on the assumption of a constant \$25 e barrel oil price, non-Opec production will peak at 38.7m barrels of oil e day in 1988.

This compares with last year's production by non-Opec countries of 36.9m h/d, itself e record.

tries of 36.9m h/d, Itself e record.

Since the first oil price shock in 1973 non-Opec output bad increased by 12.3m b/d, as producers such as Britain and Norway took edvantage of the high oil prices imposed by Opec.

To maintain high prices Opec has been forced to halve its output to its current level of only 15m b/d. Saudi Arabia has seen its production decline from 9.6m b/d in only five years.

The Kingdom is to seli its oil outside the official Opec price structure next month for the first time to prevent its exports dwindling still further.

The Petroconsultant's report, hased on an analysis of 8,000

based on an analysis of 8.000 oilfields worldwide, shows that the pressure on Opec is set to incresse still further over the

emish

Hest

METORO!

incresse still further over the next few years.

However, the report forecasts a decline in non-Opec production after 1988, mainly because of an Inexorable fall in UK North Sea output,

The decrease in non-Opec production over the 1988-1995 period will be "only 3.9m b/d" says the report, but by the end of that period non-Opec output will be declining at an annual rate of 2.1 per cent.

In the event of e price collapse to \$18 a barrel, the report predicts that non-Opec production would rise rapidly to a peak of 39m b/d in 1987, and then decline speedily to only

then decline speedily to only 30.7m b/d in 1905. The reason given is that Mexico would be forced to in-

crease production significantly to compensate for falling ex-port revenues.

port revenues.

Petroconsultants points out that while overall non-Opec production will decline over the 1985-1995 period, big increases in some areas will occur.

Declines are expected in North America, Europe and Far East, and the Eastern bloc. Particularly in the 1985-1990 period, large declines in the

period, large declines in the U.S. and the UK will be more than offset by increased output by Brazil. Columbia. Norway,

Syria and India.
Workhyide non-Opec crude oil production—an analysis of long term crude oil supply to 1995. Petroconsultants Inc. 2 Houston Center, P-S30, Houston, Texas, 77010 USA, Price: \$15,000.

# Own land in the great American West

is a strengthening of the present co-operative approach. In particular, the debtor countries themselves must put a modify prices is of particular and common edjustment.

The study, which is to be published in the bank's magazine World Financial Markets, discounts from the outset the possibility of any grandlose schemes for debt relief on a world scale, let alone a more state of the tempt of the present co-operative approach. The outlook for world economic most 11 per cent, the study most 11 per cent, the study structural adjustment loans. For their part debtors must to continue leading. Here an flation to create a stable ending options to lead in home tries of the tempt of the fight against inflation to create a stable ending options to lead in home tries the booming U.S., which bought the preceding of the term U.S. Treasury yields of all arriy through broadly based structural adjustment loans. For their part debtors must to continue leading, there are innovate approach is need in the preceding options to lead in home tries themselves must be found to create a stable ending and investment.

Complacency in fighting in flation is foolhardy," it says, flation is foolhardy," it says, the continue leading options to lead in the countries of the term U.S. Treasury yields of all most 11 per cent, the study structural adjustment loans from the study says.

For their part debtors must to concern. Exports of the term u.S. Treasury yields of all most 11 per cent, the study structural adjustment loans from the study says.

For their part debtors must to content a step up the fight against in flation to create a stable ending options to lead in home currencies, commercial banks to continue leading. Here an innovate approach is need in the flation to create a stable ending options to lead in the percent and investment.

Complacency in fighting in the flation is foolhardy," it says, the flation is foolhardy," it says, the flation is foolhardy, it is says, the flation is foolhardy, it is says, the flation is foolhardy, it is a

America. More than two hundred years old and still waiting for heavy people to claim their share of it. For themselves and for the fattre of their families. Imagine one of the most beautiful landscapes in the world and what it could mean to have part of it was your purish

hat more perfect way to stake your claim than by purchasing five glorious acres in the Colorado Rockies for yourself and those you love. At Sangre de Cristo Ranches you can still own a sizable piece of America at a very modest cost and on easy credit terms. This is scenic land in one of the fastest-growing states in the USA, a piece of the unspoiled, romantic old Southwest.

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single large organisation.
Discussions on international monetary reforms at the forthcoming IMF Interim Committee meeting, before the annual meeting of the Fund in Seoul, would still be preliminary discussions, he said.
However it was unanimously agreed that any further work on possible reforms should be carried out by the executive board of the Fund, and not by new ad boe To adpertise 'phone: 01-248 5284 DIAME STEWARD Fund, and not by new ad boc

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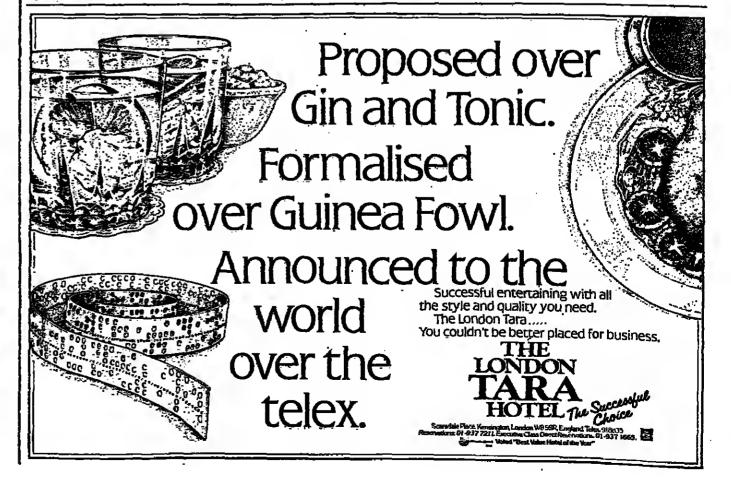
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David Gardner reports from Mexico City on the devastation caused by the earthquakes

Heart of a city reduced to rubble

arrived with five fire-fighting hellcopters, "Bambi Buckets"

pilot industrial town of Lazaro Cardenas, hut a clear picture of

damage to the Pacific coast and

resorts such as Acapulco and Zihnatanejo bas yet to emerge

because of communications

mobilised the army and police, supplemented by tens of thousands of volunteers. The

thousands of volunteers. The 17m inhabitants of this normally anarchic city once again unleashed a wave of moving solidarity, as they did when a gas plant operated by Pemex, the state oil monopoly, explosed in Mexico City last November billing at least 500.

November, killing at least 500

The Government's estimates

Government

"THE worst earthquake since Tenochtitlan," said one paper, groping back four and a half centuries to the destruction of the Aztec capital, in search of something against which to measure the devastation caused by last week's quake.

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tion

6.00 mm

11 ANY.

From the air Mexico City bears an uncanny resemblance to the Aztecs' island city, built in the middle of a lake, with little satelilte settlements near causeways linking the whole to the "mainland" of the valley of Mexico.

After last week's earthquake causeways of light cut a swathe through areas which were in pitch darkness except for hlazing fires. The main structural difference to the old A-tec town plan was a gaping black hole in the middle of the city.

This encompassed the central areas worst hit by the first quake, which struck at 7.18 am quake, which struck at 7.18 am local time on Thursday morning, with a force of 7.8 on the Richter scale. The capital's two main national health hospitals and n state funded cheap high-rise development in the Tlatelolco district, holding at least 2,000 people, were virtually obliterated.

Public buildings includion.

Public buildings, including Public bulldings, including the Attorney-General's office, the Trade and Industry Ministry, the headquarters of Nafinsa, the National Development Bank, and offices of the Labour, Tourism and Communications Ministries, were wholly or largely destroyed.

Major flows of international aid started to come in to Mexico over the weekend. Virtually all Latin American countries, the U.S., Canada, Europe and Japan, have started to pour in money, equipment, personnel and medicine. The Brazilian president, Sr Jose Sarney, personally accompanied an aid consignment from Brazil, writes David Gardner in Mexico\_City.

On Saturady afternoon a

areas around the national palace and Mexico City's main square, the Zocalo, look as though they have been saturation bombed.

At loast 20 central hotols were hadly damaged and six of them have practically vanished, adding to the gap-toothed look of much of the downtown area of the city. A six-floor office building opposite my apartment building, for example, was reduced in seconds to six feet of what can more accurately be described as dust than rubble.

described as dust than rubble. The central communications tower was burnt down, leaving not only Mexico City but the rest of the country incommunicade. Inexplicably, even allowing for the obsessive centralism of Mexico's rulers, there appears to be no back-up system against precisely such an eventuality. Mexico suffered major earthquakes in 1911, 1937, 1957 and 1973, and according to local goologists receives around Imearth-tremors a years from the Pacific quake zone. munications Ministries, were wholly or largely destroyed.

In six central neighbourhoods, roughly between a third and e quarter of buildings have been reduced to rubble. Many colonial and working class quakes in 1911, 1937, 1957 and 1973, and according to local goologists receives around 1m epoint the Pacific quake zone.

The epicentre of this quake was 350km south east of the

which are attached to heli-copters for spraying and dog and handler teams trained to find people huried in rubble. Mr John Gavin, Washing-ton's controversial Ambassador, on Saturday appopped that Mrs Nancy Reagan would urive this week to express
U.S. sympathy with the
Mexican people, Though unwilling to place a figure on the

dollars." The Bank of Mexico's national reconstruction fund will be divided into three beginning with hospital followed by schools and state housing for what will surely be hundreds of thousands of Mexico City's 17m inhabitants made homeless by the quakes. capital off the Pacific coast of Michoacan. It laid waste to tho

whether the U.S. would be contributing to them, he said:

"We are talking about bundreds of millions of

of the death and destruction fall far short of what is visible to the naked eye. In the schools, hospitals,

hotels and Tlatelolco flats alone, over 5,000 may have died. At the same time, relief workers constantly stress their need for heavy earth-moving machinery and oxygen supplies, of which the army simply does not have enough.

Although the shock poth of the quake looks as arbitrary as the trails that bomh blasts sometimes take, leaving some buildings intact and hitting others, there is a partial pattern to the destruction. Public buildings have fared particularly badly, appearing to give substance to decades of

give substance to decades of allegations that many of them were poorly built by private contractors in collusion with corrupt officials whose rake-off came. ultimatoly, from the building's budget.

Another question being saked came many concerns the people.

Officials have nevertholess been understating the extent of the destruction. They stress that the Government is fully prepared to deal with the disaster, and, somewhat irrelevantly, that national security has been safeguarded as the Interior Minister put it on Thursday night.

o-soil is profoundly unstable bul drainage of the lake, in part to provide the city with water, has left parts of the valley more vulnerable to seismological shifts than others.

The sort of question now heing asked, therefore, is why a central cinema complex, demolished by Thursday's quake, was granted planning permission on exactly the same site where an earlier cioema went down in the 1957 earthquake.

Sr Fernando Perez Correa the deputy Interior Minister has firmly denied that the level of damage had anything to do with building standards in the public sector.

Furthermore, he argued, pub-lic buildings and government offices tended to be concentrated in the badly bit centre of

Nevertheless, the hospitals, most of the schools and, for example, the virtually demol-ished Trade and Industry Minis try and Attorney General's office are of rolatively recent construction. Some press commentary here has therefore revived the frequent allogations that many public buildings were poorly constructed by private contractors, in collusion with corrupt officials whose commission may have come out of the buildings budget.

But of most immediate con-cern is Mexico's need for outside relief aid. Strapped with a \$96bn (£73.8bn) foreign debt and still to emorge from the worst economic crisis for half asked once more concerns the country it is unconceivable foundations of the city itself.

Built on the original lake, as Tenochtitlan was, Mexico City's of troops

By Our Johannesburg

SOUTH AFRICA yesterday announced the safe with-drawal lo hase of all the 480 troops involved in its week-long cross-border raid against Swape (South West African People's Organisation) guer-rillas in Angola. Meanwhile Dr Jonas Savimbi, leader of the South African-backed Unita movement, accused the Soviet Union of masterminding a major offensive against

Unita.

General George Meiring, chief of the South West Africa Territorial Force (Swatf) said that 15 Swapo guerrillas had been killed in nine clashes while 49 were captured and four ammunition dumps containing mines, guns, ammunition and other equipment had been located equipment had been located and seized.

General Meiring said the operation had been restricted to an area near Nehome and Evadale about 100 kms inside Angola

Dr Savimbl to'l local and foreign newsmen who flew into Unita headquarters at Jamba, north of the Caprivi strip which separates Bots-wana and Namibla from Angola. That Soviet person-nel were "directing artillery, driving tanks and armoured cars and fiving helicopters in the current Angolan attack against Unita forces.

Page 6, import surges

# Withdrawal S. African opposition from Angola groups launch alliance 'completed' to fight apartheid

the weekend to launch a "convention alliance."

The group is dedicated to promoting the idea of a national convention at which all the actors in the South African drama should sit down to hammer out a democratic and multi-racial constitution.

The alliance, brain-child of Dr Frederick van Zyl Slabbert leader of the white opposition Progressive Federal Parly (PFP) and Chief Gatsha Buthelezi, leader of the 1m strong Inkatha movement, reflects mounting concern at the erosion of the middle ground in South African politics and the growing polarisation which has accompanied a year of violence and repression exacerbated by the deep economic recession.

A 10-man multi-racial steering committee headed by Mr
Jules Browde, a Johannesburg
senior councillor, has been
formed to set up the alliance
whose objectives are "to bring
about by non-violent means and
and not as their political play. about by non-violent means and in the shortest time possible the complete dismantling of anartheid and the negotiation through the convention of one constitution based on one citizenship in one country."

Chief Buthelezi said the aim of the convention was to create

OVER 150 South African poli- dent Botha and the widest posticians, business leaders, acadesible spread of political leaders, mics, lawyers and civil rights including the banned African activists gathered together over National Congress and the right wing Conscrvative Party, to come together around a table to

negotiate the future. Both the National Party Government and the ANC in exile have dismissed the con-

President Botha last week re-affirmed the Government's refusal to negotiate with the ANC until It forswears violence. The ANC has stated that it is only prepared to discuss the repjlacement of the present system by one man, one vote in a unitary state. This would mean black majority rule.

This weekend's preparatory meeting took place in the absence of any representative from the United Democratic Front or the black conscious. ness Azapo movement. Bishop mond Tutu also declined to

Both stress that any future decision to calt such a convention would have to be taken by the Government, but recent months have seen growing links between the two organisa-

The PFP sent a top level delea groundswell of opinion which gation to the Inkatha congress would put pressure on Prest- in Uluodi three months ago.

### Spanish vessels attacked off Western Sahara coast

CONFUSION GREW yesterday over an incident off the coast of Moroccan controlled Western Sahara over the weekend in which a Spanish fishing vessel and a navy patrol boat that went to its rescue were attacked from the shore.

One seaman was killed, two others wounded, and the seven crew members of the fishing were missing and ed to have been

The Polisario front, which is fighting for independence of the one time Spanish territory, yesterday denied responsibility and hlamed Morocco.

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Earlier, both the Moroccan authorities and the Front's re-presentatives in Algiers had refused to comment on the

The patrol vessel Tagomago, alerted by another vessel, found the fishing boat Junkito hurnt out, with nobody aboard and reportedly without its liferafts: It was then shelled from the shore. The Junkito, which was based in the Canaries and had evidently been fishing well within the 12-mile coastal zone,

later sank. The Spanish Foreign Ministry decribed the incidents on Friday night and Saturday morning.

25 "extremely serious" and warred: of "political conse-

Since Spain handed the terri-tory over to Morocco and Manritania 10 years ago, numerous Spanish fishing boats have been attacked by the Poli-sarlo, which claims rights over the coastal waters. The attacks threaten the

already tenuous relations between the Polisario and the Spanish Socialists Despite previous support for sentatives of the territory's inhabitants, the Socialist Government has neither recognised the Republic declared by the Front nor given the Front iplomatic status. It has meanwhile cultivated

its links with Rabat.

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# Top Reagan aide hopeful of arms control deal

BY REGINALD DALE, U.S. EDITOR, IN WASHINGTON

THE U.S. and the Soviet Union deterred by Moscow's refusal to have "very good prospects" of negotiate until Mr Reagan raching some kind of arms agrees to scale back his Star mining year. Mr Robert gramme. The Soviet Union bad defartance, President Ronald changed its position in the past resident reliable to the property of the prosperior of the prosper dvisor, said yesterday.

Mr McFarlane's unusually U.S. had no choice, but to proceed with Star Wars research and testing in the light of the warned against raising false massive range of offensive weapons that the Soviet Union valued to deploy in the next mr McFarlane's unusually retimistic forecast, came a day after Mr Reagan had again varned against raising false topes" in advance of his ammit meeting with Mr dikhail Gorbachev, the Soviet ander, norths

Taken together the two catements suggested that the administration is not expecting the November summit to promee a detailed arms control will lay the foundations for ubsequent negotiations by

principles. Mr McFarlane sald on ABC elevision that there were extrain "fundamentals" that oth sides could accept. These were the need for some form of reategic defence, in which isoscow had an "enormous neetment" and tho need for chections in offensive nuclear the size of the weapons. The aim was to find the right mix between offenwe and defensive weapons. with a Mr MacFarlane was not agreements.

Meanwhile, he insisted, tho

weapons that the soviet Union planned to deploy in the next few years. The offensivo balance would be come very unstable "within this decade" if Moscow went ahead with deploying weapons that the U.S. could not find or count, he

Mr McFarlane hinted at a major conciliatory gesture by Washington before the summit. He suggested that the Administration might not publish a report on Soviet compliance with past arms control treaties. due by November 15, four days before the summit is due to

Hardliners in the Administration have been relying on the report to belp torpedo the arms control process by demonstrating that Moscow cannot be trusted to comply with arms limitation

### Swiss voters reject plan to guarantee venture loans

The Innovation Risk Guarane (IRG) adopted by the overnment would have prorded SwFr 100m (£3L3m) ever the next 10 years to back ans for setting up new com-

But in the referendum, 56.8 or cent of the voters rejected

: the four parties represented the country's 4m voters

WISS voters yesterday threw in the Cabinet voted against it ont o government plan to back at party congresses in the run-lew business ventures with loan up to this weekend's polking.

Mr Kurt Furgler, Economy Minister and Federal President, had argued strongly in favour of the plan as o way of closing the technology gap with other countries and of creating secure jobs for the future. But opponents contonded it was an undesirable intervention by the Government in the workings of

froe enterprise. in the vertex repeated in the law shorted by a majority of 54.7 per cent in favour of the law shorted by a favour of the law Although the plan had been parliament a year ago. The tified by the Government two turnout was 40.5 per cent of

### Rockets batter port of Tripoli

THE nerthern Lebanese port of Tripoli took a heavy of Tripoli toek a heavy battering yesterday in the eight-day-old war between Syrian-backed militiamen and Sumi Mostem fundamentalist groups that has left over 140 people dead, 416 wounded and 200,000 people homeless.

Rockets and shells crashed inte densely populated neigh-bourhoods of Tripoli's downbourhoods of Tripoli's down-town area and the arrival of a Syrian military dolegation failed to halt the fighting. At least 200,000 of the town's population of 790,000 fied at first light, plling their belongings into ears and driving late the countryside.

The Syrian-affiliated Arab Democratic Party, which has been battling with the funda-mentalist Islamic Unification Movement for control of Tripoil and its Mina Harbour, en Saturday warned ships anchored off the coast te leave. When they failed to do so, fighters of the Arah Democratic Party shelled the port hitting two of the vessels.

The pretext was that Palestine Liberation Oragni-sation leader Mr Yassir Aratat was sending arms shipments and guerrillas to his former stronghold as part of efforts to undermine Syrian influence in Lebanon.

Tripoli's water supply was cut off, electricity rationed and shops remained closed as residents buddled in base-ments and makeshift shelters.

ments and makesmit sneiters.

Residents who managed to reach Beirut said this was the worst fighting Tripoil had seen since December 1983, when Syrian-supported Palestinian dissidents drove Mr Arafat and his loyalists out from the Baddawi and Nahral Bared refugee camps. al Bared refugee camps. Sawt at Tawheed, the radio

station of Sheikh Saced Chas-ban's Islamic Unification Movement, described the offensive against quarters it centrols as "savage and harbarke." Tripoli experienced its "most borrife night and its hardest times," the radio station said. station said.

Lebanese Prime Minister Mr Rashid Karami flew by helicopter to his home town of Tripoli over the weekend in his latest bid to bring the fighting there to an end.

# Israel attacks UK over PLO talks

ISRAEL accused Britain yesterday of having seriously damaged the prospects for peace in the Middle East by inviting twe leading Palestinians for talks in London next month.

Mr Yitzak Shamir, the Fereign Minister, who in 1879 voted against the peace treaty with Egypt, said in Tel Aviv with Egypt, said in Tel Aviv with at the British action had "struck a heavy blow to the chances fer peace in the Middle East and strengthened the ferces of vielence."

Mr Shamir said that he would

Mr Shamir said that he would he expressing Israel's attitude to Sir Geoffrey Howe, the British Fereign Secretary, in New York later this week.

The British decision to invite twe members of the Palestine Liberation Organisation executive committee to London as part of a joint Jerdanian-Palestinian delegation was announced on Friday by Mrs. Margaret Thatcher at the con-



face to face with

part of a loist JerdanianPalestinian delegation was amnounced on Friday by Mrs Margaret Thatcher at the conclusion of a five-day visit to Egypt and Jordan.

The British invitation does not amount to formal recognition of the PLO but when tho joint delegation meets Sir Geoffrey Howe it will be the first contact a Cabinet Minister will suffer o further blow if of Jordan and Egypt agree of Draking the practical product of the PLO but when tho joint delegation meets Sir Geoffrey Howe it will be the that U.S. infleence in the region andons listael.

President Reagan decides against sanctioning a meeting with a Jerdanian-Palestinian delegation and is anxious to protect Britain's interests.

There are also indications that the Prime Minister is persuaded of the need to offer a mere bopeful future for the Palestinians who have been living under Israeli occupation

The need for emphatic Western support for King Hussein's peace initiative was again underlined yesterday when Syria spelled out its determination to wreck the process. Mr Abdel-Halim Khaddam, the Syrian vice-president, said in Damascus that his Govorrement was determined to foil the ing under Israeli occupation

Amman agreement signed in that the Prime Minister is per-suaded of the need to offer a mere bopeful future for the Palestinlans who have been liv-ing under Israeli occupation since the 1967 war. While Mrs Thatcher has in no way changed her fundamental support for Israel she has become far more critical of its Government's critical of its Government's attitude towards the occupied

attitude towards the occupied torritories.

Reaction in Washington to Mrs Thatcher's sharp shift in policy has been mined. President Reagan is to meet President Hosni Mubarak of Egypt this week followed by probably critical talks with King Hussein of Jurden on Sentember 20. of Jordan on September 30. The U.S. will certainly not

agree to meet PLO executive members. It is looking fer other members. It is looking fer other Palestinians who are not closely associated with the PLO and whose presence in a delegation could net be interpreted as breaking its pledge not to talk to that organisation until it abandons violence and recognises

Amman agreement signed in February between King Hussein and Mr Yasir Arafat, chairman of the PLO, which constitutes tha basis of peace efforts.

The Syrian statement puts inte context the reconciliation talks between Damascus and Amman which were beld in Sandi Arabia last week. Syria is demanding that King Hussem drops his peace plan, if those talks are to proceed further.

Mrs Thatcher may also have learned in Amman of the doubts of many Jordanians about the wisdom of the King pressing ahead without greater evidence of international support. Should the U.S. decido that it cannot accept the list of Palestinian names put forward by King Hussein, there would be strong pressure in Amman for an im-mediate change in Jordanian

China fills

Communist

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Peking. Sixty-four of the new faces.

Uganda rebels retreat

Ugandan Government troops

have retaken the key Owens

### **Border** opens for 65 Korean families

TEARS streamed down the face of Mr Sub Hyong-Sok as ho leaned forward and shouted into the ear of bis deaf mother. "Mother, you must recognise me! I am your oldest son!" His mother Yu Myo-Sul, 83 years old, seemed only dimly aware of what was taking place, but before long she too began to cry.

Mr Suh, a North Korean col-Mr Suh, a North Korean col-lege teacher, saw his mother in Scoul on Saturday after a 35 year separation. He was a mem-ber of one of the 65 families that took part in reunions in Scoul and Pyongyang. It was the first time since the Korean War that ordinary citizens were allowed across the border between the two Koreas.

Saturday's reunions were the first meager results of 15 years of offorts by the Red Cross societies of North and South Korea to bring families to-gether. About 10m people ore believed to have relatives trap-ped on the other side of the border.

In the 1970s a sories of negotiations failed when the North-South Red Cross meeting became emrolled in angry pol-itical disputes. But this year the political will on both sides fin-ally matched the intense yearn-ing of the Korean people to move toward reuniting their homeland.

The ice was broken a year

China's negotiator with the 30xiot Union, the new air force commander and regional party bosses were among the winners vesterday when the Communist Party announced 91 promotions in the policy-making central committee, AP reports from Peking. ago when South Korea, in a surprise move, accepted a Nerth Korean offer of relief aid for flood victims in the South. As the result of an egreement reached last month, on Friday morning two delegations of 151 persons crossed the border at Pannujom and headed for tho with an average age of 50 and three-quarters of them college-educated, entered the party's capital cities of Seoul and Pyongyang. Each delegation in-cluded 50 persons hoping to meet relatives on the other side, 50 performing artists, 21 Red Cross personnel and 30 journcentral organ for the first time, while 27 were alternates pre-

while 27 were alternates pre-viously.

Among 35 altornates were four members of China's ethnic minorities, a Tibetan, Uighur.

Manchu and Korean, and recently appointed cabinet-level Politics intruded into Saturday morning's intensely private experience. In Seoul, the North Korean visitors seemed rather ministers. Appointments to the important polithuro are expected this week. eager to boast of their good life in the North, at least in front of the mobs of reporters who swarmed over them. Their southern relatives responded

One man told his sister that life in Pyongyang was much better than that in Seoul. His sister retorted: "How do you

know? You haven't been around the city."

In Seonl, negotiations over the itinerary were a non-stop tug-of-war with each event in doubt until it took place.

in locating relatives of 30 of the visiting North Koreans, and the North Korean Red Cross agreed on Thursday night that they would meet their relatives they would meet their relatives in a large open room at 9.30 the next morning. At 9.20 am, the North Koreans obruptly announced that only 15 would come down from their hotel rooms to meet their family.

Their relatives waited in vain until 11.00 before leaving the room disappointed. They were, bowever, able to meet their families on Sunday morning.

The South Koreans learned

families on Sunday morning.

The South Koreans learned that their family members would come south just days earlier. Many did not even suspect they had relatives in North Korea. An olderly farmer, Mr No Kang-Ho, when asked his thoughts upon learning just three days oarlier that be would meet his nepbew, said: "I bove never even met him. I don't know what to think."

One woman, who came from

went away.

# EEC finance ministers urge caution on fiscal reforms

BY QUENTIN PEEL IN BRUSSELS

first to see proposed amendments to the Treaty of Rome to expand the monetary capacity of the EEC, even if that meant delaying the timetable of the inter-governmental confernce on Community reforms.

They also gave a decidedly dusty first reception to plens for reducing the difference in indirect taxation rates, presented to them by Lord Cockfield, the European Commissioner responsible for the internal market.

The ministers debated EEC reform at their informal meeting in membourg.

They won an assurance from M Jacques Delors, president of the Eu-ropean Commission and a former French Finance Minister, that they

EEC finance ministers served no-tice at the weekend that they would monetary amendments to the Trea-not be stampeded into early mone-ty before those were submitted to political and not just technical.

tary and fiscal reforms, such as rapid harmonisation of tax rates or the conference.

That means proposed changes – cellor of the Exchequer, eaid: "it did such as strengthening the European Monetary System (EMS) and mind him that it was right at the expanding the role of the European beart of politics Lord Cockfield had argued that Currency Unit (Ecu) towards becoming a common currency - will bringing indirect taxation rates have to be presented after the Octo- such as value-added tax into a closber 15 deadline for other er band of perhaps 5 per cent maxi-

> The ministers have also instructed the governors of their respective central banks to submit their own reports on development of the Ecu form, several ministers argued and the EMS at the end of November - too late to be considered by heads of government at their De-

cember summit. The probable outcome of the fi- such as France and Italy. nance ministers' moves is that any nance ministers' moves is that any They also expressed unhappines monetary changes to the Treaty at the failure of the Italian Govern

mum divergence was an essenti requirement for a truly commo

strongly for compliance with the present treaty requirement for free movement of capital, impossible with exchange controls in countries

will remain vague and general com- ment to produce its promised dowill remain value and general commitments, and specific actions will mestic economic reforms, intended be left to the lengthy political barto accompany the devaluation of gaining in the Council of Ministers. - the Italian fire within the European
The ministers also left Lord CockMonetary System, carried out last field in no doubt that they regarded July.

### Three die as radio bomb explodes in New Delhi

The blast, which wounded another man, did not stop Mr

another man, did not stop Mr
Gandhi addressing big campaign
rallies in three Punjab towns
for the state's election next
Wednesday,
Police said the extremists
struck 24 bours after a police
round-up of nearly 500 suspects
in swoops on Sikh temples and
the bomes of army officers and
politicians in the capital, Punjab,
and Jammu and Kashmir states,
both bordering Pakistan,
Reports of beavy firing
between Indian and Pakistani
troops on their border in Jammu

troops on their border in Jamma and Kashmir, sdjoining Punjab, odded to tension for the poli which extremists have vowed to

which extremists have vowed to disrupt to back their campaign for a eeparate nation.

Mr S. K. Singh, New Delhi deputy police commissioner, said the rickshaw drivers died when they fiddled with the controls of one of three transistor radios they found in a black plastic bag about 200 yards from the

run television interrupted pro-grammes to warn New Delhi residants net to touch unattended objects like transis

state of Tamil Nadu have called
a general strike for tomorrow
to express solidarity with Sri
Lankan Tamils.
Air, train and bus services
are to be suspended for the day
of protest, called by leadors of
all political parties in the
southern state.

A TRANSISTOR RADIO bomb planted by Sikh extremists yesterday killed three Hindn rickshow drivors near New more powerful than similar transistor radio booby traps Delhi's main railway station on the last day of Prime Minister and north Indian states last Mr Rajiv Gandhi's olection visits to Punjab stato, Reuter reports.

Irom New Delhi.

station.

Mr Singh said the bombs were more powerful than similar transistor radio booby traps which went off in the capital and north Indian states last May, killing more than 80 people.

Minutes after the blast, state-Minutes after the blast, state

tor radios, briefcases and toys. Police reinforcements rushed to bus and train stations and New Dolhi airport to search for

New Dolhi airport to search for mere bombs.

On Saturday police raided about 40 New Delhi locations, including four Sikh temples, and detained more than 100 people. The raids coincided with similar swoops in tha Punjab holy city Amritsar, headquarters of the extremist movement, and Jammu, espital of Jammu and Kashmir stote.

Politicians in the Indian state of Tamil Nadu have called a general strike for tomorrow

### have retaken the key Owens Falls Bridge across the Nilo River at Jinja from rebei guerriflas, Travellers reaching Kampala said yesterday, Reuter reports from Kampala. Earlier travellers had said the bridge, over which much of land-locked Uganda's exports travel into Kenya and its Indian Ocean ports, was in the hands of the National Resistance Army (NRA), Uganda's main rebel

group.
Jinja, 50 miles east of
Kampala, also contains part of o hydro-electric power complex that supplies nearly all of Uganda's electricity.

Sudan tax change Sudan has abolished

Sudan has abolished the Islamic system of taxation introduced in 1983 by deposed President Jaafar Nimeiri and will revert to a conventional Western-style system, Acuad Abdul-Maguid, Finance Ministor sald yestorday, Reuter reports from Khartonm.

He said the transitional government would draft a tax law along the lines of the old 1971 system in the next few days.

Zia martial law pledge Pakistan's President Moham-mad Zia-Haq has promised that eight years of martial law will be ended by December 31 and

Pakistan's President Mohammad Zia-Haq has promised that eight years of martial law will be able to resume activity, Renter reports from Islamabad.

General Zia said martial law would be lifted regardless of whether the National Assembly passes a coetrovarsial bill which crities say amounts to a blanket pardon for past army rule.

think."

One woman, whe came from o remote mountain part of South Korea to meet ber younger brother, shook with fear as a North Korean television crew tried to interview her. She stared ahead and whispered: "I don't knew to the questions. Her shaking began to subside only well after her brother arrived, although the dazed look of terror never went away.

# Geneva conference calls for negotiations on N-test ban

BY WILLIAM DULLFORCE IN GENEVA

ain to resume negotiations oo a comprehensive nuclear test ban treaty this year

France and China, the two other nations with nuclear weapons which have not signed the NPT, were called on to join in negotiating the ban.

Conferences reviewing the functioning of the 15-year-old NPT in 1975 and 1980 failed to agree on a fihal declaration. This year's success was seen by many delegates as strengthening the treaty's authority and adding to the moral pressure on countries which have not signed the treaty to retrain from making

Argentina, Brazil, India, Israel, Pakistan and South Africa are thought to have developed the capacity to produce nuclear weapons.

The wording of the weekend's final document, agreed only after

NPT to negotiate nuclear disarma-

The declaration also omitted demands for a moratorium on testing and o freeze on the further production and deployment of nuclear

ment of the U.S. and British delegates that priority should be given to achieving "deep and verifiable" cuts in existing nuclear arsenals rather than to negotiating a test ban treaty.
Washington and London insist that effective means of verifying a test han still do not exist. This view-

point was challenged last week in a letter to countries attending the conference by 19 U.S. senators, headed by Mr Edward Kennedy, ex-pressing their belief that e test ban treaty could be achieved. Most delegations to the confer-

THE 86-NATION conference reviewing the nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty (NPT) has unanimously
adopted a final document calling on
the U.S., the Soviet Union and British

Soviet Union and British

Soviet Union and British

Light the resolutions tabled last week by
the neutral and non-aligned nations
ment will focus on the summit
meeting in Geneva on November 19
Soviet Union and Britain for not
between President Ronald Reagan
and Mr Mithail Gorbachev, the Soviet Union and British and Mr Mithail Mr M viet leader, and on the nuclear arms control talks between the two pow-ers which entered their third round in Geneva last week.

The NPT conference did agree on several measures to reinforce ac-tion against the spread of nuclear weapons and to promote peaceful uses of nuclear energy.

The possibility of extending the sophisticated system of safeguards operated by the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) to con-trol the manufacture and move-ment of nuclear materials is to be evaluated. The nuclear powers of-fered to accept more safeguards.

The IAEA is to set up o working group to examine ways of helping developing countries to make use of nuclear energy. The conference recommended the establishment of a fund to help to finance developing ence accept that in the immediate countries' nuclear programmes.

### Italy issues complaint to Malta

By Godfrey Grima in Valletta

FTALY has formally complained to Malta for expelling e young Italian politican and for banning Sig Flaminio Piccoli, president of Italy's ruling Christian Democratic Party, from addressing an opposition Nationalist Party rally over the weekend. Both incidents were the result of

Both incidents were the result of a decision by Mr Carmelo Missud Bonnici, Prime Minister, to use pro-visions in the island's controversial Foreign Interference Act which re-strict foreign politicians from ap-pearing at local political functions. Sig F. Gorla, leader of the European Christian Democratic Youth Movement, was picked up by the police on Thursday and expelled the next day. According to a government statement, Sig Gorla had not sought permission to visit Malta as a politician and had tacitly refused to give police an undertaking he

to give police an undertaking he would not involve himself in political cal events taking place over the weekend while the Nationalist Par ty was celebrating Malta's indepen-deoce from Britain 21 years ago.

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# Fine tuning of prices brings a coup for Airbus

AIRBUS INDUSTRIE bas pulled off one of the aircraft industry; most impressive coups with its success at the weekend in snatching from Boeing of the U.S. an Indian Airlines order worth up to \$1.6bn (£1.16bn).

The order is for delivery in 1989 of 19 of its 162-seat A-320 aircraft, which has yet to fly, fellowed by an option for another 12 in 1990.

another 12 in 1990.

The aircraft will be powered by two ongines from the new international aero engines consertium that includes Rolls Royce of the UK and Pratt and Whitney of the U.S., as well as ether European and Jspanese

A year age Boeing was celebrating winning the order for its 208 seat 757 aircraft against Airbus after months of nego-tiating and extensive price

Cutting.
It had just lost another order from Air India, the country's international carrier, to Airbus but there seemed to be politibut there seemed to be political logic in the two airlines going to different countries fer their aircraft. It was believed that the cheice was backed by Primo Minister Mr Rajiv Gandhi, a former Indian Airlines Breing 737 pilot, who is also Minister for Aviation.

Last year's order to Boeing was for 10 te 12 aircraft and the American company received a letter of intent and a \$800,000

A \$120m erder was subsequently promised to Rolls-Royce for its RB-211-535E4 engines. (Rolls defeated Pratt and Whitney which this year improved its offer to such an extent that it would almost certainly have wan the order away from Rolls if the Boeing deal had gone ahead.)

Te win the order, Boeing had reduced its sticker (or list) price from \$42m per aircraft at current prices to \$34m, including an estimated \$8m fer the airlines twin engines. The total erder was said te be about

But before the deal was it will bring to the country approved by India's Public Investment Board and the Cabinet, Airbus struck back and But it will not be ready until

The West German national airline Lufthansa has signed a contract fer the purchase of 22 Airbus aircraft and placed options on 28 others. The deal, signed late on Friday in Munich is werth \$1.3bn (£948m) Lufthansa said. ·Under the contract, the

offered its planned 162-seat A320. This is more of a direct competiter with the Boeing 757 than the existing A200-200 it was offered last year and is far mere attractive than both the other aircraft to India because

government-owned airline bought 15 Airbus A320 jets and placed eptions for 25 more of the same type. It also purchased seven Airbus A300-600 aircraft. Earlier this week, Luft-hanss signed a contract to buy 10 Boeing 7373-300s.

1989, so Airbus offered to arrange for the airline to lease arrange for the airline to lease aircraft was a more suitable up to a dozen Beeing 737-200s: size. It also offered te buy back and Airbus 300s (both of which all the 757s in 1992 and replace it already flies) at not cost to te tide it over its expected aircraft called the 777.

By this time Indian Airlines cent a year. This free leasing offered ferced the Government strategy and decided the go for to take the new bid seriously.

Under the deal now concluded

Boeing replied late last year that India would do better to buy proven 757s immediately rather than face the risk and hassle of absorbing untried technology and also argued its airtraft was a more suitable size. It also offered to buy back all the 757s in 1992 and replace them with a planned advanced aircraft called the 737.

By this time Indian Advances.

for next August.
The Seviet deal would be

the bill of up to \$50m for the leasing will be paid by Indian 12 aircraft up to a total order Airlines but will be refunded by Airbus through a cut in the price of each new airraft of million dellars per zircraft delivered.

Boeing replied late last year that India would do better to

In a final bid to upset Airbus's astendancy. Boeing last mosth made a new offer for its existing and smaller 138-seat 737-300 at about \$20-25m each at current prices, it claimed this would save the airline \$40m in fuel costs over the airline \$40m in fuel costs over the aircraft it would be leasing via Airbus up to 1989. Finally, and un-successfully, it last week suggested a mixed Airbus-Boeing

After weeks of haggling and fine tuning of prices, other con-cessions and delivery dates, Indian Airlines now estimates that Airbus has beaten Boeing by about Rupees 2hn (fil2im) over the Riegne of the \$1.6bn (fil16bn) project. Air-bus claims an overall saving of airliners need replacing. per cent per passenger

# S. Africa expects to raise R400m from surcharge on imports

BY ANTHONY ROBINSON IN JOHANNESBURG

in the final year. It estimated this would save the airline \$50m overall.

But Airbus popularity continued to grow and the European company also extended its offer fass. 15-25 strength to 19 plus 12 options (being about 45 sents smaller this. The Boeing, more aircraft are needed). The price it says it quoted was about \$37m at 1938 prices, which roughly equals \$31m to \$32m at current prices.

By ANTHONY ROBINSON IN JOHANNESBURG

a 10 per cent import surcharge in the bank rate to 15 per cent by the reserve bank and a similar reduction in commercial sent today, following last Friday's cent, effective from October 7. In a move to help stimulate demand in the depressed auto secter, minimum hire purchase deposits have been lowered from 20 to 10 per cent while those on commercial vehicles have been reduced from 30 to next six months.

The a final year. It estimated this would save the airline which will affect an estimated by the reserve bank and a similar reduction in commercial bank prime rates to 18.5 per cent, effective from October 7. In a move to help stimulate demand in the depressed auto secter, minimum hire purchase deposits have been lowered from 20 to 10 per cent while those on commercial vehicles have been reduced from 30 to per cent.

The a final year. It estimated to 15 per cent imports surcharge in the bank rate to 15 per cent by the reserve bank and a similar reduction in commercial bank prime rates to 18.5 per cent, effective from October 7. In a move to help stimulate demand in the depressed auto secter, minimum hire purchase from 20 to 10 per cent while the price it says it quoted was about \$37m at 1938 prices, which roughly equals \$31m to \$32m at current prices.

The a final final final from the final fi

The surcharge is expected to the Government's broader further depress import demand already reduced as a result of the domestic recession and the domestic recession and the mer which increases demestic

Anneuncement of the refla-tionary package was accom-of a shift towards a penied by a 1 per cent drop dependent economy.

ner which increases demestic employment with the minimum sharp deprecistion of the rand over the past year.

But the main purpose of the import surcharge is to raise announced in the context of a R900m reflationary package which will be spent on special employment creation projects and direct relief for the unemployed.

The Treasury bas earmarked R500m in addition to the R400m to be raised from the surcharge.

Anneuncement of the reflation in the balance of payments. The Government has announced its intention to inject a further R1bn into ungrading black housing and infrastructure over the next five years. Reducing the housing shortago in black areas and encouragement of black urbanisation are now seen as the most effective means of reducing political tension and raising employment and as part raising employment and as part of a shift towards a less import

# BAe in talks on £7bn Soviet deal

nology. But it will not be ready until

BRITISH AEROSPACE and BRITISH AEROSPACE and the Soviet Union have had talks about the possibility of producing the BAe advanced turboprop (ATP) airliner under licence in the Soviet Union, Lynton McLain writes.

Up to 1,000 aircraft, worth £7bn, could be involved, BAc said sectorday.

said yesterday.
The talks have been under vay in Moscow and England since the Farnborough air show last autumn. Soviet officials, approached BA<sub>6</sub> at the show for talks about the

airliner. Several meetings have taken place subsequently, with BAe represented by divisional directors from Woodford Manchester, where the ATP is being built. Further contacts were made at the Paris air show this summer an dthe dialogue con-

tinues. The talks bave been "very cordial and lavolved prospects for the complete production of the ATP under licence in the Soviet Union,"

BAe has had assistance

and advice from the Government in its talks with the Soviet Union. The Department of Trade and Industry has been involved and we have had no objection from the Government about our talks with the Soviet Union," the campany said. The ATP would give "no technological advantage to the Russians." it said.

The first 64-seat ATP is on the final assembly line at BAe's Woodford factory. Its maiden flight is scheduled and advice from the Govern-

the first major contract in-velving western civil air-craft in the Soviet Union since the end of the Second World War. The Soviet officials talking with BAe have not men-tioned the number of ATPs they would want to build. hut up te 1,000 Antonov AN-14 and AN-26 short hanl

### Committee rejects proposal for British export bank

BY CHRISTIAN TYLER, TRADE EDITOR

THE BRITISH Government has its loans would be insured by been advised that there is little Britain's Export Credits Guarandemand and no need for a special British expert bank. That is understood to be the conclusion of a committee by ministers; under the chairman-ship of Mr Rit Farrow, an assis-tan director of the Bank of

Ideas for an institution to deal exclusively in export finance have been around for some time. Several other developed countries have their own export-import banks, including the U.S. and Japan.

But clearing banks and most of the merchant banks in London were lukewarm about the idea, aroning that an export bank would be superfluous. They may also have been afraid that if such a bank should succeed it would be at their expense.

The most active promoter of the document Moreone Configure.

tha idea was Morgan Greufell, which maintained that an export bank could borrow at even finer rates than the commercial anks, because repayment of all

tee Department (ECGD).
It foresaw the need for a specialist in free market financing at a time when the subsidised lending system permitted by the Organisation for Economic Cooperation and

Development was proving no more attractive than commercial lending.

It also envisaged the bank routinely raising funds in the

Eurobond market and being able to overcome the technical problem of matching regular borrowing with erratic lending. The Fairow committee was set up last year by Mr Paul Channon, the UK Trade Minister, when he announced that the

implement would not be implementing the main recommendations of another government-appointed committee for reform of the ECGD.

Ministers are expected to announce their decision on the

Farrow committee's report in

Government would not be

### **EEC** imposes restrictions on imports of Turkish clothing

the autumn.

BY QUENTIN PEEL IN BRUSSELS

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THE European Commission is imposing strict limits on imports of clothing from Turkey, the largest external supplier of the EEC, following the breakdown in negotiations for voluntary restraint.

The new restrictions, effective from last Saturday, will hit imports of Tahirts, pullovers, trousers and shirts and bed linen.

Specific limits have also been drawn up for Turkish sales of underwear and dresses to the UK, socies and inderwear to West Germany and dresses to the Trance.

The action follows three abortive rounds of talks with Turkey amounted to 78 per cent of the total for the whole of 1984, and exports of shirts to 71 per cent.

SHIPPING REPORT

### Saudi stance on Opec lifts oil tanker market

FINANCIAL TIMES REPORTER

THE OIL tanker market has been encouraged by reports that Sandi Arabia plans to maintain its Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (Opec) quota, and there is some hope that inquiries for singapore at Worldscale Size of tankers will improve over the coming weeks, according to broker E. A. Gibson.

However, the level of inquiries for ULCCs (Uitra Large Crude Carriers) and VLCCs (Very Large Crude Carriers) and VLCCs (Very Large Crude Carriers) and vlcCs fair in the Nerth Sea with short-haul rates holding steady although rates for longer trips for a 236,000-tonner from the Gulf to Taiwan at Worldscale Size compared with 37; for a similar faxture the previous week.

World				licato	ors
U.S. Son	Exports	july 85	June 85	May 85	July
	Imports	17.412	17,438	17,414	19.1
	Balance	24.430	29,425	28,685	31.3
UK Din	Exports Imports Balance	-9.218 5.945 5.995 -0.050	11.987 6.081 6.498 0.477	-11.27T 6.407 6.194	-12.1 5.1 5.3
Japan Shn	Exports	15.279	14.447	+0.214	70.2
	Imports	10.480	9.431	14.432	14.8
	Balance	1-4.599	+3.016	11.065	11.6
W. Germany DMba	Exports	47.29	44.76	+3.367	+3.7
	Imports	41.13	38.30	46.16	40.
	Balance	+6.76	+6.40	39.17	36.
France Ffebr	Exports Imports Balance	74.30 78.10 —3.80	75.90 73.90 +1.99	+6.99 75.80. 77.00 1.20	+4.1 70.1 69.1 +0.1

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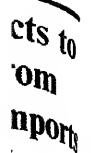
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We tell you this because we want to tell you something else.

useful new product.

designs they produced.

the right Brian Passmore.

have some ideas..."

We first met them at the National

"Excuse me," Stuart said, "but we are

Stuart and Brian, two electronic

very interested in your equipment and we

engineers running their own control

systems manufacturing company in South

Wales, pointed out that our frequency

inverters could be combined with other

components in an enclosure to create a

We liked what they said and the

Today we are doing business together.

Exhibition Centre over a year ago.

We pricked up our ears.

Mitsubishi Electric (UK) is a British

company meeting British needs. This financial year our turnover will

exceed £100 million. We supply products for consumers, for industrial systems,

for offices and shops, and even for other

high-technology manufacturers.

And we are terrific exporters. Last year our factory at Haddington,

On the left is Stuart Wood and on 20 miles from Edinburgh, where we make colour television sets, exported no less than 20% of its production to West Germany, Switzerland, Benelux, Portugal, France and Ireland.

These two told us what we could

do with our components.

This factory is now the town's major employer.

Then there is our newer factory pro-

ducing VCRs at Livingston. Here we employ 200 workers, nearly all of whom are recent school-leavers. Half of our 1984 production was exported and this year we're looking for that to increase

to 66% Not a bad record, is it, for a company that has existed in Britain for only eight

years? From our very first weeks in operation

we have pursued a three-part approach. To import what the British market wanted, as opposed to what we wanted to

import. To invest in manufacturing facilities which make economic sense and in British staff (currently over 95%) and in British

know-how. And to offer ourselves as partners in co-developments which are profitable to British businesses as big as British Telecom

International and as small as that run by Stuart and Brian, as well as to ourselves.

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radios to computers. We invite you to find out more by writing for our recently published report

on our activities. It's yours free for the asking. Just write to Steve Crowther, Mitsubishi Electric (UK) Ltd, Hertford Place, Maple Cross,

Rickmansworth, Herts, WD3 2BJ. Or alternatively, if you think we could do business together, give him a ring on

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Capezil on the High Seas

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food and wine from the Hamper People of Norfolk? You can choose

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### security changes BY ROBIN PAULEY MR NORMAN FOWLER, Social Services Secretary, yesterday gave the first sign that the Government might be prepared to how to pres-sure and revise some of its pro-posed changes to the social security benefit, perticularly those affecting pensioners, might be reconsidered, along with the proposal to give a lower level of income support ben-

Fowler hints at

amended social

Norman Fowler: 'Time to reconsider

view that the abolition of Serps was being "very gradually and generously phased" so that nobody's pension would be affected until the session. document), which is due next month, he said. It will be followed

Britain's 11m pensioners stand to lose substantially because of cuts in housing benefit and a proposed requirement that they all pay at least 20 per cent of their own rates.

Mr Fowler said these proposals, including a £500m cut in the £4bn housing benefit budget, were not "set in concrete" and there was still time to consider them.

He said his reviews were not just an exercise in cuts, but he repeatedly refused to guarantee that any savings from the reviews would be recycled within the £42hn a year so-"I think we will be able to meet cial security budget to give extra this point," Mr Fowler said. Problems like that were the reason for being handed to the Treasury to having a consultation process in help to pay for tax cuts.

# Pressure on exporters

BY MAX WILKINSON, ECONOMICS CORRESPONDENT

FURTHER EVIDENCE that export per cent said export order books order books are coming under pressure is shown in the Confederation of British Industry's (CBI) latest man of the CBI's economic situation

efit to the under 25s.

But Mr Fowler gave no sign of giving way to the avalanche of ob-jections to plans to sholish the state

earnings related pension scheme

mext century.

Many of the 8,000 responses to

Mr Fowler's green paper (discussion document) on social security

reform have pointed to the hard-ship which will result from giving the under 25s a lower level of bene-

Many of the country's poorest

families are those comprising young parents with young children.

Some 40 per cent of all children are

born to women under 25. All these families will be worse off unless the

roposals are changed.
"I think we will be able to meet

their export order books are below exchange raies. normal for the time of year.

export orders are normal, a balance of 13 per cent say that orders are tive position against overseas below normal. This is a significant rivals.

deterioration from the results in the spring, when a balance of about 6:

survey of manufacturers.

Its monthly trends inquiry of sign of the difficulties faced by ex1,650 companies shows that about a porters in the wake of high interest. third of the companies believe that rates, a stronger pound and volatile

"It is vital that employers keep a Although about half report that grip on pay increases if they are to avoid a worsening of their competi-

Leans drawback, Page 12

### Measures to toughen union law shelved

mion Act during the present parliament are receding rapidly. Lord Young, Employment Sec-retary, has told his senior offi-cials that he sees no need for in-ther trade union legislation in

This marks a significant change in priorities for the Goverroment and could have the way for a more relaxed relationship with the Trades Union Congress (TUC) ahead of the next general election which will take place be-

election which will take place before the spring of 1888.

Mr Turn King, Lord Young's
predecessor, said in June that he
was considering further trade
union legislation guaranteeing
every union member the right to
work despite a strike call, protection against the abuse of the
closed shop, proper management
of union funds and a decent
standard of internal democracy standard of internal democracy

Some of these reforms were insaw as specific almost what ministers saw as specific almost, such as the attempt by the minute union to discipling members who had refused to strike and the allegations of malpractice this year af-ter the initial ballot for the general secretary of the Transp and General Workers' Union.

In addition, the Government is committed to consultations about making strikes in essential services more difficult.

Ministera had never set out a imetable for this additional legislation, but the consultation on essential services had been expected in the autumn. This apsors now to be less likely and possis on the other me are expected to be even further

Ministers now believe that ex-leting trade union reforms are working well, as seen for instance in the recent vote against strike action by British Hail guards, and so the need for further legislation has strongly less-

A firm decision by ministers not to proceed with further union legislation would strengthen the bands of moderates within the TUC general council who believe that unious have come to terms with many of the reforms intro-duced by the Government.

UNION ISSUES 'DON'T STRIKE' CALL TO MEMBERS

# Threat of a large-scale Liverpool strike fades

BY NICK BUNKER AND DAVID THOMAS

THREATS of a large-scale stoppage by Liverpool City Council's workers lessened last night after regional of-ficials of the General, Municipal and Bollermakers' Union (GMBU) instructed 9,500 members working for the city not to strike.

A spokesman for the union's Liv-erpool regional council said yester-day: "Quite clearly the possibility of an all-out stoppage from Wednes-day has receded as a result of this instruction."

Liverpool's Joint Shop Stewards Committee called last week for in-dustrial action by 30,000 municipal employees to back Labour council-ions' demands for more cash from

the Government. Shop stewards called the strike after blockading Liverpool Town Hall and physically preventing councillors from voting to make re-dundant all 30,900 workers as a way

of staving off bankruptcy. The city's two largest council unions, the GMBU and Nalgo, the local government union, are hold-ing ballots at mass meetings today and tomorrow. Nalgo's 6,300 members are expected to throw out the

Even if there is only a small-scale strike, senior officials of the council expect services to be halted within days because no money will be left to pay wages after September 30.

Mr John Wheian, the GMBU regional secretary, sent letters with the instruction not to strike on Friday to leading GMBU shop stewards in Liverpool Council, who have been one of the most enthusiastic groups behind the strategy of con-fronting the Government. The letters were sent after a long discusunion's regional body.

The GMBU officials have taken this action because they are not sat-isfied that Liverpool's Labour leaders have answered a number of fi-nancial questions. The GMEU will be asking for further information on when exactly the councils money will run out and on how council

Union of Public Employees not to Support the strike. The would be extremely unwise to go into industrial of ballots by the 2,000 members of to halance the books, he said.

Government hopes that any strike in Liverpool will be poorly supported and of relatively short duration are clearly shared by key figures in the Labour Party, although this may not be easily detected in statements made by Labour MPs and party officials,

There is also a broad consensus, covering most of the political spectrum, that the decision by Mr David Steel, the Liberal leader, to visit Liverpool in the hope of finding a solution to the city's financial crisis has no realistic chance of success.

Mr Kenneth Baker, the Environment Secretary, is standing firm on his decision not to advance the £25m needed to keep Liverpool going to the spring. The Liverpool crisis is certain to lead to emergency resolutions at the Labour Party Conference which opens in Bournemouth on Sunday.

gency resummens at the Labour Farty Conference which opens in Hournessouth on Sunday.

Any call for a general strike aimed at forcing the Government to intervene and provide the money needed to keep Liverpool's ser-vices going in certain to be resisted by Mr Neil Kinnock, the Labour leader.

action without a united front," a the Transport and General Work-GMBU spokesman said. The union is to seek urgent diswan report back to Mr John Ed-monds, GMBU national officer for the public services and general sec-retary-elect. It is expected that this process will take about two weeks. Liverpool has been heading for facussions with council leaders and union Ucatt.
will report back to Mr John Ed-

Liverpool has been heading for fi
Liverpool has been heading for fi
Members of the 400-strong counnancial min since June, when Laproperty tax) increase of only 9 per cent. That left a deficit of more than

Mr Tony Byrne, the council's finance committee chairman, said strike call.
yesterday: "Whatever happens this Senior co week, we won't have enough money to last until the end of the year unless the council does things we are simply not prepared to do, such as sacking thousands of workers." It is understood that as yet senior

council officials and unions have only the sketchiest plans for maintsining essential services, including burial of the dead, refuse collection and residential homes, during a

strike or after bankruptcy. Mr David Hart, general secretary of the National Association of Head Teachers, has already written to employees who continue to carry the council saying that a barrister out emergency services will be paid.

The GMBU was also concerned by the destines of the teachers' teachers or keep schools open as required in the light by the destines of Public Produced and the light by the destines of Public Produced and the light by the lin

ers' Union, and by the 600-strong council brench of the building

bour councillors approved a £265m cil branch of the electricians' union, budget but voted for a rate (local the EETPU, voted two-to-one against striking on Friday. Officials of the National Union of Public Em-£100m after the council incurred ployees, with more that 2,000 mem-huge government penalties for bers, and of two teachers unions representing 5,000 staff, have no plans for a ballot after rejecting the

> Senior council officials are understood to be continuing their pressure on the Labour leadership to use borrowed money to pay for council house repairs worth £27m and at present charged to the revenue account.

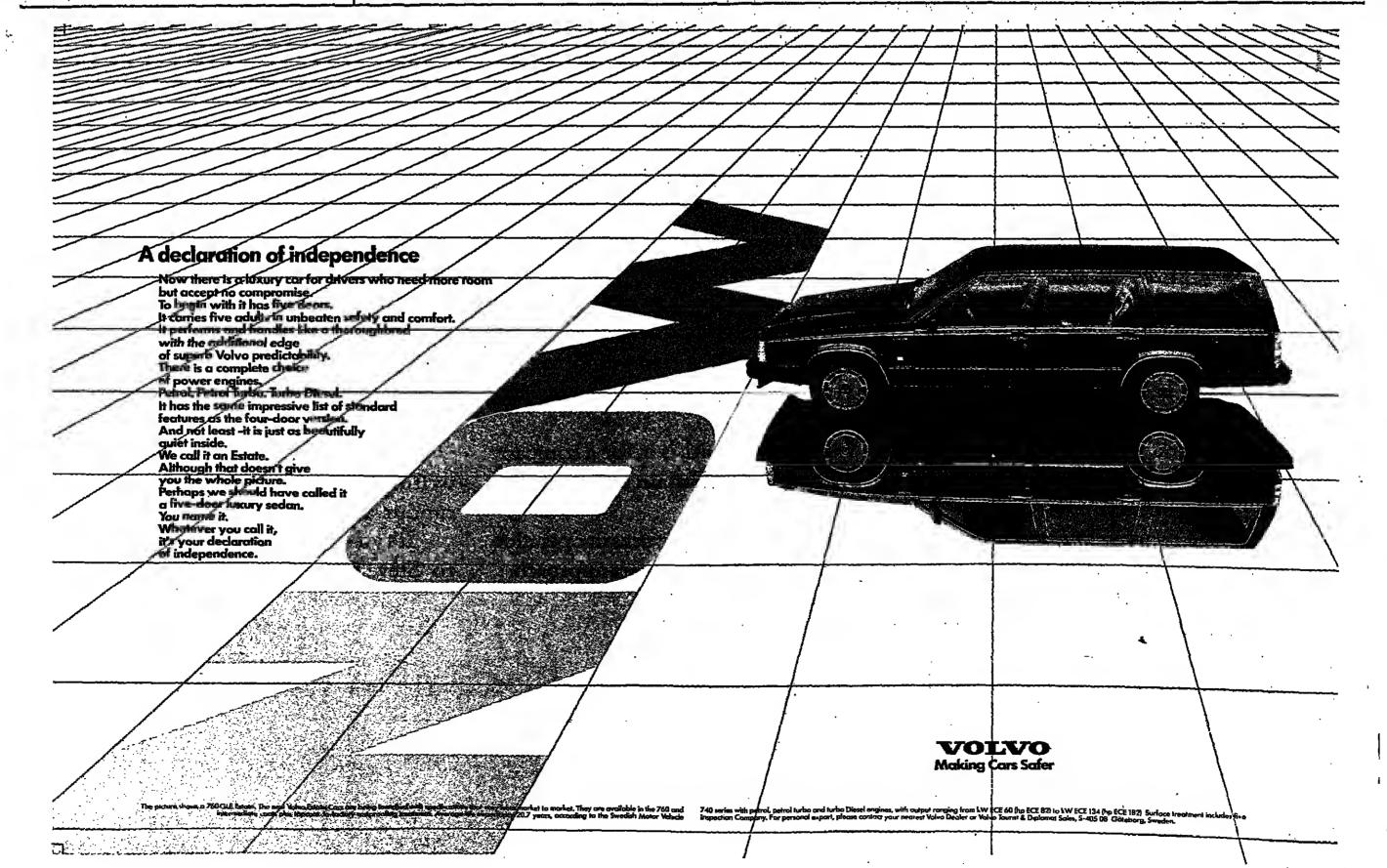
Mr Byrne has repeatedly rejected the move because, he claims, it would mean an end to the council's ambitious Urban Regeneration Strategy, which has built 3,600 new council homes since Labour took power in April 1983.

Mr Andy Pink, the council's campaign publicity officer, said: "If we raised the rates in order to defend jobs and services, it would require a rate rise of 120 per cent."

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The other option was to cut expenditure to £222m. It would mean eliminating 5,000 to 6,000 jobs just



### **UK NEWS**

### BUSINESSMAN'S DIARY UK TRADE FAIRS AND EXHIBITIONS

Current Harrogate Fashion Pair (01-637 (until September 25) Exhibition Centre September 29-October 1 September 20-October 1
British Footwear Fair (01-739
2071) Olympia

2071) October 6-18
Promotional and Incentive Merchandising Exhibition—PRIMEX
(0622 671081) Rensington Exhibition Centre

October 8-19 INTERNEPCON Conference and INTERNETON (01-891 5051) Exhibition (01-891 5051) Brighton October 8-11

Repro Workshop 85 — the London Printing Show (01-647 1001)
Olympia Technology Engineering Fair (01 891 5051) NEC, Birmingham

**OVERSEAS TRADE FAIRS** 

International Office Equipment Exhibition—SICOB (01-439 3964) (until September 27) Paris

International Exhibition of Foreign Technology and Equipment (01-486 1951) (until September 28) Chongoing, China September 24-27 September 276/ International Airport Construc-tion and Equipment Exhibition— INTER-AIRPORT (0727 63213)

September 27—October 6
International Toy Exhibition and
Fair—INTERPLAYEXPO (021
705 6707)
September 28-October 2
International Ladies' Ready-towear Clothing Exhibition (Paris
(1) 268-08-40)
October 16-19
International Industrial Exhibition Frankfurt

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mean 25 JUL

International Industrial Elec-tronics and Electro Techniques Trade Fair (01-977 4551) Vienna **BUSINESS CONFERENCES** 

September 25
BSI: Structural use of concrete
(01-629 9000)
Wembley Conference Centre

October 21-22
FT Conference: Electronic finan-October 1
Longman Seminars: Liability Insurance (01-242 4111)

Barbican Centre, EC2

Seminars for Secretaries: To improve" motivate and reward (01-736 0134) Cafe Royal, W1 October 2 Energy Efficiency Office: Energy efficiency in the paper industry (01-211 4973) Strand Palace Hotel October 8-9

Westrade Fairs: U.S. market opportunities—a seminar on transatlanlic direct investment and trade (0923 778311)

City of London October 10 James Morrell Associates:
Business forecasts for the motor
trades to 1990 including prices
and running costs (01-236 6950)
Bowater Conference Centre, SW1
October 19
Metal Bullatin Conference Metal Bulletin Conferences: EEC steel—back to a free market? (01-633 0525) Tara Hotel, W8 October 14-15

Euromoney Conferences: Export Finance (01-236 3288) Grosvener House Hotel Conference 16-17 FT Conference: Fourth retail banking conference—the econo-mies of financial services (01-621

in the 1990s

for unmanned satellites

commercialisation of space

October 11-13 National Franchise Exhibition (01-727 1939) Kensington Exhibi-Motorfair '85 (01-439 0875) Earls Court

October 21-25 International Business Show (01-405 6233) NEC, Birmingham October 22-24 ternational Products, Service and Technology for Financial Houses — BANKING (021-705 6707) Barbican Centre October 25-November 3 International Bike Show (01-385

1200) NEC, Birmingham October 29-November 1 Home Interiors Exhibition— London (01-385) 1200) Olympia October 29-3:1 Cleaning and Maintenance Exhi-bition—EUROPACLEAN (0923 777000) Barbican Centre

October 17-18 European Marine Trade Exhibition—EMTEC (0202 687070)

October 18-27 The 1985 International Capital Goods Trade Fair (Cleveland (216) 676 6000) Cleveland, Ohio October 28-24 International Videocommunica-tion Market Exhibition—VIDCOM (01-499 2317) Cannes October 29-31 International

International Videotex Con-ference and Exhibition—VIDEO-TEX (01-868 4466) Amsterdam October 29-31 International Clothing Textiles Trade Fair—INTERSTOFF (01-734 0543) Frankfurt

November 3-7
Petrochemicals, Chemical and
Plastic Industries Exhibition
and Conference — PETCHEMPLAST (01-486 3741) Al-Khobar

Cial services (01-621 1355) Hotel Inter-Continental, Wi October 23-25 October 23-25
International Economic Relations: Opportunities for West European companies in trade with Czechoslovakia and Hungary (0 3 955 4854)
Pragae

October 24 Institute of Directors: How to increase your sales (01-839 1233) 116, Pall Mail, SW1

International Herald Tribune: Oll and money in the eighties (01-242 1242) October 24-25 Royal Garden Hotel, W8

October 29-31
SUBTECH '85 "Designing for Intervention" (01-222 8658)
Aberdeen Exhibition and Conference Centre

October 30-31 Victor 30-31 FT Conference: The third pro-fessional personal computer con-ference (01-621 1355) Inter Continental Hotel, WI November 4-5

International Conference for the protection of people, products and property (0727 63213) Royal Garden Hotel, W8 November 6

CAET: Accounting, auditing and tax (01-242 6855)

Post House, Reading

1355)
Inter Continental Hotel, W1
October 16-18
Risk Research Group: Solvency

November 7
Oyez IBC: The advertising agency of the future (01-236 Cafa Royal, W1 Anyone wishing to attend any of the above events is advised to telephone the organisers to ensure that there has been no change in the details published.

Financial Times Conferences

SPACE: COMMERCIAL BENEFITS

FOR INDUSTRIES WORLDWIDE

London-November 18 & 19 1985

The changing climata for space activities and the commercial benefits for industries worldwide will be the subject of the

Financial Times Space Conference to be held in London in

November. This two-day meeting will be chaired by Dr

Geoffrey Pardoe, managing director of General Technology Systems Limited, and Mr Roy Gibson, former director of the

European Space Agency. Key issues to be debated include:

The prospects for large-scala "spece industrialisation"

The most important new market areas opening up

How Government regulations will affect the

How non-serospace industries such as pharmaceuticals and materials could be affected by developments in

- The potential for companies in areas such as computers, materials and robotics in supplying

expertise to the world's space programmes

Speakers will include: Mr Philip E. Culbertson, associate administrator for the Office of Space Stotion, NASA; Dr George van Reeth, director of administration, European Space Agency: Dr Maxime Faget, president, Space Industries Inc.;

ELECTRONIC FINANCIAL SERVICES

London-October 21 & 22 1985 Two additional speakers will be addressing this high-level conference, Mr Richard Pickles, chairman of the Retail Consortium Technical Working Committee, will join Mr David

Robinson, Mr Alan Miller and Sir Gordon Borrie in the forum

on EFT/POS. Mr Michael Bryant, European treasurer of

Hertz Europe, will be given the user's view of future cash

and treasury management systems.

and Mr Richard Colino, director-general, Intelsat.

### Grosvenor takes lease A LARGE mobile setellite dish as sharp as 35mm films. claim to

Strasbourg

UK GÖVERNMENT lawyers will be back in action in Europe today, engaged in their now familiar task of defending on behalf of the present Conservative administration, a measure passed by a previous La-

This time the battle is over the The picture - based on an en- Union meets in Tunis this week to 1967 Leasehold Reform Act, which enables people with long leases of houses to become home-owners by buying their freeholds.

Today and tomorrow the Euro-

pean Court of Human Rights in Strasbourg will hear arguments on a complaint by the Grosvenor Estate, London's largest private land-lord, that the Act violated the right to peaceful enjoyment of its property guaranteed by the Human Rights Convention

By Raymond Hughes,

bour government

Law Courts Correspondent

export of North Sea oil to Israel. In June, at the Strasbourg court, the Government defended Labour's 1977 Aircraft and Shipbuilding Industries Act against complaints from former shareholders that the compensation they received on na-tionalisation was grossly inade-quate and unfair.

The today's case, as in the one in June, the Government goes into the hearing with a head start - the Hu-man Rights Commission, to which complaints go for e first ruling hav-ing rejected the Grosvenor Estate's

The commission held last year that the Labour Government's view that people with long leases had a "moral entitlement" to buy their freeholds legitimised its decision that the 1967 Act was needed in the

Grosvenor Estate owned by the estate of the Second Duke of Westminster, owns several thousan properties in Belgravia and May-fair, as well as others elsewhere in England and abroad.



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# Unclear future for big-screen TV

the Royal Television Society's con-equipr vention the first demonstration If they move directly to HDTV, lates Britain's commercial televisingle HDTV world standard.

sion and radio. The European Broadcasting

The system uses the 625 lines of Engineers are asking if a single the existing picture although it standard should be adopted now to

the new picture could come within emerging in future? five years. It could be available "on Senior engineers at the Cam-

parked outside the historic front of The broadcasters must decide King's College, Cambridge, at the whether there should be e half-way

weekend was a tangible symbol of stage of enhanced television on the new disagreements now coming to way to full high-definition television head over the television set of the sion (HDTV) based on more than 1,000 lines. This would need com-The dish gave 400 delegates to pletely new sets and broadcasting

from a satellite of e new wider, they must decide whether a system sharper television picture developed by the Independent Broadcast-Japanese broadcasting organisating Authority (IBA), which regution, should be accepted now as the

hanced C-Mac" standard - has a consider the issue. Next month the larger screen and 50 per cent better CCIR, the inter-governmental radio resolution than the traditional television set.

regulatory body meeting in Geneva, will face the same dilemma.

would need a direct broadcasting prevent a number of competing satellite (DBS) to deliver the pic-ture to the home. prevent a number of competing standards emerging as happened with existing television sets. But Mr Tom Robson, IBA director of would such a standard preempt fur-engineering, told the convention ther sophisticated technology

It will be the third time in four months that the Government has been before European judges to defend Labour measures.

Last week, at the European Court of Justice in Luxembourg, the dispute concerned a 1979 ban on the export of North Sea oil to Israel.

If we years. It could be available "on the day the first UK DBS satellite bridge convention suggested the meetings in Europe during the next few weeks were likely to accept the NHK Muse system (based on 1,125 lines and 60 Hertz) as "a standard" but not "the standard."

But the Problems of high-

well as technical.

Mr Brian Wenham, director of programmes at BBC Television, warned: "Once this is available as warned that he did not the state of the state o public will want to get it fast. And this will be an extra cost problem

Some experts believe the cost of have to disappear.

Underlying the debate about fu-ture television technology was the Mr Milne said. still-unresolved difficulties of how to pay for what we have now - and the Peacock Committee into the future financing of the BBC.

The BBC should hold a national weekly lottery as is done in the

of the American magazine Channels of Communication, suggested. Mr Michael Checkland, deputy director-general of the BBC, agreed this was e possibility but added a large lottery would be needed to meet the BBCs funding needs of people vacuuming the carpet or the large lottery would be needed to meet the BBCs funding needs of people vacuuming the carpet or the large lottery would be needed to meet the large lottery would be needed to meet the large lotter when the large lotter was a large lotter when the large lotter was a large lotter wa £20m a week, Mr Alasdair Milne, BBC director-

U.S., Mr Les Brown, editor-in-chief

general, said the BBC was looking at the possibility of collecting the licence fee as an addition to tax payments, automatically excluding those who find the licence fee a fi-

definition television are financial as The Inland Revenue was not

The BBC director-general also warned that he did not want the an enhanced method of viewing the Peacock exercise to be taken as e code for breaking up the corpora-tion. Funds might fail, and some of the present BBC services might

equipment in a high-definition television studio might be double that

"But so far as I am concerned, we seek ways and means of continuing the present range of activities of which we are inordinately proud," The broadcasting executives

present were given a cautionary

glimpse of what at least some of their viewers make of their best programmes. Oxford researchers installed

cameras in television sets in 20 homes in Oxford to watch the watchers.

They showed television was treated a bit like a family pet which people vacuuming the carpet or talking about something else.

Dr Robert Towler, bead of re search at the IBA who presented the Oxford findings, pointed out head counting of the audience was important, but please remember that what you are counting is only

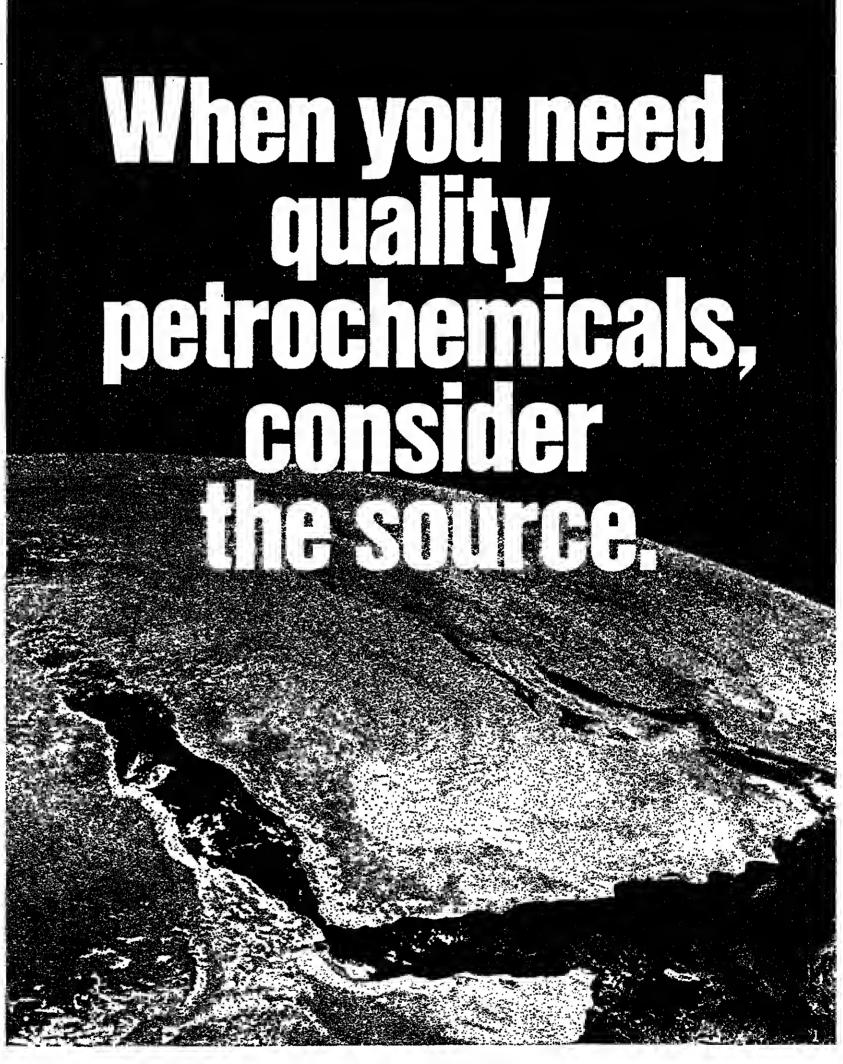
### Pay study reveals boost to settlements

By David Thomas, Labour Staff PAY SETTLEMENTS increased during the final months of the pay round just finishing, according to a review published tomorrow by Industrial Relations Services (IRS),

the independent pay research body. This will confirm warnings issued last week by the Confederation of British Industry - the employers' organisation - to its membercompanies to push pay settlements down during the coming round. However, IRS also shows that, despite their upward drift, settlements remained below the inflation rate during the three months to July.

IRS concludes from this that trade unions will inevitably be pressing to make up any lost ground at the time of their next

The IRS analysis says that in the year ending July 31 1985 the median level of basic settlements rose from 5.8 per cent at the start of the pay round to 6.1 per cent
Pay and Benefits Bulletin, No 144: IRS, 67 Maygrove Road, London, NW8 2EJ.



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tunity to work toward developing not only a healthy profit picture, but a nation as well.



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How to
CELEBRATE THE
OCCASION.



Williams & Glyn's and The Royal Bank of Scotland are merging on September 30th. This will mean more branches, more facilities and even more of the friendly personal service for which we are both already famous. We feel that this calls for a small celebration, which does pose one minor problem. But then we've always enjoyed solving problems.



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### **Airlines** queue for BA cash aid

THE CIVIL Aviation Authority (CAA) is to start a series of public hearings in London on October 1 into a large number of applications by independent airlines for shares in the £6.75m cash support that British Airways plans to give to help them develop new air routes.

The BA offer was first amounced.

a year ago in the Governments
White Paper (policy document) on
Airline Competition Policy, as a
means of promoting the development of new short-haul international air routes from the main regional

airports.
It involves BA paying as much as £450,000 per route for each of 15

new routes, spread over three years, or a total of £8.75m. The aim is to find new international routes from regional centres that could be developed to the over-all benefit of the UK, but which are not suited to BA's larger aircraft and are more tailored to the smaller independent airlines' methods of

The airlines seeking shares in this BA eash support include: Ace Aviation (Glasgow to Gothenburg and Brussels); Aerotime (Glasgow to Brussels) and Frankfurt); Air Ecoses (Manchester-Cork); Air-UK Ecoste (Manchester-Cork), Arctis (Glasgow-Frankfurt); Birmingham Executive (Birmingham to Gothen-burg, Oslo, Düsseldorf, Frankfurt and Paris); British Air Ferries (Aberdeen to Rotterdam); Connec-table (Manchester and Potterdam) tair (Birmingham to Rotterdam, and Manchester to Rotterdam and Antwerp); Dan-Air (Manchester to Duhlin, Oslo and Stockholm); Euro-

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BNP is Europe's largest bank, with a worldwide network

operating in 74 countries.

air (Aberdeen to Esbjerg, Den-mark); and Peregrine (Aberdeen to Gothenburg and Stockholm). Within this spate of applications there is a complex pattern of objections and representations between the various airlines. As a result, the public hearings will be lengthy. The of the year, CAA has set aside 21 days for them. In the party of the par

To benefit from BA's cash aid, the

The CAA will be free to withhold a recommendation for aid if it feels

# Soft loans drawback to export subsidies plan

A NEW mechanism for subsidising export loans, designed to meet fierce and prolonged complaints from British industry, is near completion, according to City of London bankers.

pointment that no extra funds seem likely to be made available for soft

The mechanism being worked out by civil servants after advice from the banks is designed to give British companies a better chance when bidding against competitors, especially Japanese and French, for big projects in the developing

It will probably use the aid and trade provision (ATP), a small part of the aid budget of the Overseas Development Administration. The ATP allocation is £86m for

the present financial year. Any in-crease would probably have to come out of the bilateral aid budget, which ministers say is already

oe more worried by the tardiness of the present procedure than by the size of the budget. "From our point of view it's getting the funds early enough and quickly enough that matters," a Confederation of British Industry (CBI) official said.

Ministers propose to streamline the inter-departmental procedure for releasing ATP money. As already announced, they are adding China and Indonesia – and possibly others - to the list of countries already eligible for subsidised loans.

They may also, as Mr Leon Brit-tan, Trade and Industry Secretary, ty to initiate - rather than merely match - offers of soft finance.

The new scheme is designed to If there is no new allocation of tractively to present the borrower money, now or after the forthcoming public expenditure review, indonesia, for example, is looking the administrative indicates an indicate ments while repeating the Government's dislike of the whole subsidy game.

some leading exporters and their for project finance costing only 3% be greatly per cent with repayment spread over 25 years and with a seven-year

The new system is creating prob-ems, however, at the Export Credits Guarantee Department (ECGD). The ECGD is being asked to administer the subsidy, just as it administers the interest rate make-up scheme for concessional finance when aid money is not involved.

It is important for the ECGD not indicated recently, widen the civil indicated recently, widen the civil to appear to be breaking informal to opment (OECD).

Mr Brittan's announcement of inject aid money lending in a way that will make public funds "go further." More importantly, the mixing of the credit will be done more at the credit will be

# UK and France set to turn on cross-Channel power link

BY MAURICE SAMUELSON

THE FIRST large-scale exchanges of electricity between England and France are expected to take place at the end of next month as part of a

2800m project to connect the two countries' national grids.

The electricity will flow through cables laid in trenches along the bed of the English Channel, Following the initial trials following the initial trials followed to the countries of ing the initial trials, full-scale commissioning should begin at the end

In the past few weeks, the first half of a 2,000 Mw link - equalling airlines involved have first to win the capacity of some of Britain's biggest coal-fired power stationsty, which means they must satisfy it as to their fitness and financial Electricity Generating Board

Apart from what CEGB officials call "finishing touches," this marks

could be available a year later.

The CEGB and its French counare each responsible for laying four 500 Mw cables in trenches they have cut in the sea bed. They have staggered the work to avoid hampering each other's operations, and EdF would have brought down its EdF completed its share of the first costs by importing cheaper English

The French are already half-way across the Channel with their secand set of cables, and the CEGB, having caught up, is about to embark on its final stage of the cross-Channel work.

The other main components of the scheme are large plants on either side of the Channel which cona route is capable of financing its the completion of the first 1,000 Mw vert the electricity from direct curhalf of the connection. The last of the cables for the second stage are (AC) at the frequency used by each electricity.

already being installed on the sea bed, and the full 2,000 Mew capacity could be accorded to the control of the country of the

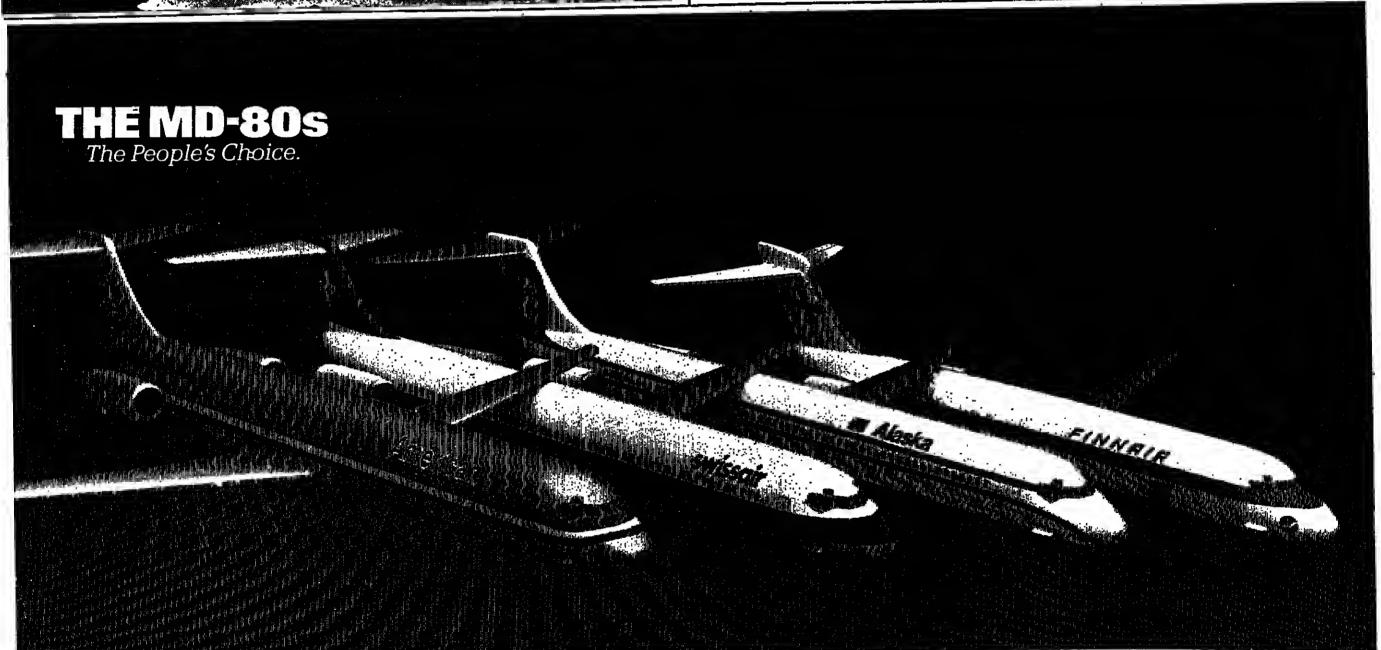
of power in long cables.

With the technological hurdles terpart, Electricité de France (EdF). largely overcome, the biggest question marks now hang over the economics of the scheme.

It was originally devised at a time of high world oil prices and when EdF would have brought down its electricity, in the form of "coal by

Subsequently, the link was seen as offering equal benefit to both utilities, since their peak-hour prices differ because of local time variations.

However, the steep cut in French prices due to its nuclear power station programme have transformed the situation making France potentially the dominant exporter, rather



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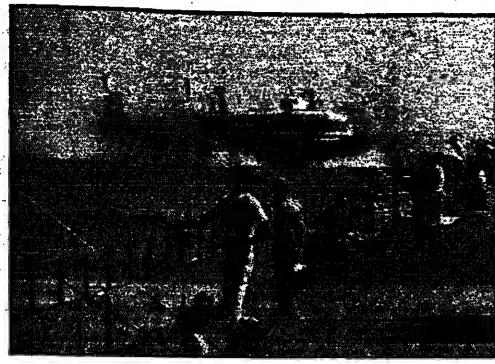
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### FT REGIONAL REPORT



# Wider economic base sought

Report by ALAN PIKE

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FOR THE country's industrialists and planners, Kent's position on the map has changed radically. The recent opening of the M25 motorway has removed a huge traffic bottleneck — London — which

Europe. Canterbury, ancient the recession, culminating in centre of the English church, the debilitating closure of the calling pilgrims of old and tourists of today. Archet tourists of today. Archetypal English villages, a coalfield and a steelworks. Areas of luxurious a steelworks. Areas of luxurious housing in the prosperous South-East commuter belt. Areas with unemployment rates

many residents commuting from the Kent towns to work in the

the county.

Traditional Keot industries,

changed radically. The recent opening of the M25 motorway has removed a huge traffic hottlimeck — London — which previously stood between Kent and markets in the rest of Britain.

This opening up of Kent in practical terms coincides with a drive to stimulate investment in the county and improve its economic base.

Kent, one of the largest nonmetropolitan counties with a population of nearly 15m, remains a place of remarkable contrasts. The Garden of England. The Gateway to Europe. Canterbury, ancient the designing cleave of the English cluves in addition to agriculture, include paper, cement mammfacture and the marine trades. Many significant nationally and internationally-known employers are either based exclusively in the county or are represented there—among them Bowaters UK, Lucas CAV, Lloyd's of London, GEC Avionics, Shell Research, Sheerness Steel, Petbow Holdings, Well-come Foundation, Thorn EMI. As in most industrial areas, employment in Kent's manufacturing sector declined during the recession, culminating in

Unemployment across the county thus shows an extremely South-East commuter belt, uneven spread. It ranges from below 7 per cent in commuter towns like Tumbridge Wells to nearly 20 per cent in the North London is obviously a significant factor, in its economy, with the Medium providence of the North East Kent coastal area of Thanet, with the Medium providence of the North East Kent coastal area of Thanet, with the Medium providence of the North East Kent coastal area of Thanet, with the Medium providence of the North East Kent coastal area of Thanet, with the Medium providence of the North East Kent coastal area of Thanet, with the Medium providence of the North East Kent coastal area of Thanet, with the Medium providence of the North East Kent coastal area of Thanet, with the Medium providence of the North East Kent coastal area of Thanet, with the Medium providence of the North East Kent coastal area of Thanet, with the Medium providence of the North East Kent coastal area of Thanet, with the Medium providence of the North East Kent coastal area of Thanet, with the Medium providence of the North East Kent coastal area of Thanet, with the Medium providence of the North East Kent coastal area of Thanet, with the Medium providence of the North East Kent coastal area of Thanet, with the Medium providence of the North East Kent coastal area of Thanet, with the Medium providence of the North East Kent coastal area of Thanet, with the Medium providence of the North East Kent coastal area of Thanet, with the Medium providence of the North East Kent coastal area of Thanet area of Thanet area. two extremes.

the need for a sound industrial between 1978 and 1983. It is and commercial base within not only manufacturing indusnot only manufacturing indus-try, however, which has contri-buted to the high unemployment to the light unemploy-ment rates in parts of Kent. Job opportunities in the county's older, traditional seaside re-sorts have declined as a result of changing holiday patterns. Rationalisation in the Kent coal-

field is adding to unemployment. ment.
The coalfield, which employs about 2,200 people, has underpinned the economy of the southern part of the North East Kent region. Hundreds of voluntary redundancies have taken place since the miners.

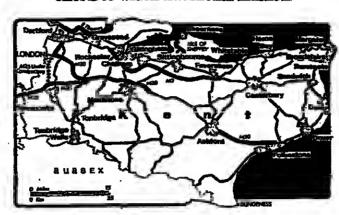
In the face of these difficul-ties—plus the positive oppor-tunities brought by the coming of the M25—extensive measures are being launched to promote Kent as a centre for business

A pivotal part in this cam paign will be played by the Kent Economic Development Board, set up last year by the Conservative controlled county council as an independent body and employing staff hired or seconded from commercial

Manufacturing employment in Kent declined by 23.5 per cent broad areas of activity—pro-



The completion of the M25 ring road around London should help the county to look further afield in its efforts to widen traditional markets



moting Kent as an industrial and commercial centre, and then ensuring that all the necessary ingredients for successful growth—factories and sites, finance, an appropriately trained workforce—are in

tives available to the board are an investment fund of its own, which will be aimed particu-larly at companies lacking equity capital in the £20,000-£100,000 range.

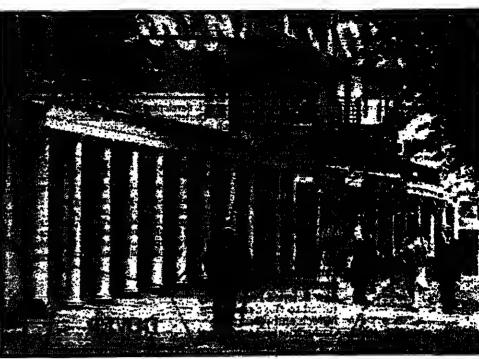
The board has appointed an agent who has begun promoting Kent in Japan, and a similar appointment will be made soon in the U.S. But, much closer to home, it has to tackle the problem that even London-hased companies and business addice organisations have advice organisations have tended to overlook Kent as a location for industrial develop

This is partly because of the Garden of England image-agriculture does remain important, but it employs only three per cent of the county's workforce—and partly because Kent has appeared somewhat geographically isolated. geographically isolated.

There are indications that the market is already responding to the new opportunities which the recent road improvements have brought to that county. A major ro-ro port development, for exampla, will open alongside the Thames and

The motorway development also provide greatly improved connections between Kent's industrial areas and ports and Heathrow Stansted airports.

the county has many other advantages to offer in the drive to attract industrial develop-



The Pantiles: showpiece of Tunbridge Wells

ment. Industrial and commer-tizely low by south-eastern class rents are often lower than standards commercial develop-in other south eastern counties, ment has not been strong in the and local authority rates are and local authority rates are lower than the national average. A pleasing environment and wide range of housing means that companies have little difficulty in persuading employees to relocate in Kent. The University of Kent at Canterbury, founded 20 years ago, has made positive efforts to work with industry.

There is a broad range of skills among the workforce which, combined with the fact London commutar belt, means that availability of suitable labour is seldom a problem.

The new economic develop ing to promota development in ing to promote development in Kent. There has been a growth of enterprise agencies on a scale probably unequalled else-where in the country. The most recent, the East Kent Enterprise Agency covering the Canterbury, Dover and Thaner districts of the county, is being inaugurated this month.

inaugurated this mouth. Kent also has an enterprise zone—or rather five. The North West Kent Enterprise Zone, established in November, 1983, is located on five separate and varied sites at Northfleet. Gravesend, Strood, Frindsbury and Gillingham. The Rommey Marsh area of the country has been designated a rural devel-

Although office rents are rela-

ment has not been strong in the county, and planners hope that this sector will also be influ-enced by better road com-munications. Tumbridge Wells has probably the most buoyant office market while Maidstone, the county town, has proved popular as an administrative centre for both the public and private sectors. Overall, smaller office developments have proved

Importance is attached to the development of tourism in the county. Because of the channel ports, Kent has a unique exposure to continental visitors to Britain. A strategy is being developed to persuade more of thesa tourists to spend a greater proportion of their holidays amid the considerable attrac-tions of the county, which surveys suggest they do not always realise exist. Positive efforts are also being made to increase Kent's share of a chang-

ing UK holiday market. The possible development of a fixed link across the Channel is a background factor in all the plans to develop Kent's economy. Investment is continuing at ports including Dover—the world's busiest ferry port, where the Harbour Board plans to spend up to \$200m over the next 15 years—and the idly growing Port Ramsgate. in spite of the renewed possi-bility that a great deal of ferry traffic may eventually be

eclipsed by the Channel tunnel or bridge.

Doubt about, or opposition to, fixed link across the Channel is not confined to ferry and port operators. Kent County Council has yet to reach a policy decision on the issue, and this caution is reflected throughout the county.

The construction stage of the link would undoubtedly generate employment and widespread secondary economic activity but there are reservations about the long-term effect. Some Kent towns—notably Ashford, one of the development areas pio-pointed in the county structure plan which is located on the M20 between Folkestone and -could expect to bene-

But there are 10,000 jobs in Dover alone which depend upon the present level of ferry trade. less labour intensive than the existing port and ferry opera-tions. And would its existence mean that visitors spend more time and money in Kent, or simply speed through it more quickly than many do already?

In a couoty which is attempting to improve its economic and employment fortunes through planned, diverse growth, the issues are going to be digested decides that it would necessarily of the most glamorous construc-

# There's only one way you could be closer to Europe to France, you couldn't get closer to Europe if you

It might be closest to Europe, but it's miles

away from anywhere else: Not true. From most parts of Kent, you can get to the centre of London in little more than an

"Mmmm, that's rather better than I thought, but that still leaves us a long way from the North,

Not at all. The M25 motorway round London will be completed shortly, and that will give you easy access to the whole national motorway

"Yes, but it's still a bit of a backwater,

If you mean Kent's many rural areas make it an attractive place for you, your staff and their families to live, then I would certainly agree. But Kent also offers factory, warehouse and office costs that are lower than London and most of the other Home Counties and, best of all, it has a large. well-trained workforce with an excellent record of harmonious industrial relations. You'll be at the forefront of the new attitude to profitable business.

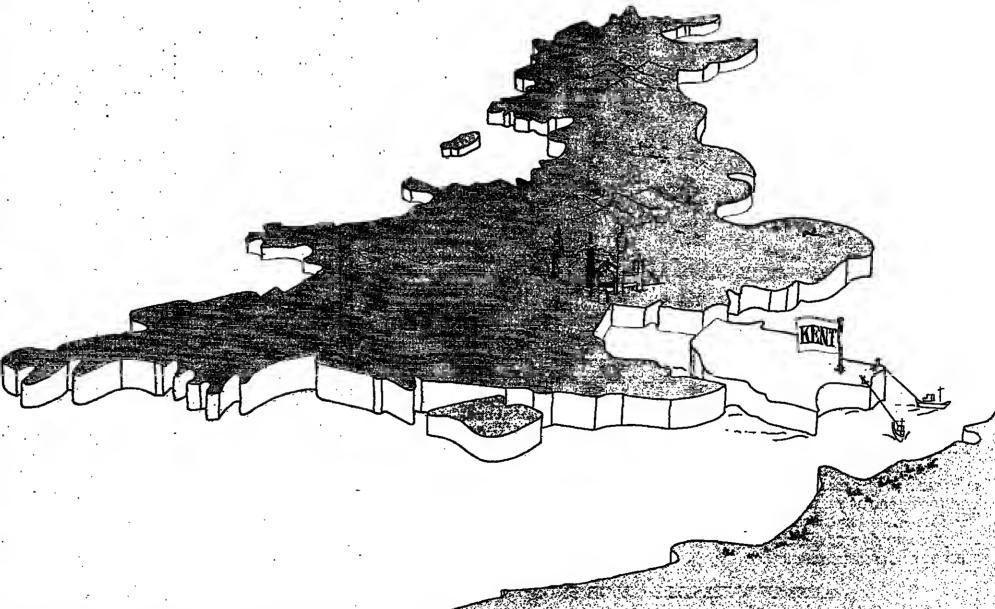
"Maybe, but I don't want to feel like a pioneer.

"Why's that?" Because Kent has already provided offices. factories and warehouses for many businesses, and there is plenty of land for development, much of it fully serviced and available now. In fact, many companies are discussing their plans with us at the

moment "Well, it certainly sounds worth thinking

I shouldn't leave it too long. There are many exciting, new factors that are making Kent an even better bet as a business location. So you don't have to be a pioneer - come and join us!"

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### KENT 2

CHATHAM

# Towards a new kind of flagship

FOUR CENTURIES of association between the Royal Nevy ment and housing opportunities, and Chatham came to an end The remainder of Chatham last year with the closure of Dockyard continues in use as e town's Royal Naval port

8,000 jobs lost, and the effect of this on the wider ecenomy of the area, the closure literally tore at the heart of the

community.
Chatham's links with the Royal Navy were almost as old as the navy itself. Werships were anchored in the Medway before the end of Henry VIII's reign, beginning the growth of the dockyard. EMS Victory and three other ships of the line at Trafalgar - Revenge, Temeraire and Leviathan -

were built there.

The first froncise battleship,
Achilles, was started at
Chatham in 1881 and early the
following century the yard was
building the first submarines.

Today, behind the gates of
the former dockyard, efforts are
being made to harness all this
sich maritime history.

being made to harness all this rich maritime history — and the remarkable legacy of historic buildings which it has left behind — for the future benefit of the Medway towns.

Under local pressure, plans for possible piecemeal redevelopment of the old dockyard were dropped, and its future is being handled on a comprehensive hasis. sive basis.

The Chatham Historic Dockyard Trust has been formed to develop a "living museum" on about 80 acres of the oldest part of the dockyard, The area is believed to contain the greatest single concentration of scheduled historic monuments in the United Kingdom, and there are hopes that the project will become an important regional tourist and educational feature with a wide catchment area for visitors.

On another 340 acres English Estates—the English Industrial Estates Corporation—is responding to the sible for redeveloping the old dockyard predicts that Chatham

Dockyard.

The impact of the closure, its part of the project Chatham amounced by the Government Maritime and is relying heavily in 1981, can bardly be exaggerated. In eddition to site—which it is marketing as 8,000 jobs lost, and the effect "one of the most exciting the strength of the most exciting and the effect to the strength of the most exciting the strength of the most exciting the strength of the project Chatham amounced by the Government of the project Chatham on the strength of the project Chatham amounced by the Government of the project Chatham amounced by the Government of the project Chatham of the strength of the project Chatham of the strength of waterside developments in Europe" — to ensure its succes

There are several other reletively modern industrial loca-tions already evailable in the Chatham area. Since these have better eccess to the roed net-work than the dockyard, English Estates from the outset believed that Chatham Maritime must marketing. complement existing locations rather than try to compete with

Extensive test marketing resulted in a decision to create a low density, high quality, environment aiming particu-larly at organisations with e high technology, research and development type profile.

### Complete community

"Our task is to create a complete community," says Mr Ian Parker, English Estates' project director. "The development includes new bousing, and we must therefore aim for tha type of industrial development which will blend in with an attractive housing environment. This means creating e high quality, low density business park."

About 1,000 homes will go on the site—mostly new, but some taking advantage of existing buildings like the dockyard's magnificent terrace of early 18-century officers' houses. By the end of the 1980s all existing proposed residential land in north west Kent is likely to have been used up and this, Mr Parker is convinced, will says the strategy, necessary not lead to more interest in the for planning reasons but as a Chatham Maritime develop- financial incentive.



Chatham dockyard redevelopment area

designated for commercial and light industrial use.

"Other jobs will be created in reletion to the marine/leisure facilities, the residential area and within the neighbouring historic dockyard."

Five sites

There are:

Maritime will prove a flagship for reviving the fortunes of the Medway towns. The locational advantage of the Medway area—midway between London and Europe and with good motorway links to Gatwick, Heathrow, and Cambridge—had been recognised by several companies included in the test marketing. ment—and attractive rents will
provide a most competitive
package which can be marketed
both nationally and internationally," predicts the report.
English Estates declares itself confident in the strategy self confident in the strategy document that, given early designation of et least 50 ecres of enterprise zone, some 5,000 permanent and diversified job opportunities can be created within an eight-ten year period in the areas of the project designated for commercial and light industrial use.

A wide range of skills are evallable among the local work-force. In a bid to maintain the skill base, Kent County Council took over the dock-yard's apprentice training school when the yard's closure was announced, and English Estates is investigating the possibility of siting further educational and training fecilities for infornation technology applications et Chatham.

The prospect of ettracting edvanced technology training facilities should bave been en-hanced by English Estates' success this month in persuading the Overseas Development Administration to relocate two of its scientific services — the of its scientific services — the Tropical Development and Research Institute and the Land Resources Development Centre—at Chatham Maritime. They will be boused in the refurbished buildings of HMS Pembroke, the old dockyard beneath buildings.

barrack buildings, The development strategy for Chatham Maritime says that designation of the old dockyard area as an enterprise zone is the key factor in ensuring early success of the project. This is,

ment.
English Estates initial development strategy for the dockyard predicts that Chatham intended type of development—

quality campus-style environ-ment—and attractive rents will north shore of the River Med-

way.

Gillingham Business Park —a prestigious new development within two miles of the M2 motorway, with 105 acres of the aite allocated enterprise zone

aite allocated enterprise zone status.

North West Kent Enterprise Zone was designated in lete 1983. The first mountoring carried out by Kent County Council and the local district councils shows that, while the rate of development on the five sites bas varied substantially:

Nearly 87,000 square metres of new and relet floorspace has been complete and governace been occupied and floorspace under construction has risen from 3,100 square metres to 29,000 square metres:

Land in beneficial use has increased from 13 per cent to

33 per cent;

The number of companies on the sites has nearly doubled from 49 to 93 and there has been an estimated increase of The Chatham development is located in the same part of the county as the existing North West Kent. Enterprise Zone,

which operates on five sites. Springhead Enterprise Park

 a greenfield site in North-fleet, where 27.5 ecres are in

 Most of the benefit of the zone has gone to the newer and more obviously ettractive sites, like the Gillingam Business Park, rather than those which the enterprise zone. This is the closest part of the zone to the Dartford Tunnel. have more in common with the old Thamesside Imperial Busi-● Imperial Business Estate --near the centre of Gravesend, this site has 38 acres in the zone and offers Thames frontness Estate at Gravesend. This contrasting rate of development leads Kent County Council planning department to con-clude in its strategy for North Kent that: "Enterprise zone designation in itself will not age end a deep water jetty.

Temple Industrial Estate this is an established industrial estate et Strood, where generate immediate develop-nen and employment. Other 750,000 square feet of floorspace have been taken since the area was declared an enterprise factors would also appear im-portant-immediate availability zone. The zone covers 58 acres.

Medway City Estate at
Frindsbury—about 78 acres of
land have been included in the
zone within an area zoned for of land and premises, location and accessibility, and the image and environment of the

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However, Mr David Home-wood, enterprise zone officer and economic development conindustrial, commercial, leisure sultant, stresses that all sites in the zone benefit from their location in north Kent. This, he says, is the "key card" in what the area has to offer.

"I believe we are situated in prime position and the advantages of enterprise zone benefits makes the area one of the best places in the country to relocate. We have a younger than average workforce which has proved to be extremely adaptable to new technology. There is also a lebour relations record which is second to

The area also benefits from an active enterprise agency. Medway Enterprise Agency was formed four years ago—one of the early examples of what proved to be a rapidly-growing enterprise agency movement.

The agency says at least 1,850
jobs can be shown to have been
saved or created as a result of
its activities during the first

three years.

The agency is working on a local collaborative project under the Manpower Services Commission's eduit training programme in conjunction with Business in the Community and Mid-Kent College, and supported by the Institute of Marketing. This is aimed at identifying and remedying gaps in marketing expertise in small businesses throughout Kent.

Following the Royal Navy's departure from the Medway Towns after a 400-year history, English Estates accepted responsibility for redeveloping the former Chatham Naval Base. The new community being created is called Chatham Maritime.

This is surely one of the most exciting waterside developments in Europe. Prestige office/ research sites and residential developments will be

located on waterfront areas. A marina is planned and one of the basins, where until recently Naval warships used to be berthed, will be used for active water sports, such as dinghy sailing and wind surfing.

In other areas of this new community. office and high technology industry will be side by side in "campus"-style surroundings. This means generous landscaping and no parking problems. Well located sites and attractive buildings built to company requirements will be a feature of Chatham Maritime.



Land is reserved for a variety of new homes - executive-style housing will take advantage of the fine views across the River Medway and around the marina, higher density homes will be supported by a neighbourhood centre encompassing shops, restaurants and chandlery. Located in Kent, the Garden of England, Chatham Maritime offers an unrivaled environment in which to live and work.

For further information contact: English Estates, Pembroke, Chatham, Kent, ME4 4UF. Telephone: 0634 815081/6.

A UNIQUE WATERSIDE DEVELOPMENT BY



# Need for better marketing

AGRICULTURE

WITH THE single exception of whether some hop growers have sugar beet, just about every e future in the face of a world major UK agricultural commo-

When the Royal Agricultural Society of England began publishing its county agricultural surveys in the early 1950s, volume one was on Kent. There is, it declared, "no other county where so many different types of farming are followed" and in spite of many changes over the past 30 years Kent con-tinues to present a uniquely diverse agricultural landscape.

Sheep are the predominant livestock—the county has its famous Romney Marsh or Kent breed—and tha town of Ashford is one of the biggest sheep markets in the country. There is a significant amount of dairy farming and the county is naturally e major supplier to the London area liquid milk

This gives Kent farmers e much stronger interest in the retention of doorstep milk deliveries than is felt in some parts of the UK

### Investment in pigs

Kent's farmers also have a considerable investment in pigs and recently efforts have been and recently efforts have been made to develop pig farming co-operatives and improve pig meat marketing. However, there are no longer any pig meat processing factories within the county.

Drives to improve marketing are not confined to livestock. Kent is the centre of the UK apple industry and pressure from imports has led to carefully planned attempts to improve the eppeal of homegrown epples. Strawberry growers in Kent—who are res-possible for another of the county's major crops — are making similar attempts to improve their standards of quality-control, presentation and marketing through organisa-tions like the Kentish Garden

The importance of borticul-The importance of bornative in Kent means that the county's farms continue to offer widespread opportunities for part-time, casual employment. Up to 300 casual workers per farm are employed seasonally to pick e-single crop.

One of the crops for which the county is traditionally most famous is the hop. But there is mounting concern over

dity is produced in Kent. Farming in the county continues to live up to the Garden of England and London's larder descriptions which have been applied to it for generations.

Declining beer consumption, changing public tastes towards lager which has e lower bop requirement and cheap imports are all putting severe pressure applied to it for generations. growers face more immediate problems than any other sector of agriculture in Kent, and the county branch of the National Farmers Union is campaigning vigorously to maintain the industry in a major and economic form.

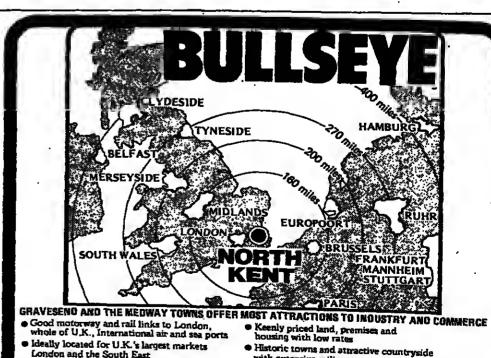
Nationally the area grown with bops has fallen by half during tha past five years and is now below 12,000 acres. Kent farmers are concerned that, at e time of falling demand, more than 25 per cent of the bops used by .UK brewers are imported.

The say that the industry

lapse of prices resulting from declining beer sales and the failure of English Hop Growers, a voluntary co-operative asso-ciaton. The marketing board has now been abolished and English Hops, another farmers' co-operative, is trying to come to terms with similar problems to those of the early 1930s.

On a more general level, the On a more general level, the biggest worry in the minds of Kent's farming community is the entry of Spain and Portugal to tha EEC. Fruit growers in the county fear that a combination of new market opportunities, climatic advantage and EEC aid to modernise farming methods in the two countries could see Spain and Portugal developing into e severe threat to the Garden of England. The Kent farmers have been

campaigning vigorously, but feel that neither the UK Gov-ernment nor farmers in some faces its greatest crisis since other parts of the country fully 1932, when the Hop Marketing eppreciate the potential scale Board was set up after a col-



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### KENT 3



One of the newer developments at Chatham is the administrative offices of Llayd's of London

DEVELOPMENTS

# **Boost for Ramsgate**

CONTRACTS HAVE been signed for a 25m development which will turn. Port Ramsgate in north east Kent tainsgate in north east Kent into ar all-weather port.

The project will involve reclaiming 20,000 square metres of land and building 640 metres of breakwater.

Sally Holdings—part of Rederi A B Sally of Finland

-which eperates the port has awarded the construction contract to a Kent civil engineering contractor, John Howard of Chatham.

Ramsgate is the base of Sally Line's ferry services, but the development marks a drive by the company to establish a much more extensive port winning an increasing share of passenger, ro-ro and conventional freight

Some of the UK's shortest salling distances to Belgian and Dutch ports, and to Bunkirk, are available from Ramsgate. Now that the M25 Ramsgate. Now that the M25 motorway enables lotry traffic to bypass London, Michael Kingshott, managing director of Sally UK Holdings, believes that the port is well-placed to compete with locations like Felixstowe, Harwich and Great Warmouth for east coast passenger and freight traffic.

Development of the part at Bamsgate is receiving the backing of local authorities, which hope it will prove a

Annually we have . . .

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IS GOING PLACES

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For further Information give Sam Thomas a ring on Meldstone (0622) 671411 ext. 3087, or write to him at the Kent County Planning Dept. Springfield, Meldstone, Kent. ME14 2LX

# 16.5 million cross-channel passengers # total tourist expenditure of £200 mation

Our tourism market is growing at a lively pace.

catalyst for investment which will improve employment prospects in north east Kent. Kent County CounciPs draft development strategy for the area concludes that direct and secondary effects of port expansion at Ramsgate could have a "major impact on employment opportunities in Thanet."

This impact could be increased if a proposal to establish a freeport in Thanet, taking advantage of both Ramsgate and the nearby air-port at Manston, were successful.

Long runway

Manston, an operational RAF station, is already used for some commercial flights. It has an exceptionally long runway capable of lundling heavy freight aircraft and its coastal location makes it the pearest airfield to continental

Europe.
In spite of the job creation potential, the port development at Ramsgate has not been universally welcomed by local residents. Concern may, hereager he reduced by however, he reduced by a recent decision to build a new road to the port to eliminate congestion which has arisen

Another important port development in Kent is taking place at Dartford on the

Thames, where the Dartferd International Ferry Terminal is being constructed. Scheduled for completion early next year, the project is backed by Blue Circle Indus-tries and Municipal Mutual

Insurance.

The ferry termined will be part of a 306-acre business park bounded by the river, the North Kest railway line and the M25 metorway. Access spurs into the site from both the metorway and authors are afected.

railway are planned.

Dartford's new terminal is Dartford's new terminal is located only 16 miles from central London, and berths are being constructed which will be capable of handling rofre vessels of up to 11-metres dranger at all states of the tide. Six continental ports, say Dartford's promoters, will be brought well within eight hours' salling time.

Crossways 25, a new inter-national distribution centre, is being developed in asso-ciation with the Dartford ferry terminal. There will he more than 150 stress avail-able for a fexible range of infustrial; warehousing and distribution complexes.

Elsewhere in Darford, Allied London Properties is developing Darford Trade Park which also takes advan-Park which also takes savan-tage of the town's communica-tions advantages brought to-completion by the opening of the M25. Standard and purpose-built factory and warehouse mits from 1,000

to 50,000 sq ft are available. Other industrial developments in progress in the ember bender her and Blue Circle have planning permission for 120 acres of

factories and warehousing. Phase one, covering 55 acres, is approaching completion: sq ft of accommodation. The site's advantages tockide proximity to the deep-water

port of Sheerness.

• Bevelopments in and around the north west Kent enterprise zone, including Gillingham Business Park, a campus-style development by campus-tyle development by Grosvenor Developments in partnership with Gillingham Council which will eventually provide nearly 2m. sq ft of property for offices, water housing and manufacturing dus shopping and other

prove services. Chatham Maritime, English Estates' major development of the former Royal Dockyard at

Ashford—a fown earmarked for significant industrial growth in the county and one likely to benefit from a fixed Channel link — where con-

# More package deals

Holiday guide

eventually become self-support-

GONE ARE the days when so many holidaymakers poured from London to the seaside resorts around the capital that suggests that there are good prospects of a properly marketed campaign succeeding.

An artitude survey last year visiture.

This month's unexpected out-break of September sun left plenty of vacant space on the beaches of the big Kent resorts of Ramsgate and Margate, And some of the sunbathers who were there would have pre-ferred not to be—they were among the area's large number of unemployed.

The holiday trade was once the biggest single source of employment in towns like Ramsgate and Margate. Gradual changes in holiday patterns, accelerated since the 1960s by the growth of overseas package holidays, have helped contribute in an experiment rate. bute to an unemployment rate of 18 per cent in the Thanet ares 25 per cent among adult.

Tourist sector employment in the North East Kent resort towns dropped by 18.2 per cent-between 1971 and 1981—compared with a national growth of 28.7 per cent and an increase of 20.9 per cent across Kent as a whole.

This means that while seasonally high unemployment levels are common in some of the UK's other resort areas, they have become a permanent feature in North East Rent.

However, nearly 20 per cent flowever, nearly 20 per cent of all foreign visiors to the UK enter through the Kent ports of Dover and Folkestone, giving the county greater potential exposure to the tourist market than almost anywhere else except London.

The problem is that many of these visitors pass through apparently unaware of the attractions which the county has are less well known.

Traditional villages set amid delightful countryside still delightful country d

Kent County Council has this delightful countryside still year been conducting a monitoring exercise among visitors. Known events like Brands This is intended to lead to Hatch motor racing take place action to persuade more visitors

The county is pioneering an experimental system of new white lettering on brown tourist road signs, designed to attract motorists to attractions and tourist routes. Department of Transport officials will evaluate An attitude survey last year showed that many visitors arriving from the Continent did not realise that Kent is rich in the experiment at the end of this year. But "Pleasure, Leisure and Johs." Lord Young's report on the business of tourism, indicates that the historic houses and castles, churches and traditional villages—even though these were precisely the attractors the tourists were coming to Britain Government would be willing to give other local authorities permission to take part in the experiment, and Kent is pioneering what is likely to become a national scheme. to see.
Visitors—both from overseas
and elsewhere in the UK—

already contribute at least £200m a year to Kent's economy. This includes income from 3m day-trip visitors—90 per cent from London and elsewhere in A lack of investment in som of the old resorts has accom-panied the decline of the tradithe south-east, and 10 per cent from the Continent. tional English seaside holiday. But indications are that those hotels and guest houses which have modernised their facilities are benefiting from improved business.

This season the county council has produced 68,000 copies of a comprehensive Kent holiday guide in English, French, Efforts are being made to Efforts are being made to cater for new types of business—day visitors, those who use the seaside resurts as bases for touring inland, and specialist pursuits like watersports. A successful yachting marina has been established at Ramsgate. German and Dutch. It has also been involved in setting up Kent Crusader, an organisation which markets and packages inclusive holidays in the county. Funded two-thirds by the county council and one-third by the National Bos company, it is hoped that Kent Crusader will

Business visitors play a part in the county's plans to exploit its tourist potential. There are conference venues of all types in the county.

A good deal of tourism in Kent is created by people tak-ing short second holidays in the spring or autumn and it is Margate has hall facilities to cater for relatively large con-ferences of national organisaferences of national organisa-tions but needs more hotel space, particularly a good con-ference headquarters hotel. A site is available for a new hotel, and Thanet Council is actively seeking a developer. hoped that this is one of the things which Kent Crusader will encourage to grow.

The tourist potential of the county is extensive and varied. It has 24,500 historic huildings, ranging from Dover Castle and

There is also likely to be a tourism spin-off from some of the industrial developments taking place in the county.

A leisure complex is under consideration at Port Ramsgate, while it is board that the while it is hoped that the historic dockyard development in the county, all in addition to

Technology

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of Kent's
future

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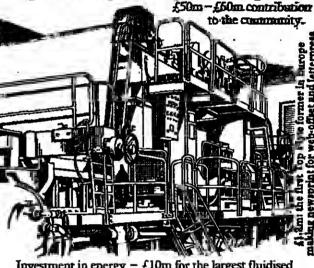
London orbital route.

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is due to begin soon.

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Nonington, is a major campus with extensive integrated leisure facilities offering approximately 170,000 saft of buildings within an 80 acre landscaped site. Situated close to Canterbury it is suitable for a wide variety of uses including: Hotel, Conference and

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CLUTTONS

A distinction The university is anxious to draw a distinction between tha Research and Development Centre and the growing number of science parks around university campuses. There will be no manufacturing carried out at the Kent centre. Any new pro-ducts devised there will be

Great Britain S.E. Begion ...... Kent

the Kent University campus at Canterbury and will open early

Canterbury and was open carry next year.

The establishment of the centre is the latest stage in a relationship which the university has developed with industry since its foundation at Canterbury in the early 1960s. Phase one—built with the support of Canterbury City Council and

Canterbury City Council and Kent County Council will house laboratories and offices for staff from the university and industry working on biotechno-

logy projects.
Companies based in the centra

will be able to use university facilities, including its computing centre and library. The first occupants will be LH Bio-

processing—part of Porton International—and Genzyme Biochemicals.

PHASE ONE of a new Kent manufactured at industrial Research and Development estates in Canterbury, Ashford Centre is under construction on and elsewhere in Kent.

UNIVERSITY OF KENT

Stronger industrial links

Looking down the High Street in Centerbury

Workforce by industrial sector

Comparison of Kent dis tricts with other areas

The university's work with industry is co-ordinated through Kent Scientific and Industrial Projects, its industrial liaison agency. This develops contacts with industry in the fields of research and development, con-sultancy and training.

Senior university staff super-vise commissioned projects, and it is possible for employees of sponsoring companies to work alongside university staff.

Kent Scientific and Industrial Projects' clients range from small local businesses to organisations like British Aero-space, British Telecom, Marconi Avionics and the Ministry of Defence. Space scientists at Kent designed and built the first experiment developed outside the U.S. for inclusion on a NASA Space Shuttle flight.

The university in receipt of research grants and contracts worth about £4m a year, has developed a reputation for excellence in a range of areas of interest to high technology 20 applications for every availindustry. These include biotechnology, computing, medical
electronics, optical fibres and
satellite communications.

20 applications for every available place and receives more
first and second applications per
place than almost any other
university.

Kent University admitted its first 500 students in 1965, and now has about 4,000 undergraduate and postgraduate students and 500 academic and research staff. Unlike most of the newer universities, it is organised on a collegiate system with teaching, research and residence for a variety of disciplines brought together within colleges.

34.9 34.9 34.9

% 6.5 8.1 8.4

Popular

19.2 19.1 19.6

It is also unusual in having a flexible academic structure without conventional departments. The university believes that this has successfully encouraged an interdisciplinary approach. Recent courses which illustrate this approach include the History of Medicine Unemployment and English Studies, which combines inten-sive study of the English language with courses in the nation's literary, historical and political life.

The university has established a popular reputation amon school leavers. It receives some 20 applications for every avail-

Leisure Complex





The state of the state of







JOHN BACCHUS says it would be possible to write a long, learned paper giving the many reasons why the relationship between Honda of Japan and Austin Rover, the volume car producer within BL in Britain,

should not work.

But it does work, he says.

And he should know. He has been in the front line since the first top-secret meeting between the two companies at the Fairmont Hotel in San Francisco in September 1978.

It also seems likely that he will continue to provide the main personal link on Austin Rover's side now that the two have decided on yet another joint venture—this time to develop a medium-sized car which for the British company will replace the Massiro.

John Bacchus, a cheerful, chubby individual of 48 who literally has had a lifetime in the motor business—his father was a car dealer—has a wide experience of co-operative ventures. He was one of the team set up within Ford to co-ordiwest German subsidiary to produce the group's first "European" vehicle, the Transit van. ome 20 years ago.

He also worked for Rootes before joining Austin Morris in 1969. He survived all the upheavals created by the financial collapse of what was
then British Leyland, the
government's rescue and the
subsequent arrival of Sir
Michael Edwardes when BL lost
Michael Edwardes when BL lost
as a race dislike being asked
as a race dislike being asked

As Austin Rover's director, product and business strategy. he is responsible for other collaborative projects: with to receive a straightforward Volkswagen and ZF, the West answer to a direct question. German transmissions group, But they will often parry one VM, the Italian diesel engine by muttering: "We don't want producer, Peugeot of France to discuss that." and others that his company is not yet ready to mention in

the Japanese is the same as dealing with people from any other advanced, industrialised country. If you are talking about a potential deal: "Be well-briefed on your own side

about what you want to do."

He admits, however, "we have been fortunate in our choice of partner. Honda has the ability to make up its mind quickly. Other Japanese com-panies take a long time to make up their corporate minds—but once made up, they move very quickly. Honda makes up its mind—and acts quickly."

BL's link with Honda

# Bridging the cultural divide between Britain and Japan

John Bacchus, Austin Rover's director of joint ventures, talks to Kenneth Gooding



'I agree,'
points out, for example," he

Bacchus says that over the years the Austin Rover and Honda teams have simply accepted the others' cultural differences and made no attempt

direct questions. But they con-tinue to ask them. The Honda

Communication is not a par ticular problem. There are language difficulties—"but you get that with other collaborations," Bacchus points out. Most contact between the two companies is by Fax machine on which correspondence is sent overnight from one side of the world to another.

Iems which call for very early morning or very late night working by Bacchus. "The Japanese have a habit of telephoning me when I am in the

There has been only one en-gineer from each company permanently in residence with the other, although this is about mind—and acts quickly."

Of course, there are some cultural differences which have to be allowed for and traps for the unwary from which misunderstandings can arise, "When a Japanese nods his plant in Birminghan, Honda's head and says 'Hi' it means version of the XX will be unwitting itself to putting another 'I understand,' not necessarily the other, although this is about to change as Austin Rover prelicence in Britain where it was sold as the Triumph Acclaim.

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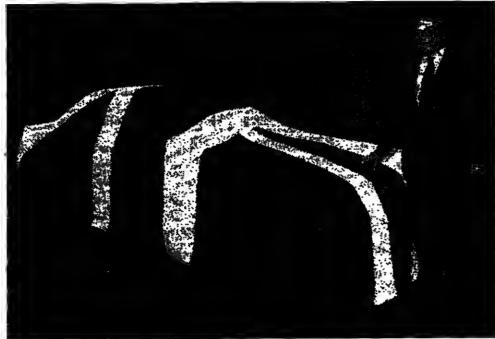
Licence in Britain where it was sold as the Triumph Acclaim.

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Licence in Britain where it was sold as the Triumph Acclaim.



motor show.

Bacchus maintains the relationship between the two com-panies works because "it has been a question of mutual ad-vantage and personal relationships. It works because both companies want it to work. "If we have a problem, we have to solve it or give up the

There certainly has been mutual benefit. Austin Rover desperately needed to speed np its new product programme in the second half of the 1970s and the first deal with Honda was to produce the Japanese

Inis first venture nearly failed to get off the ground because the UK Government balled for a while at signing

BL's chairman, eventually was for the current Rover 200-series.

The XX is entirely a serious for the current Rover 200-series.

Bacchus's birthday, December 27. But he chose to rush home

rehand to wife and young Austin Rover launched the Acclaim in October 1981 and it helped prop up the company's fast-falling market share. Honda received royalties and

Honda's deadline had to travel in concept. The executive car to Tokyo on a Christmas day was developed jointly by Austin flight in 1979. Bacchus spent Rover and Honda—it was not the previous week in Tokyo with Honda, calming the Japanese group's fears. Eventually under licence. XX will have the Acclaim deal was signed on many common features of the commander. the skin but the companies assure us that the Austin Rover and Honda versions will differ considerably in external shape and internal fitment.

Honda will produce both verompany's sions in Japan, thus giving Ausshare. tin Rover's dealers in that country and Australia a proprovided the engines and gearboxes and other parts from Japanese cars which dominate
Japan, probably worth about the Asia-Pacific area. Austin
#50m a year. It also sold some Rover will produce both verrobots worth film to Austin sions in Britain, enabling
Rover for the Acciain's body
Honda to add "madein-Britain" tover for the Acclaim's body Honda to add "made-in-Britain" "But most of the time I'm too ssembly line.

When Honda replaced the This should help the company philosophise."

develop sales in countries such as Italy and France which are almost totally closed to vehicles built in Japan.

The companies have just agreed to go ahead with a similar project for a medium-sized car which some Austin Rover executives have dubbed YY.

Bacchus says there has been "real synergy, I believe, from putting two teams, from engineering and manufacturing —competent people on both sides but often with different views—into a position where they have to debate and challenge the ideas baked into their

As for the personalities involved, Bacchus has been there from the beginning and the other two members of the Austin Rover team which attended the first meeting in San Francisco are also still with San Francisco are also suit with BL. David Andrews was deputy chairman then and today is executive director responsible for BL's commercial vehicle operations, while Ray Horrocks, then chairman of Austin Morris, is the executive director responsible for the cars

Two of the original three-may Japanese team are also still active within Honda. Noboru Okamura is now chairman and Klyoshi Tkami bas become deputy general manager, inter-

Bacchus believes an impor tant aspect of the relationship with Honda is that both the British and Japanese bave a sense of burnour. However fraught a meeting might be, there is always time for a joke.

There has always been the possibility that the laughter would subside to be replaced by acrimony and that the relationship would break up. Bacchu. admits: "Of course there have been some sticky moments but you would not expect me to tall about them."
For this reason it was estab

lished at the start that the relationship would be taker step by step. "Each deal is finite and self-standing because "Each deal is if we ever reach the stag where either side says it can' go any further, the existing Each deal is tightly bound by

legal agreements including outline agreement, develop ment agreement, manufacturing agreement and marketing agree

It all adds up to a unique relationship. Does Bacchus ever pause to consider that he is a: the heart of a venture which will go down as an important part of UK-perhaps worldmotor industry history? Shyly he admits that very occasionally the thought does strike him.

America gives more power to the people

David Thomas on the rise of worker buy-outs

THE Pioneer Chain Saw pay, saved their jobs and Corporation in Peterborough, acquired moderately performing Outario, had employed 450 capital assets."

Whatever the end result, a

how many employees it needed. They debated the question for three weeks and decided on 135. But this proved too low—
Pioneer subsequently maintained a workforce of 150.

Writing in the latest issue of the Harvard Business Review,
Keith Bradley of the London

School of Economics and Alan Gelb of the World Bank cite this as a dramatic example of this as a dramatic example of the benefits of worker buy-outs. In the wake of the 1879 reces-sion, the pace of buy-outs in North America has quickened. In the U.S., between 70 and 100 failing companies have been rescued since 1980 by employee buy-outs, with an average of 1,000 jobs saved in each com-pany.

In Europe, there appear to navo been fewer true employee buy-outs—that is, where most

More convincingly, perhaps, s the case of Weston Steel, rhich has staged a spectacular ecovery since being transormed into a workers co-perative last year (see this page September 11).

But there have also been

But there have also been lismal failures. Local union epresentatives spearheaded the purchase of Rath Packing Comcarry in Iowa when 2,200 jobs were threatened. The workers igneed to a wage cut of \$20 a week, as well as reductions in ther benefits. But the market within three years the company was bankrupt.

Most buy-outs fall between the two extremes, According to Bradley and Gelb, most workers

people defore it ran into diffi-culties, and the workers bought some of the equity.

The new managing director asked the worker-shareholders

Whatever the end result a number of common patterns
from the examples
studied by Bradley and Gelb.

Pragmatic motives. Advocates Pragmatic motives. Advocates of buy-outs increasingly pro-claim the virtues of employee ownership as an end in itself, ownership as an end in itself, yet Bradley and Gelb found "no case in which the participants' overriding motive was ideological, as opposed to the strong wish to preserve employment."

• Concessions on pay and benefits. These bave been the rule. The concessions have on consistent amounted to a quarter

occasion amounted to a quarter of the wagebill. Job cuts. Employment levels have often been cut by about a third, with the Pioneer

untypical.
Yet buy-outs are by no means
a personnel manager's dream

come true. Workers' stronger ment to productivity ofter re-volutionises the nature of super-vision. Pioneer Chain Saw was

volutionises the nature of severally vision. Pioneer Chain Saw was vision. Pioneer Chain Saw was able to do without quality control personnel under the new regime. "In many cases," Bradley and Gelb conclude, "the end of the productivity gain."

Employee buy-outs in the U.S. have yielded some spectacular successes. Workers bought balf the equity in GAF, a Vermont isbestos mining company, when t was threatened with elosure. Isbestos prices increased and within two years the share price iad soared by 7,000 per cent, urruing an employee'a initial investment of \$250 into more han one year's wages.

More convincingly, perhaps, shareholders are bappy to leave most things to management, but expect to be consulted on deci-sions affecting their own work-place and on the most major decisions facing the company,

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In Britain, Bradley and Gelb suggest, buy-outs face two addi-tional problems: union bostility and poor image following the failures of Meriden, Kirkby and the Scottish Daily News in the 1970s, "Employee-owned com-panies have fared best in the United States and least well in Britain," as the authors depressingly conclude.

Employee buy-outs of troubled companies, by Keith Bradley and Alan Gelb. Haroard Business Review, September-October 1985. Reprint No. Bradley and Gelb, most workers 85504. From Reprint Service, have, in exchange for lower HBR, Boston, Ma. 02163.

For VEBA, 1984 was the best year in the Capital investments reached DM L5 bil- Chemicals: Group's history. The results reflect not lion. The number of employees was 76,967 Access to New Markets Only an overall rise in dusiness activity but were also the reward for the extensive program of streamlining and restructuring measures undertaken in recent years. Each of the Group's main sectors contributed to the year's solid performance, including the petroleum sector which returned to profitability.

### Electricity: Stable Prices through **Nuclear Energy**

In VEBA's most important area of operations - electricity generating and supply -

# VEBA: Another Strong Year

The Group's strengthened earnings permitted a larger allocation to the reserves and an increased dividend from DM 7.50 to DM 9.00 per DM 50 share.

### Solid Improvement in the First Half of 1985

These favorable developments continued into 1985. Group external sales rose by power generation rose at a modest rate during the first half of 1985. With the startup of the joint venture plant in Grohnde, nuclear energy now accounts for a full 65% share of the total output of PREUS-SENELEKTRA. The improved generating structure has made it possible to keep electricity costs stable for the third consecutive year. The restructuring measures in progress - the amalgamation of NWK with

VEBA in the First Six Months of 1985"							
Group external sales	(DM million)	25,719	(+ 4.2%)				
Production	(DM million)	16,109	(+ · 6.9%)				
Services	(DM million)	9,610	(+ 0.0%)				
Electricity output	(million kWh)	34,149	(+ 1.6%)				
Natural gas production	(mittion kWh)	5,323	(+165.2%)				
Crude oil production	(1,000 tons)	1,144	(+ 33.8%)				
Crude oil processed	(1.000 tons)	3,720	(+ 7.4%)				
Group net income	(DM million)	245	(+ 10.9%)				
Capital expenditure	(DM milifon)	1,472	(+ 73.6%)				
Total staff (as of June 30, 1985)2)		76,967	(+ 0.2%)				

4.2% to DM 25.7 billion during the first six months of the year, with net profit after taxes increasing by 10.9% to DM 245 million. Especially good results were achieved not only in the chemical and electricity sectors, but also in trading and transportation. The perroleum sector also recorded positive, slightly improved results during the my 2) compared with December 31, 1984

PREUSSENELEKTRA and the merging of the newly-formed company into VEBA - have led to a further strengthening of this sector and to benefits associated with the Group's tax pool. Sales and net profit of VKR went according to plan.

Continuing heavy demand over the first six months of 1985 led to improved capacity ultilization. The turnover of HULS rose by 6.9%, and an increase in the output of profitable product lines enabled expansion into new markets. In the U.S., HULS acquired the NUODEX company, which, with sales of approximately DM 450 million, has a strong position in the surface chemistry field. HULS has also been integrated into the framework of the Group's tax pool.

### Oil and Gas: Expansion of **Profitable Production**

Sales of VEBA OEL grew by 10.7% during the first half of 1985. Crude oil and natural gas production - predominantly by both the Group subsidiary, MARK PRODUCING, founded in 1981, and the affiliate, DEMINEX - was substantially higher than for the same period in 1984. MARK PRODUCING has begun exploiting natural gas reserves in the Gulf of Mexico.

### **Trading and Transportation:** At 1984's High Level

As planned, international petroleum operations were cut back further. The resulting decline in revenues has been almost fully offset by other areas. RAAB KARCHER and STINNES ended their involvement in self-service stores. This step enables a further expansion of DEUTSCHE SB-KAUF (self-service centers) which, within the VEBA Group, would only have been possible to a limited degree due to antitrust considerations.

### Outlook 1985: **Further improved Results**

Based on the performance and trends so far in 1985, the VEBA Group can expect further improved results for the year as a whole. This will allow a dividend payment on the increased capital matching at least the 1984 level

To find out more about VEBA, its operations and performance, please get in touch with VEBA AG, Karl-Armold-Platz 3, D-4000 Düsseldorf 30, Federal Republic of Germany.



# An intriguing low key success



The refurbished Whitechapel Gallery enlivening the works of Howard Hodgkin

Charles Harrison Townsend's Charles Harrison Townsend's tetra cotta façade on the White-chapel Art Gallery has long been a familiar and enjoyable sight. The old building, like the Horniman museum by the same architect, had more than just a sense of the art nouvean style. It always had that sense of serious European culture imported into England—a turn of the century conviction that art and beauty provided social benefits for the underprivileged.

More recently the White-

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More recently the Whitethose recently the winterchapet has promoted advanced forms of modern art. It has been a place for the display of the avant garde, fire to be seen without the official lunprimatur of the art establishment. Bryan Robertson and the present director Nick Serots have made the Whitechapel synony-mons with quality exhibitions mons with quality exhibitions that are adventurous, relevant and aesthetically daring. But architecturally the spaces at the Whitechapel, while being successfully top-lit; were indequate because of the lack of air conditioning and inferior light controls.

Today all is made new. The old galleries on both levels

Today all is made new. The old galleries on both levels intricate. New staircases are the pivots for the muchimpres level gallery has been added for the display of younger one-man thows and circulation and service areas have been improved. There is a new reception area, shop, cafe and hecitros room with additional facilities for school parties.

The architects for the new work are Abor Colqubour and improved overhead lighting and improved overhead lighting and

John Miller—a firm that has been responsible for exhibition design at the Hayward Gallery as well as the excellent Siz Christopher Wren exhibi-tion at the Whitechapel a few years ago. They have designed university buildings and, more recently, housing schemes in London and Milton Keynes. Both have been active in the academic world, John Miller at the Royal College of Art and Alan Colgahoun at Princeton,

Their new work and retur-bishment is full of historical connections, all of them stated with subtlety. Columbum and Miller belong to the generation that does not believe in ornament for its own sake; they have to justify it in some way because the architectural language they learnt had no place for meta-phor, symbol or, heaven forbid,

Their approach has been careful and ingenious. The White-chapel occupied a site which could be extended only on narrow, neighbouring sites that the gallery had acquired. This has made the scheme tight and intrinsect. Nest statement are intricate. New staircases are the pivots for the much im-

### Cosi fan tutte/Coliseum

### Max Loppert

The English National Opera has brought back John Cox's seasoned Mozart production (rehearsed this time by John Lives Decided to the control of the control o Lloyd Davies). It's a little difficult for the reviewer who has beard and seen this work many times, and who has developed for it the very highest expectations, to evaluate much parlando into her line without patronage the merits of much acid into her tone. this revival. For on Educate it tween these opposite came across as a perfectly activity can be found the tall, acceptable sample of company energetic Don Alfonso of performance; nothing fell Rodney Macann, who pulls too below a certain standard of many faces, and the two not achievement (apart from a few locally matched sisters of Kay passages of clumsy stage manview was imparted of music and comedy in all their enmeshings. decent start here; for others, much is missing.

In a big thearre, a properly seamless ensemble is always harder to achieve; but it did seem, after suitable allowances been made, that the cast (all newcomers to their roles here apart from Christopher Booth-Jones, a temperate and stylish Guglielmo) bad not been assembled with ultimate refine-ments of vocal or dramatic blend in mind. Neither is the blend in mind, Neither is the standard of dramatic involvement uniform; the livellest actors are not the best Mozart singers (and vice versa). Maidwyn Davies, a tubby, phlegnatic Ferrando, is the only singer to achieve real Mozarthm grace—the first aria was good, the third splendid

(the second was, as usual, cut). and his contributions to ensembles were always fluent and beautiful. Conversely, Lesley Garrett

the ENO's answer to Julie Walters (this is intended as praise), releases a sizzlinely combative Despina who lets too much parlando into her line, too this revival. For on Thursday it tween these opposite poles of came across as a perfectly activity can be found the tall, passages of clumsy stage man-Griffel and Anne Mason. Miss agement), and a clear, civilised Griffel, a Cologoe-based American (London debut) whose comedy in all their enmeshings. Fiordiligi is already familiar to A newcomer to Cost will make a Welsh National audiences, is an decent start here; for others, eminently well-schooled artist, though the voice tends to flutter rather too much to give con-

sistent pleasure.
Miss Mason should take greater care not to let her line wobbie, and should now begin to quicken ber responses to the twists and turns of situations at the moment she is content to play a pleasant but rather pas-sive, obvious Dorabella. From noone did one giesn much in-sight into behaviour, much agnt into tensylour, much emotional development; and for this reason the mysteries of this inexhaustible, unfathomable masterpiece were no more than lightly celebrated. David Parry conducts a gentle, gracefully phrased account of the score which—like everything else

### Barenboim/Barbican Hall

### Dominic Gill

close association with the concerto as "pure and brilliant English Chamber Orchestra 20 without putting on chastity as years ago this year, and it is a garment, and without calling attention in its jewellery at a link which has never been link which has never been severed. He returned last Thursday to conduct a programme farmed by Mozart and Schubert

farmed by Morart and Schubert
symphonies—the Prague K504,
and the miraculous fifth symphony which Schubert wrote at
the ego of 19 for the small,
mainly amateur orchestra in
Vienna in which he played the
viola. The Schubert especially
was beautifully made: clear,
copent and elegant, full of
laughter, and yearning, and
sadden spirkling shifts of
laughter, and yearning shifts of
emphasis. The emsembla was
exceptional, smooth and sure. exceptional, smooth and sure.

Between whites, the ECO big, fine-grained, and the manintroduced the remarkable 15pear-old Israeli cellist Matt Haidifficult to predict that we shall

Daniel Barenbolm began his Tovey who described this same

hanquet of poor relations" —
which is probably one of the
most incomprehensible things
Tovey ever said about a piece of

movitz in Saint-Saens's A minor be hearing concerto. It was Sir Donald very soon.

Royal Philharmonic/Festival Hall

### Kiss of the Spider Woman/Bush

### **Martin Hoyle**

Mannel Puig's two-er-hander

has already been seen in cine-matic form, It falls to the Bush

to present the British stage

pail-cell duet of increasing lyricism between a homosexual

and a political prisoner. The

final impression is less steamy

than somnolent the result of the considerable hot air ex-

pended at twice the necessary length.

Molina is 40, passing for 37,
a movie buff (the odd Americanism of Alian Baker's trans-lation obtrudes in the players'

very English delivery). In nightly instalments he recounts

the story of a Forties film noir.

Curse of the Cat People, to his cell-mate Argentine prisons evidently being the equivalent

of our late-night television, something I had long suspected.

Valentin is a revolutionary, grimly single-minded and in Mark Rylance's performance given to the Jugubriously sanc-timonious intonation associated

with Mr Gerald Kaufman

with Mr Gerald Kautman
The edgy relationship
hiossoms predictably. A token
stab at dramatic tension is
added by the revelation — to
the audience though never to
bis companion — that Molina
bas been planted to get information from the university.

mation from the subversive. A secret conversation between off-

secret conversation between on-stage stool-pigeon and prison governor is amplified into the auditorium, the onstage Valen-tin remaining oblivious — a

clumsy contrivance more apt to radio than the stage; as is the

concluding use of volce-overs giving us a run-down on the characters' ultimate fate.

Robin Don's well-designed cell

and a plethora of food parcels (the programme acknowledges

donations of ham, baguertes, chickens, marmalade, porridge

outs, golden syrup, semolina and camomile tea, inter alia) Simon Stokes's production fails

to convince entirely. Preconcep-tions are neatly demolished. The

tions are neatly demolished. The effeminist's proposernal's (and feminist's) time-honoured assertion that "if all men were like women there wouldn't be any torturers" is countered by the Ernest Valentin's "it is not what you feel — it's what you're here truth't of feel "Both chart."

been taught to feel." Both shaky generalisations are gently shown

Ultimately attention focuses or Simon Callow's Molina, all em

bonpoint and massive haunches, buiging ont of casually knotted

open blouse and short shorts. He skips round the cell with the

panist in this concerto was not always, it seemed, entirely

positive. The exaggerated drawing-out of the second sub-

ject in the introduction may bave mirrored Bishop-Kovace

memorable Adagio—rapt, con-centrated playing from the soloist—but otherwise there was

chieffy at slower temp

up as sentimental diches. But the play drags, perhaps needing a filmic fluidity of view-points and a more varied pace.

nière of this Argentinian



lithe daintiness of a mountain goat and totters giddily on the precipice of caricature, without actually falling, with a lisp and the look of an adoring waterspaniel.

The climactic coupling with

the spare Mr Rylance, achieved with much heaving and humpa gnat, but Mr Callow remains the music again,

the best reason for seeing the ptay. Its courage in the context of the ludicrous over-masculanity of Latin America is beyond doubt, but its well-meaning predictability arouses respect rather than excitement. And what Barry Lyndon did for Handel this production almost ing of blankets, may recall a achieves for "Che faro": it hippopotamus being mounted by makes you want never to hear

### Paata Burchuladze/Wigmore Hall

### **Max Loppert**

Burchniardze, the young Hall recital on Friday. It was an Event — sold out, and tumultuously cheered by an audience far glossier than the usual Wigmore standard. One doesn't wish to play Carabosse in the early stages of such an artist's British career, for it is clear that the voice is of magni-ficent quality, rolling ont from top to bottom with the depth of tone and the fullness of sonority that only authentic Eastern European basses can summon. He is also a gifted, uninhibited operatic performer

about the art of giving recitals.

The first part of a notably shortise is greeted with unmodified, measure concert was devoted to nine Rakhmaninov songs. Where —In such as "At the gate of the Holy Place" or "Christ is risen" Ivanova.

-great big vocal gestures could Georgian with a bass voice that be unfurled. Burchuladze was has been bringing out freeflowing comparisons with Shalbut where the classically smooth, yapin, gave a first Wigmore seductive style of Russian singing was more urgently required (and with it a suavely close-pressed legato line), he in-stantly lapsed into a kind of sincere and energetic obvious-

ness, with dynamic ranges grossly simplified and numees of sentiment ironed out. The all-Musorgsky second part began with the Songs and Dances of Denth, whose stark-ness of outline found a much more immediate and personal responsiveness (though one only has to think back to Arkhipova and Christoff to recall the ficer. much with the floor.

—the concert concluded with two of Boris Godunov's Act 2 monologues (in the Rimsky reworking) in which voice, face, and gesture all came together with memorable largements of style.

And Christoff to recall the floor. more chillingly death-baunted shadings bere blunted), Comedy —"The Goat" and, as a single encore, "The Flea —came off even better. There was, indeed, much to thrill and stir in the singing, But it will not belp the But elsewhere it was clear still-necessary development of that he still has much to learn 50 rare and immensely talented

# Lark Rise/Almeida, Islington

### **Antony Thorncroft** Lark Rise, the adaptation for men.

the stage by Keith Dewhurst of Flora Thompson'a memories of rural life in an Oxfordshire village in the 1880s, was a suc-cess on its first appearance at the National Theatre in 1978. It has been revived by the Leicester Haymarket, who have brought it to this friendly north London theatre until

Its attraction is its simplicity. as it traces a routine day in the village of Lark Rise at harvest time, contrasted with the bectic dances by the cast, and the electronic folk music by the Albion Band, which invigorate the frankly mundane dialogue. This is an attempt to re-capture the lost England, the aimplicity of peasant life, in which, through dance and folk-lore, the community lived at one

with nature.

But since it also lived at one with great poverty Lork Rise hardly creates nostalgia for a hundred years ago. There is, in fact, an unsettling divide between the drudgery of it all and the exuberance of the dancing: the two parts desperately need the two parts desperately need each other to retain interest but are basically at odds. It is also a pity that Dewhurst has concentrated on the petty lives of the women rather than the more dominant activities of

The cast work with a will, and are attractively bucolic, but this is an earnest, laboured, production. Although there is a beautiful escapist, laboured, cloth, the humped-on stage settings suggest improvisation in church balls rather than a picturesque village. The Albion Band is, inevitably, too loud and brash: a simpler, melodic back-ing, using more traditional folk songs as counterpoint, might have set off the episodic encounters more poignantly.
Yet Lark Rise is enjoyable. with Karen Copperfield as the slightly superior Emma and Sally Cookson as ber daughter with the thwarted potential, just worth mentioning before the rest of the multi-parted cast.

As a concept Lark Rise scores beavily, but the inconsequence of the script, and the down-beat role-playing fail ultimately to provide a really convincing evocation of rural England. Only in the set pieces - the dragging of an old soldier to the work house, and the final, brief, updating when the village is seen 30 years later commemorating the end of a First World War which killed off its sons but also ended its poverty—is there real

### Arts news in brief.

St Martin-in-theFields, Robert Cohen, Mitsuko Uchida, the English Chamber Orchestra, and a traditional Christmas concert with Peter Bowies.

auction in Monaco on December 6 — the collection of French furniture amased by the late Sir

Mabil is to sponsor a season Monaco in 1979, shortly before of concerts in the Chapel of his death. All told the furniture the Royal Naval College, Greenshould realise more than £3m. wich for the ninth consecutive

wich for the minth consecutive year.

Artists will include the Julian Recam Consort, the Academy of St Martin-in-theFields, Robert Cohen, Mitsuko Uchida, the Cohen, Mitsuko Uchida, the Seventeen international and 30 British productions attracted 63,000 people. The most successful so far. Seventeen international and 30 British productions attracted 63,000 people. The most successful shows were the consecutive ware the seventeen in the seventeen seventee most successful shows were the Fourth Peking Opera Troupe at the Royal Court and La Gala Scienza from Italy at the Shaw Theatre.
The Festival, which cost

£245,000, has broken even and covered the deficit of £18,000 furniture amased by the late Sir charles Clore. Sir Charles picked up many of his best items from the Wildenstein/ to replace the GLC's support of Ojjeh sale held by Sotheby's in £100,000.

### Musée Picasso, Paris

# Magda Hamsher

President François Mitterrand even in the historic Marais baroque overtones leading up to the Salon de Jupiter. The every Picasso Museum in Paris
oday. The occasion has been 17th century classical building staircase in the circuit round into a modern museum fell on the Picasso collection. The circuitstic event "to occur in the architect Holand Simounet. It can be a little complicated, but architect makes a little complicated, but is due to open the spectacular new Picasso Museum in Paris today. The occasion has been billed as "the most important artistic event" to occur in the French capital in the past 50 foreign museums will attend a private preview before the doors of the museum, containing what is undoubtedly the finest Picasso collection in the world, open to the public on

September 28.

But the opening has not gone without a hitch, It comes after long delays which led to angry ong delays which led to angry protests from the Picasso heirs and their hwyer. M Roland Dunas — who is the French foreign inhister.

The exceptional collection of more than 200 pointings, 158 sculptures and more than 3,000

sculptures and more than 3,000 drawings and engravings was given to the French state by Picasso's heirs in actilement of death duties. The question inmediately arose of finding a bone worthy of such a treasure. The choice fell on Hot.' Sale which, with its golden stone and majestic propertiens, stands out

from the roots to the faceles, from cleaning the blackened interior to reinforcing the foundations, while keeping the parts classified as a historical measurement untoothed. Only then could all the technical installations to be put in place. These had to be discretly hidden by excavating underground, thus adding to the cost of the den by excavating underground, thus adding to the cost of the whole operation. Total expenditure, jointly borne by the state and by the city of Paris, came to FFr 57m (£54m).

The faterior disposition of the Hôtel echoes the austers architectural purity of the entire building. But the rigour here is softened by graceful wall and colling decorations representing guiriandes of Sowers, atlantes and children in carved stone or stucco.

stucco.

The great glory of the Hôtel hopes to resolute its magnificent staircase by limiting a with forged-iron hannisters of people a day.

meant restoring everything that is done perhaps on purpose from the roofs to the facedes, in order to keep the visitor alert in spite of the 1,372 square metres he has to cover. To avoid monotony, there are in the rooms glass cases grouping smaller objects which contrast with the vast surfaces for hang-ing pictures. There is also indirect lighting to avoid fatigue, although this hardly competes with the daylight which floods in generously through the large windows. One big worry haunts art specialists. They are concerned

gizzing is most pressing—a un-tinct emilwener of the Howard Hodgkin paintings emirently on show. The first that the whole place is painted white prob-ably gives a false sense of light

ably gives a false sense of light but it is transquil and serene. As belits a gallery so closely connected with the abstract vein of modern art these architects have grasped the sense of volume rather than surface detail. Their intrusive elements—stairs, doors and hand rails, and the surfaces of things like the reception counter—are absorbed visually into the whole space. This gives the gallery a certain floating unease that has to be anchored by the exhibits.

There are intriguing borrowings. The feel of Emberion's Simpson department store. Secessionist Vienna and the work of Charles Rennie Mackin-

tosh linger behind the bland substance of the new spaces. It is an intriguing low key suc-

Equally discreet and success

ful is the Whitechapel's fund raising: £2m has been raised so far with particularly generous contributions from the Bernard

Sunley Foundation, the GLC,

stiney Foundation, the GLC, the Arts Council and the London Borough of Tower Hamlers. There is still a need for some £150,000—an opportunity for the City to spread a little largesse to the East. Private patronage is extrestly needed in a part of London which can be transformed by temporating

be transfermed by improving the facilities provided by our culightened forefathers.

specialists. They are concerned that the magic name of Picasso could draw the same buge crowds to the new museum as the nearby Centre Pompidou. They fear that even the four floors of the Picasso museum could hardly cope with such crowds. But Domingue Bozo, the crowds. But Domingue Bozo, the country of the near museum the curator of the new museum hopes to resolve the problem by limiting entries to 2,000

# **Andrew Clements**

The Royal Philharmonic Orchestra ended last season very much on a high, with moral and standards restored by the arrival of André Previn as musical director. It began its new concert year at the cannot report yet that the paragraphs beyond recent improvements have limits.

At the outset the Academic At the outset the Academic Festival Overture had premised good, careful playing; Ashkenzay began steadily, almost prosaically, and led up to the rowly climax with civilised restraint, while the orchestra responded efficiently, if without the healthy bloom of a band on its top form. By the time the Fourth Symphony was time the Fourth Symphony was reached at the end of the evening, bowever, slackness had crept into some of the wind intonation and ensemble, and there were more misjudgments of co-ordination than one might

reasonably expect.

The conductor also took the symphony without apparently great enthusiasm, raising the spirits only for a convincingly dramatic reading of the finale;

It was significant that the RPO the role of orchestral accomalso gave a better account of itself at this point. Both of the opening movements had become bogged down in one way or another, the first in massive, cumbersome textures which fig. flew Concert year at the combersonse textures which have introduced discompressively factors all-Brahms protectively in gramme conducted by Vladimir its choice of tempo, which exceed his keen objectivity in gramme conducted by Vladimir its choice of tempo, which exceed movement there were tended the abilities of the In each movement there were Ashkenary. The results were tended the abilities of the In each movement there were somewhat disappointing; one orchestra to phrase such long passages of great conviction—

Meanwhile Stephen Bishop centrated playing from the Kovacevich had been the soloist—but otherwise there was soloist in the the D minor a failure to channel the drama Piano Concerto. What Ash- of the work into a comprehenkenszy the planist brings to slble and communicable form.

Berlin Music Festival highlights

Deutsche Oper Berlin, is one of the highlights of the West Berlin Music Festival, which runs until the end of October. Das Rheingold will be performed on October 9 and 23, Die Walküre on October 13 and 26, Siegfried on October 16 and 30, and Götterdämmerung on October 6 and 20 and November

A new production of Hofmann. Dietrich Fischer-Wagner's Ring cycle by Götz Diekskan will present a Liedera-Friedrich, Indendant of the bend in the Deutsche Oper on September 24.

2. Other Cotz Friedrich productions are Aida with Julia Varady and Fidelio with Peter

Berlin's own Philharmonis Orchestra will be conducted by Herbert von Karajan on September 28 and 29. The Wilsnow Quartet from Warsaw will perform on Sep-

Radio symphony orchestras from West German broadcasting houses will appear under noted

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SINGAPORE

### Music

### LONDON

Milional Symphony Ovehestra of Washington constacted by Mistislav Rostropovich with Martha Argerich, plano. Rossini, Ravel and Shostakovich. Royal Festival Hall (Wed); with Ame-Sophie Motter, violin. Beet-boven, Mendelssohn and Shostakovich (Thur).

Arts Guide

### PARIS

Vashington's National Symphosy Orchestra conducted by Mittislav Rostropovitch: Berlioz, Debussy, Shostakovitch (Mon), Salle Pleyel (2022-2021)

(303 50 5).

Gesteverdi Choir and Soleists, The English Baroque Soleists. John Eliot Gardiner, Händel's Oratorio – Israel in Egypt (Mon). TMP-Chatelet (233 4444).

Venice: Gran Textro is Fenice (music bleanale): A concert conducted by Plerre Boulez, with Phyllis Bryn-Julson (Mon); Boulez includes Betio's Circles and Le Martean sans Maitre by Boulez (Tue). (25191). Silan: Testro Alle Scala: Carlo Maria Ginlini conducts the violinist Salva-ture Accardo in Beethoven and

### m (Thur). (809126). **NETHERLANDS**

The Fourth Hague Bach Festival com-memorates the tercentenaries of Bach and Handel Chamber music from the La Petite Bande ensemble in the Schönberg Zaal of the Royal Conservatory (Juliana van Stolberg-

### Sept 20-26

laza 1). (Tue); and from Sonata da Canera in the Gotische Zaal (Paleisstraat 3). (Wed). Händel's Acis and Galatea in the Nieuwe Museon (Stachoudersiaan 41). directed by Mirellie Pedange, with Chris Farreundarting the Camerata Amsterdam (Thur). (556806).

Amsterdam, Concertgehouw. The Netherlands Philharmonic conducted by Edo de Waart, with Theo Bruins, piano. Satie/Debussy, Van Baaren, Rachmaninov (Tue). (718345).

### VIENNA

Chamber Music with the Vienna Bach Soloists. Bach. Händel. Minoriten-kirche (635575). (Thur). Chamber Music evening with Thomas Goldschmidt. Bach. Musikverein Brahme-Saal. (The and Wed).

### TOKYO anocha Quartet: Mozart, Schubert Dvorak, Tokyo Bunka Kalkan Small Hall (Wed), (2851651).

CHECAGO Chicago Symphony (Orchestra Hall): Sir Georg Solti opens the season with cellist Lynn Harrell in a pro-gramme of Tchaikovsky, Shostako-vich, Beethoven (Thur), (4358122).

### NEW YORK

Carnegle Hall: Vienna Philharmonic eted by Lorin Maazel, Mozart, Brahms

Christie's has secured a choice property to launch its first ever

Monday September 23 1985

# Beyond the Rainbow

SINCE the foundation of the Fifth French Republic in 1958, all French Presidents have been the victims, sometimes through their own fault, of major political scandals, General de Gaulle had the notorious Ben Barka affair, in which a prominent Moroccan
Opposition leader vanished
without trace in France; M
Pompidou became embroiled in
a complicated underworld scandal known as the Markovic affeir and M Ciscard d'Estaing's position was seriously under-mined by the affair of the diamonds be had received from the Central African Emperor

Impressive precedents might be — their enormous impact et the time has tended to fade with the years — they can be of little consolation to President rears—they can be of little consolation to President François Mitterrand as he faces the consequences of the resignation of M Charles Herau, his Defence Minister and close friend.

Even by previous French standards, the international and domestic furore caused by the sinking of the Creenpeace ship, the Rainbow Warrior, in Aucklend Harbour, New Zealand, must rate somewhere near the top of the Richter scale of tremors. Not only is M Hernu's resignation an implicit recognition that the French recognition that the French secret service was responsible for the sinking of the Creen-paace ship, in spite of previous official denials and the unbelievably bland Tricot report, but it raises the whole question of Presidential responsibility.

The admission by M Hernu in his resignation statement that responsible officials of his Ministry had hidden the truth from him, plus the dismissal of Administry had been the dismissal of the di Admiral Lacoste, the secret ser members of the armed forces, vice chief, are intended to place have operated in a friendly the blame fairly and squarely on these two men's shoulders. But even if it is accepted that the President was not aware of the instructions to sink the Rainbow Warrior, that is a Retween two western nations recognition of lack of Presidential and governmental control over the armed forces and secret the disdain with which the pro-

ally in charge of foreign policy, France.

can afford to make with im punity.

M Mitterrand's whole carefully constructed stratagem for the 1986 election has now been seriously undermined. Fully aware that the Socialist Party aware that the Socialist Party which supports him is most unlikely to win an absolute majority, M Mitterrand has been preparing to govern with an Administration of the Centre covering a wide political spectrum. Such a solution is intended to avoid a constitutional deadless between a problem. deadlock hetween a President and Prime Minister of redically opposed political views, which has never hefore occurred under the Fifth Republic.

After the latest avents, how-After the latest avents, however, it seems much less probeble that leading Centrist or Caullist political figures like M Giscard d'Estaing or M Chirac, who appear to have been tempted by President Mitterrand's plan, will want to contemplate an association with a discredited President

discredited President.

The President's problems have been compounded by the fact that he has tried to gain on the swings of foreign policy what he has lost on the round-abouts of domestic policies. His firmness on the continuation of French nuclear tests in the South Pacific and his forthcoming meeting with Mr Gorbachev, the Soviet leader, probably gained him some points with an increasingly disaffected elec-torate. But after the official volte-face in the Rainbow War-rior Affair, even M Mitterrand's reputation as e skilful inter-national statesman has been badly tarnished.

As more and more details come to light about the affair, one salient fact must not be forgotten. A whole bevy of French secret agents, some of them members of the armed forces. country, New Zealand. Two of them are alleged nn the basis of reliable information, to have blown up a ship in the terri-torial waters of that nation.

services.

It is an admission that no President of the Fifth Republic, who also has the title of the Armed Forces and is tradition—

Transcerices and secret the distant with which the protests of Mr David Lange, the New Zealand Prime Minister, have been treated. A frank apology, even at this late stage, is the least that New Zealand can expect to receive from France.

# Labour's plan for the City

chancellor, conferred new respectability on Labour Party speech on public horrowing. A closely-argued critique of the public sector borrowing requirement as a measure of the covernment and the covernment are considered in the covernmen public sector borrowing requirement as a measure of the Government's fiscal stance carned Mr Hattersley new res-

pect in the City.

Hopes that Labour economic policy might continue to gain coherence and rationality, bowever, may be undermined by the party's new pamphlet "Investing in Britain." The document attempts to spell out a new, avowedly socialist, industrial policy, The lynch-pin would be a new publicly-owned National Investment Bank financed in the first instance at least by the repatriation of funds invested overseas by City institutions since 1979. The NIB's role would be to identify domestic investment opportunities and to investment opportunities end to funnel long-term, concessionary loans to British companies.

### Lending growth ...

The assumption underlying the strategy is neither new nor convincing. It is that the root cause of Britain's relatively poor industrial performance lies in the failure of City Institutions to meet the needs of domestic industry, especially those of small and medium-sized companies. On this analysis, the main reason for the UK's relative decline lles not in poor management, unco-operative unions, or a dearth of entrepreneurs but in the failure of commercial banks and other financial institutions to channel enough cash into domestic projects. The City, argues the Labour Party, is, for historical reasons, preoccupied with international trade and

There are many reasons to query this analysis. Britain is a comparatively small, open economy; arguably more sectors need to be as outward-looking as the City. The notion that industry as a whole is starved of cash is implausible. The corporate sector bas been running a huge financial surplus and the growth of hank lending has been explosive in recent years. The deregulation of financial institutions is rapidly increasing competition should seek to redistribute inbetween borrowers. The idea that an NIB staffed by diligent There are many reasons to

dential is unrealistic.

More worrying than the NIB prosal itself is the economic naivety of many statements in the pamphlet. It is hoth parochial and protectionist. "We believe," it says, "that the proper plece for British savings is in British investment." Has Mr. Hatterslav never heaved of Mr Hattersley never heard of the international capital market nor of the principle of com-parstive advantage? In the 1980s, it is as absurd for a country to board its own savings as to attempt to be self-sufficient in particular traded goods. British investors now have the advantage of an inter-national market for their sav-

national market for their savings; British companies have the corresponding benefit of an international pool of capital.

There is also a markedly illiberal tone to much of the document. The Labour Party intends to ensure "that multinationals play their part in achieving our industrial objectives" and that decisions taken by companies assisted by the NIB will "reflect the overall goals of our strategy." Moreover, the pamphlet maintains it would be "inefficient" to allow funds repatriated from ahroad by institutions (on pain of incurring tax penalties) ahroad by institutions (on pain of incurring tax penalties) "to be wasted on the Stock Exchange." Instead they would be gobblad up by the NIB and used to further "our " interests. How NIB officials would determine the correct allocation of the very large sums (perhaps of the order of £20bn) that Mr Hattersley bopes to repatriate is left unclear. Is it perhaps by "picking winners?" Equally inscrutable are the economic criteria hy which the Shadow Chancellor determines that "far too much" has been invested ebroad in the past six

vested ebroad in the past six years. Scepticism about Mr HattersPRESIDENT Francels Mit-terrand of France now enters the most difficult phase of his seven-year term of office with his administration badly wounded.

badly wounded.

Even before the disastrons events last week which hrought about the downfall of M Charles Hernu, the Minister of Defence, for his role in the Greenpeace affair, the French Socialist party was condemned to lose its absolute majority of seats in the National Assembly under the system of proportional representation that has been brought in for the March elections.

But under the institutions of

elections.

But under the institutions of the Fifth Republic, the parliamentary elections are not the decisive factor in achieving a fundamental shift of power in France. If the right-wing opposition wins the March elections—as seems increasingly probable—it would still have to contend with a Socialist M Mittertend with a Socialist M Mitter-rand installed at the Elysee for

rand installed at the Elysee for another two years.

The whole Socialist strategy was based on M Mitterrand using that period and the considerable powers of the President's office to discredit the new government and thus give the Left e chance of regaining the Presidency et the next Presidential elections due in 1988.

But that strategy depended on M. Mitterrand maintaining on M. Mitterrand maintaining his moral authority as President to ride out what would he a bitterly fought conflict with the Right. It also depended on the administration of M. Laurent Fabius leaving behind an image of competent and successful government around which the Left's next candidate for the Presidency could raily a Social Democrat and centrist Social Democrat and centrist majority.

It is that strategy that has been put at risk by the bungled sinking of the Rainbow Warrior in Anckland harbour on July 10 and the subsequent even clausier attempt to conceal French involvement in it.

The danger for the President is that the opposition will attempt to transform the Parliamentary elections in March into a plebiscite against the President who has lost the legitimacy of his office and with whom the Opposition is no longer obliged to share power. M. Jean Lecanuet, the president of the UDF— the second cam or the ODF— the second largest opposition group—and chairman of the Senate's com-mittee on defence and foreign relations seemed to be setting his sights in that direction when he said over the weekend that under the constitution the President was head of the armed forces and the Prime Minister was responsible for national defence.

"In those conditions," he declared "it is impossible for them to shift their responsibilities and it is unbelievable that they were not informed."

It was in the bope of nipping this pressure in the bud and of ensuring — in paraphrase President Truman — that "the buck" did not go higher, that M. Hernu was forced to resign. M. Hernu was forced to resign.

To the government's credit, as Laurent Fahius, the Prime

Le Monde pointed ont yesterday, it has gone further in
accepting blame than any of

For the Socialist party—

M. Mitterrand needs to main

taken a back seat and there is
the armed forces if he is to have
any chance of maintaining a
consensus over defence and
tringing into disrepute the
taken a back seat and there is
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taken a back seat and there is
at least one factor still urging
consensus over defence and
tringing into disrepute the

The French Presidency after

the Greenpeace affair

# Mitterrand now a wounded combatant

By David Housego in Paris



President Mitterrand (above), Charles Herau (below left) and the Greenpeace ressel Rainbow Warrier



has been called into question hy heing associated with a "terrorist" act. The President's image has suffered accordingly.

M. Hernn was one of M. Mitterrand's most trusted ministers whose resignation he had refused, it now emerges, as long ago as August. He was also a key element in the President's political jigsaw in that he represented the type of consensus over foreign policy and defence that M. Mitterrand was seeking

to strengthen.

For after March next year, defence and foreign affairs are of the smed forces, the two areas over which he will retain most influence and he had intended to use his authority there to reinforce

authority there to reinforce his domestic position.

In the eyes of public opinion the government's evasiveness over the sinking of the Rainbow Warrior and its inability to obtain information which the Press did succeed in getting hold of is a sign of complicity or incapacity, Either way it has dealt a blow to the efforts of M Laurent Fahius, the Prime

Bernard Tricot at the Prime Henricot at

The administration has an irrefutable way that respon-none the less almost six months sible officers in my Ministry in which to rebuild its image concealed the truth from ma before the March elections. It Thus, Admirel Pierre Lacoste, cannot begin to do that until the head of the DGSE, who it first provides credible was sacked on Friday, was not answers to the central ques- alone.

For the most damaging paragraph in the now discredited official report, prepared by M Bernard Tricot at the Prime Minister's request, was that Ceneal Jean Saulnier had given

ror the hlowing up of the Rainbow Warrier and who was responsible for the cover-up?

There are no clear answers to either as yet and they will not be easy to provide without either implicating more members of the government or the so called "Turense" in the socialist party, will have three uncomfortable riverse the socialist party, will have three uncomfortable riverse three riverse riverse three riverse river conple—since identified as DGSE officers—on charges of involvement in the blowing up of the Rainhow Warrior which led to the death of a Portuguese photographer. The case opens on November 4, but could drag on well into the New Year.

M. Quiles' second group of competitors are the French

competitors are the French press who have so far shown themselves more active in pene-trating the government's stonewailing that anybody had imagined."

day, it has gone further in accepting blame than any of its predecessors ever did in the other murky affairs that have marked the history of the Fifth Republic.

But the damage to the government and the Socialist party—port for the government, it has been an agonising period. The President is the symbol The affair is likely to demorative of France's image abroad. Its the providing into disrepute the consensus over defence and foreign policy. He cannot afford to put General Saulnier or his himself called "an absurd and criminal act"—and its support of the fresh inquiries has been an agonising period, demanded by the Prime Minister shall be the party further and sharpen the rivalry between ridicule by the operations of its leaders—notably between its foreign intelligence's services (the DGSE) and its moral stance on human rights issues

The affair is likely to demorate the fresh inquiries that had already seemed a highly charged politication to the two major questions is to the two major questions is to the two major questions is to the stringment in the letter of resignation of M Charles Hernu, M Herran said that he knew "in the providing answers to the stringment in the letter of resignation of M Charles Hernu, M Herran said that he knew "in the providing answers to the stringment in the letter of resignation of M Charles Hernu, M Herran said that he knew "in the providing answers to the stringment in the letter of resignation of M Charles Hernu.

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interval—are increasingly snow halling into each other. A growing number of people in the government and opposition do not believe that the conflict between a Socialist President and a right-wing National Assembly can last two years— and thus increasingly think that the Presidential elections will be brought forward.

But even in these dark days for the Socialists, they still hold considerable cards in their hands to help them to reverse the tide before the next Presidential elections. The Right—on the hypothesis that the combined Partiementary appearing. bined Parliamentary opposition of the RPR and the UDF won an overall majority—would be taking over the government in extremely difficult circum-

The third are the French op-position parties who are also out for blood. Up to now in the per cent, will fall further next year and the trade account is heading back into surplus.

Unemployment is likely to be rising again from the middle of next year as the Socialists' community work programmes come to an end and as the level of economie activity again

In such circumstances, the short-term impact of the Opposition's programme to liberalise the economy by lifting price and exchange controls, easing the restraints on companies theme that seeking to dismiss labour and lowering taxes, would be a worsening of the invation trade

and unemployment figures.

In addition the Opposition would have to carry out a devaluation of the now over-

valued franc.

The new government would take power—rather as the Socalists did in 1981—on the back of the high expectations of their supporters. They would he sniped at by the extreme right wing National Front of M. Jean-Marie Le Pen on the side and a strong group of ex-Socialist ministers in the National Assembly on the other.

M. Mitterrand has sald thet he would not remain "inert" M. Mitterrand has said thet he would not remain "inert" as President. He has the power to dissolve the National Assembly after a year, to call a referendum or to shorten the President's term of office.

Officials make clear that he is ready to use ell these levers and more.

and more.

Though the opposition is agreed on its hroad economic objectives, it is divided on priorities. It is also split over the rivalry between M Jacques Chirac, the leader of the neo-Gaullist RPR, end M Raymond Barre, the former Prime Minister, to be the Opposition's next presidential candidate. In this race former President Valery Giscard d'Estaing, is now falling behind.

falling behind.

It is heceuse of all these difficulties that M Barre has long argued thet power-sharing with M Mitterrand — "cobabitation"—is unworkable and that the Opposition should seek in the March elections a crushing victory that would forca M Mitterrand to resign. His views have strongly gained ground this summer within the opposition.

But M Barre, though the most But M Barre, though the most

popular of the opposition leaders on the basis of the public opinion polls, bas no party behind him. The largest opposition party in the new National Assembly would be the RPR of M Jaques Chirac.

M Chirac is convinced that the opposition could not refuse to take power in March if they are victorious. He is also convinced that the only way be has of overhauling M Barre is to take the Prime Minister's joh next year and thus leed the conflict against M Mitterrand himself—hoping that he can gain the credit for sweeping M Mitterand from power. from power.

M Chirac's lientenants, together with the more right-wing groups in the UDF, are thus working on a programme of "shock" measures — a frame-work denationalisation law, the removal of price and exchange controls, easier dismissal procedures for companies — that could be put to the first session of the new National Assembly in April and would mark a decisive break with the Socialists' administration.

Administration.

Having shown his colours, M.
Chirac then has an interest in
provoking a conflict with M.
Mitterrand that would eventually result in the President's
departure. M. Mitterrand has an
interest in keeping M. Chirac in On the economic front, the Socialists will leave a legacy in which any departure from current restrictive policies will have adverse consequences over: the seat for a good year so that the short term on the main economic indicators. Inflation, elected at a Liveau for of 5.8 have their maximum impart. have their maximum impact. The conflict next year has wards a dnel between these two

men. But before entering the lists. M Mitterrand needed to boost his authority and prestige. Instead it is as a wounded com-batant that he moves into the arens for the final round of the

drama. He could also find that, in the wake of the Greenpeace affair, his main challenger now is M. Barre, campaigning on the theme that if the Right is victorious in March, there is no place at the Elysée for M

### Sign-posting the High Street

By this time next week, the aigns outside 308 hranches of Williams & Clyn's bank will be replaced by the legend of the Royal Bank of Scotland.

The joh is being done by the South East London-based family firm of Pearce Signs, which for nearly 200 years now has been sign-posting the changes in Britain's High Streets.

It was Pearce that lit up the newly-merged Natwest banks; that pinpointed the AbbeyLink cash dispensers; that marked the spread of McDonald's hamburgers throughout the UK and Europe.

Ever since Samuel Pearce began carving and painting signs for local tradesmen and pubs in 1791, the family has been helping the man-in-the-street to find his way about it. It has been a profitable business. As the seventh generation of the family in the shape of Nicholas Pearce, 26, joins the still-private company today, his father and chairman, Brian



The Foreign Secretary and his Soviet counterpart will be discussing the introduction of excursion fares for

### **Men and Matters**

over this year of £17m. The company now employs 750, has a small subsidiary in Holland, and hengs its signs as far afield as the United States and the Middle East.

Though there have been a lot of technical changes since Sam Pearce carved his first signs—the company uses lasers and computer graphics in its production processes—Brian Pearce tells me that the old him of sign within a cill bear. skills of sign-writing still have an important place in his

scheme of things Though little known outside its trade, the Pearce family has probably had as much impect on our modern urban environment as any town planner or archi-

Now firmly established as the biggest sign-maker in Europe, Brian Pearce sees no reason to divert the company from its mainstream business.

Though it makes some road traffic signs and bullet-proof glass, Pearce says: "Our business will continue to be to tell those who want, say, the Mid-land Bank, where to find it."

### Model Kit

Only last week Kit McMahon was criticising the hig staff changes and high salaries that changes and high salaries that have been triggered by the City revolution. His own imminent move to the Midland Bank might seem a little ironical in light of his strong words. So what are the financial inducements to which he has succumbed?

The terms of his employment at Midland have not yet been settled, I gather. At the Bank, McMahon was believed to be

Pearce, is forecasting a turn- not much short of the salary carried hy the chairmanship of the Midland Bank, Not, as they 64y, "a telephone number figure." But then McMahon could hardly be moving just for the money.

### Taylor made

Harry Taylor was obviously not retiring to Coernsey to grow tomatoes. This hardy Yorkshireman who, in the space of 43 years, worked his way up from a hranch of Martins Bank to the post of president of Manufacturers Hanover Corporation, fourth largest hank in the U.S., has taken in his first new assignment.

Puddle Dock headquarters.

"London is an economic place to be," he says, and indeed global strategists like Haneveld carry a high price tag these days. I am told that the investment the hullet "when agreeing his salary.

He had been whisked away from the deputy investment manager's position with the

ment. He is becoming a consultant on banks and financial institu-tions to Deloitte Haskins and Sells, the accountancy firm which has formed International Financial Industry Group.

pleased about it, "he said.

Taylor himself spent much
of yesterday fogbound at
Jersey airport on his way hack
from a speaking engagement in
Williamsburg, Virginia. "It's
what I know and who I know
that I shall bring to bear," he
said, when he finally reached
the home that he is still trying
to put straight.

His first duty will be to speak

to put straight.

His first duty will be to speak at a seminar which Deloitte's is organising in Jersey on "managing risk in financial institutions" later this mouth. He will also be helping the firm earning about £75,000 a year, to keep track of all the changes

that are reshaping the financial services business. Taylor has set himself the target of working 50 to 60 per cent of his time in retirement. Has be other irons in the fire?
"I have, but it's a bit early
to talk about them," he said.

### Going Dutch

Dutch investment expert, Klein Hansveld left London for home two years ago, feeling that his three young children should be brought up in his native land, but now he is on the way back, Next month he takes up the key position of investment director at Touche Remnant's Puddle Dock headquarters.

"London is an economic place

salary.

He had been whisked away from the deputy investment manager's position with the Dutch pension fund of the Shell group in The Hague. Previously, he spent nine years with Morgan Gnaranty Trust in London, and the pension of the state of the pension of the state of the sta and though it is possible to detect a reluctance to move his Financial Industry Group.

This is quite a coup for Peter
Chapman, Deloitte's partner in
charge of banking, who was
yesterday counting the benefits
both to the firm's business and
its clients (who happen to
include the Bank of England).

"We are obviously very
pleased about it," he said.

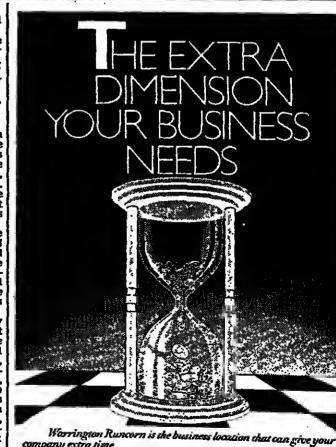
Taylor blusses spent much
detect a reluctance to move his
family ebroad again, the joh
opportunity in London proved,
at 37, too much in resist. "Professionally, I look forward to it
e lot," says Haneveld.
For Touche Remnant's managing director, Peter Gray, an
active recruiter in recent
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elot," says Haneveld.

For Touche Remnant's managing director, Peter Gray, an
active recruiter in recent ing director, Peter Gray, an active recruiter in recent months, Haneveld is a crucial piece in the organisational jig-saw. Having built up a diverse team of investment specialists, Cray will now have, as investment director, a generalist who will be eble to impose some sort of order on the assorted individuals.

sort of order on the assorted individuals.

"We need to have the macro picture euthoritatively defined." says Gray, slipping into the kind of jargon which afflicts.

**Observer** 



company extra time.

Three major motorways rush your products to 15 million consumers within an hour. 20 minutes to the east there's an international oirport. 20 minutes to the west a world seaport. And above oll there's a range of efficient, new time-saving



FOREIGN AFFAIRS

# Tit-for-tat: a champion strategy

By Ian Davidson

" THIS HAS not," said a British Foreign Office spokesman last week, "been tit-for-tat so far as we are concerned. We have acted on objective evidence. The tit-for-tat element has come exclusively from the context. exclusively from the Soviet

He was, of course, seeking to explain Mrs Thatcher's decision not to prolong the reciprocal expulsions of Soviet spies and innocent British citizens into a

third round.

No one was deceived by these protestations of injured innocence: Mrs Thatcher can only have been playing it for the with the second buneb of Soviet expellees. If they really posed a threat to British security, why weren't they expelled in the first round? What the Foreign Office spokesman and Mrs Thatcher may not have known, as I did not know until a week ago, is that Tit for Tat is, in theoretical terms, e champion bargaining strategy, perhaps the best there is. It appears that an American professor has proved as much, with a computer.

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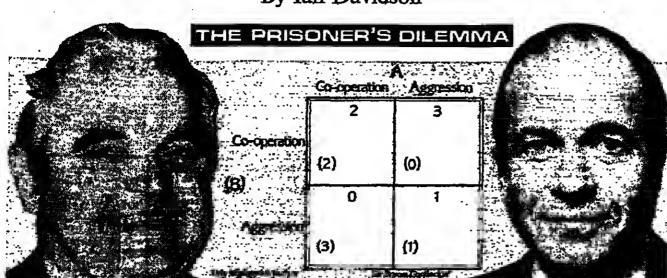
30 B

computer models are not the same as real life; in particular, they can only cope with ultrasimple, binary choices, and their method of scoring wins their method of scoring wins and losses is equally siceletal. Nevertheless, our American intellectual. Professor Robert Axelrod, has done e pretty interesting experiment which may have useful lessons for hargaining between the superpowers, and which is the subject of a long and subtle commentary by Christopher Makins in the latest issue of Survival.

In this particular case, it is hard to measure whether London or Moscow came out better from the exchange. Mrs

game.

The sequence of events suggests that the expulsion of the first Soviet contingent was forced on the British government. The defection of Oleg would argue that since British Gordievsky, chief KGB resident in London, must have blown second Soviet retalization, she in Londov, must have blown second Soviet retaliation, she maximum prison sentence. They the cover of his colleagues in should have stuck grimly to a will, therefore, both he likely Britain (and perhaps else strategy of Tit-for-Tat. The to confess, even though both



where). To have allowed them woste). It have allowed them to stay would have been to give Moscow, and Washington, the impression of abject feebleness on the part of the Iron Lady.

By contrast, the immediacy and numerical exactitude of the Soviet reprises augments that soviet reprisal suggests that source of the Soviet reprisal suggests that equivalence of retaliation was for them the governing factor, and more important than any question of what the wretched Britons had really been up to. For all we know, some of them may have been spying what-ever that means but Moscow's primary concern was to meet toughness with toughness. In that sense, Mrs Thatcher lost

But in terms of reality rather than psycho-games, Britain has probably come put shead, even if psycho-games are also part of In this particular case, it is hard to measure whether London or Moscow came out better from the exchange. Mrs Thatcher edviculty miscalenshated the likely Soviet response to her initial exiction of 25 soviet spics, and may be thought to have lost face by Weinberger, U.S. Defence Secretioning from what was turning into an arm-wrestling contest. But it is arguable that depend heavily on industrial and britain is still ahead of the game.

The sequence of events sug-

Russians have far more people would have been better off if in London than Britain has in they had remained allent. Moscow, and no doubt a far higher proportion of them is long been used by strategy games players to draw a pessi-mistic inference about the reengaged in emicoage; they would therefore run out of ammunition sooner, and suffer mistic inference about the re-istionship between the super-powers. If they pursue a mini-max strategy, as logic indicates they should, they (2nd we, of course), will end up with a poor result. The determination to avoid the worst possible out-come leads both sides to en-gage in antagonistic acts, which comulatively are called the

ment was based on a variant of the classic strategy game called The Prisoner's Dilemma. The scenario is that there are two prisoners, in separate cells and they have the choice between sitence and confession. The rule of the game is that a prisoner will get the maximum sentence if he remains silent while the other confesses; conversely, he will get the lightest sentence if he confesses while the other rehe confesses while the other re-mains silent. If both confess or both remain silent, both re-ceive equal but intermediate

simultaneous confession. The dilemma can be translated into the real world of super-power bargaining. The Russians and the Americans have the greatest common interest in sticking to arms control agreements. But the Russians score the biggest relative national advantage, it they

cheat and the Americans do not.

In the game, the logic of the prisoners dilemma is that both of them will want to minimise the worst possible outcome—the maximum prison sentence. They will be referred both he likely

questions about nuclear weapoos, where potential losses are horrific and gains merely at absence of loss; so it is not surprising that they tend to concentrate on worst-case assessments.

Third and most important

Third and most important. real life cannot be reduced to a single, fatal choice: it consists of a long series of (mostly minor) choices, allowing for feedback from the other player and for the ever-present possi-bility of a change of tactics. In short, the super-power relationship is e continuing affair. Every day, every year. they re-encounter the prisoner's dilemma, so in principle, even after 40 years of confrontation. after 40 years of confrontation, there should be room for a learning process which moves them up from e worst-case, mini-max strategy.

Professor Axelrod's contribution to theory has been to take account of these real-life

The simple version of the game has a number of short-comings as a paradigm for the real world. For example, there is no public prosecutor, and the superpowers are not prisoners in with the transporter. factors, by bolding a Prisoner's Dilemma tournament between a number of different strategies, each of which was tested against each of the others over several in cells, unable to commonicate with one another. Second, the game only allows for different degrees of penalties, so that its conclusion is unavoidably pessimistic about the possibilities of co-operation. That is why, in the diagram, I have framed the scores in terms of rewards not musichments. bundred moves or choices. One strategy proved the overall winner: Tit-for-Tat. If the other guy is nice, you immediately respond with niceness; if he's nasty, you immediately re-taliate. It did not produce spectacular gains, but it never came off worst except by a small margin, and it tended to promote co-operation with any It is symptomatic of the mind-set of so many American (and perhaps Russian) strategic analysis, that they have a narrowly-fecused obsession with other strategy that entertained the option of co-operation. (There lies the rub?)

The problem is that, in the tournament, each round began with the first move; and the first move under Tit-for-Tat was always co-operative. In real life, on the big strategic issues, there is seldom such a thing as a first move, and both superpowers have a long folkemory of antagonism. Neverthe less, the Axelrod theory has

The first lesson is that Tit-for-Tat is very simple; and because it is absolutely con-sistent and predictable, it auto-matically holds open the option of co-speration as more advantageous to both sides than confrontation.

Second, its simplicity voids the hargaining process of all ideology and all questioning of motives. You can forget about ambitions and their propaganda if your strategy is simply to match their actions immediately and precisely.

Thirdly, and perhaps most important, it is a strategy without a strategy. Americans, as Dr Henry Kissinger has frequently lamented, have the frequently lamented, have the greatest difficulty in conceiving and managing a geo-political strategy: they prefer instant-fix, problem-solving and novelty. Some of the gyrations in American foreign policy stem from the swings of electoral politics, but some from internal contradictions between their quasi-insular geography and their insular geography and their idealogical instinct for activism; between their historic affinity with Europe and the extreme political and practical difficulty of leading the Alliance from in

When the Russians found to be breaking the ABM treaty with their Krasnoyarsk radar, the U.S. should have immediately announced an equal and opposite infraction of In the spy case, the Russians played the Tit-for-Tat strategy absolutely consistently, whereas Mrs Thatcher did not. But who broke the rule that the first move must be cooperative? The Russians, by sending so many spies; or Mrs Thatcher, by expelling them? The Evolution of Co-or

Lombard

# Taking PESC to the people

By Samuel Brittan

FORGIVE ANOTHER piece triggered off by the Sociel Democrat part of the Alliance which is likely to displease SDP eothusiasts by querying the party line and displease Tories because of the attention paid to their near winds. to their new rivals. It just so happens that the SDP has re-cently been throwing up mat-erial irresistible to an econo-

with I don't know how many hundred thousand other voters —a letter from David Owen containing e policy question-naire designed to keep SDP leaders in touch with majority opinion. I am asked whether I would be prepared to make e contribution to "support our factor to make British a fairney efforts to make Britain a fairer society." In the case of a commentator, a critical and public contribution to discussion will surely be much more useful than a grubby independence compromising cheque or banker's order. So here goes.

It is almost impossible to reasonable bet that the cost of people who fill up such docu-

ocial market economy.

One question asks whether, if higher taxation formed part of the programme to increase jobs 1 would be prepared to pay it. This is just as loaded as if e "supply-sider" insimuated that lower taxes were the key to more jobs and pointed towards public spending cuts to finance them.

If Dr Owen really wants to put a personally challeoging question through the letter box be might ask next time: "Would you be prepared to forego a pay increase if this formed equal and opposite infraction of their own. When the Russians declared a nuclear test moratorium, the U.S. should have immediately followed suit.

In the spy case, the Russians played the Tit-for-Tat strategy need to be elaborated further in the spy case. if it is to obtain bonest replies.

But despite these and many other quibbles, the questionnaire does contain the germ of a good idea. A pie chart is provided showing the break-up of government spending into ten main sections, such as social security, defence, bealth, educa-tion and so on. A hox is pro-vided against each section

where the respondent can sug-gest an increase, e decrease, or no change.

One's first instinct is to say that e reasonable person should refuse to answer. It is not the size of social security payments, to take one category, which mat-ters but how far they are successfully targeted on those that need them, end bow far they simply pointiessly re-cycle large I have just received—along sums among the middle class with I don't know how many and better off wage earners. But then one recalls that these slices of the pie chart are the precise categories in which

governments now arrange the "PESC" review of public expenditure. The ticking off of items in Dr Owen's questionnaire is no cruder than the horse treding that the Cabinet's new Chief Secretary, John Mo-

It is almost impossible to make a questionnaire of this kind unloaded; and the authors ments will want to add to have not tried too hard. The underlying assumptions are spending. But they are not still too Labour Party and prostate sector in orientation and contain much too little of the social market economy.

One question asks whether, if the area of the social market economy.

One question asks whether, if the area of the social market economy. corresponding cots should be made to pay for them, or alternatively, face up to the increase in taxes (which is much more relevant in relation to public spending than in the more clusive debate on "jobs").

Respondents could be helped towards a sensible reply by being reminded for instance that a 1 percentage point in-crease in the basic income tax rate would have an ultimate annual yield of £1.1bn or that a 1 per cent change in the VAT rate would yield over £800m. Democracy is not the answer to all problems, and I would not dream of taking e majority vote on the appropriate size of the budget deficit, the existence of a jobs-inflation tradeoff or even whether violence and drug ahuse is related to unemploy-ment (a question which calls for research rather than value jodgments). Yet for all the qualifications there is some-thing to be said for "taking PESC to the people" and refin-ing the process which Dr Owen

### An Alliance strategy

From Mr I. Wrigglesworth MP Sir,-I would like to respond to Samuel Brittan's fair and perceptive review (Economic Viewpoint September 19) of the SDP/Liberal Alliance eutumn statement and our simulation right to draw ettention to the guarantee to the long-term crucial role proposed for in unemployed within an expanded

would be contained in the first year of our fiscal expansion by year of our fiscal expansion by holding the growth of nominal eernings 2 per cent below the base forecast in the first year, and by 1 per cent in the second year. Such an essumption provides for a modest growth in real earnings. Further progress in holding inflation below tha 7½ per cent projected for 1987 would be dependent upon introducing the longer-term reforms in wage determination and wider share ownership, which, wider share ownership, which, as Samuel Brittan correctly points out, are part of the agenda of e future Alliance Government, assumptions we left were inappropriate to a short-term autumn statement. The experience of incomes politices, highly effective in the short-term but prone to unravel over e longer period, suggests that it is prudent for politimakers to be cautious about how rapidity changes in the culture of collective bargaining towards greater industrial partnership can be brought about when simulating the effects of e short-term expansionary wider share ownership, which, e sbort-term expansionary Samuel Brittan's alternative,

holding nominal demand stable while tackling the "pricing out-of-work culture, does not belong to the practical world of policy making. As he edmits, the arithmetic is more mechathe arithmetic is more mechanistic than it can ever be in practice. If unemployment is to be reduced, then a real growth rate well beyond the projected 2 per cept underlying real GDP increase for 1985 will be required. The increase in demand we promose however is real GDP increase for 1980 will be required. The increase in demand we propose however is not, as Samuel Brittan suggests, motivated purely by a political with a 1 per cent fall in employer formulation of infrastructure of infrastructure of infrastructure of infrastructure spending." Our balanced budgetary expansion is selective and targeted to achieve the most cost-effective mix of job creation programmes. Of the £50n programmes of the £50n programme, roughly equal shares are committed to capital spending (principally on bousebuilding and renovation), e 1 per cent cut in employers national insurance contributions, a job

# Letters to the Editor

crucial role proposed for incomes strategy in ensuring that growth is real and that the demand boost is not frittered away by rising inflation.

In carrying out the simulations, we were deliberately cautious about the effectiveness of an incomes strategy in securing a better mix between output and inflation. We assumed that the increase in earnings would be contained in the first very of our fiscal exoansion by unemployed within an expanded Of course, as Samuel Brittan points out, such an exercise depends crucially upon the assumptions fed in and the pro-perties of the model itself. Earlier simulations run on a similar Alliance package on the London Business School macroeconomic model in March gave both a better result on jobs and a higher inflation figure. Since then, most commentators beve revised their inflation projections downwards and the latest Department of Employment estimates for new entrants to the labour force up to 1989 have become markedly more pessimistic. Thus, the scale of the task in dragsing tha economy oot of the hole into which the Government has dug it will be immense. Yet even playing eway from home" on the Treasury model, the Alliance simulations show that a substantial fall in unemployment—of ground half e million within two years—can be a higher inflation figure. Since ment—of exound hair e minutes within two years—can be achieved at less of an inflationary price than many previously thought possible.

Ian Wrigglesworth.

House of Commons, SW1.

### Unemployment in the OECD

From Professor D. Wood.
Sir,—The synopsis by James
Symons (September 13) may
not do justice to his full study
but the claims that "In all
cases we find that employment
is strongly responsive to real
wages. On average, a 1 per cent
wise in real wages is associated

higher than the UK, yet employ-ment has risen by 12 per cent. The U.S. has enjoyed employ-ment expansion of 22 per cent. around three times the rate of the total OECD although real wages in both cases hardly changed.

Obviously in any given country employment and real wages may co-vary at the margir, But our real problem is to get our trade-offs between real wage growth and employment growth to occur at levels similar to Japan, not to contain real wages to what is affordable. real wages to what is affordable on the assumption that the truly miserable performance of the UK economy will persist

indefinitely. (Professor) Donglas Wood, Manchester Business School, Booth Street West, Manchester

### Employment and From Mr P. Meyer

From Mr F. Meyer
Sir.—James Symons, (September 18) argues the dominance of
the "real wage" in determining
unemployment. His position is
not as unique as he suggests,
and is founded on a peculiar definition of the real wage.
Traditionally, real wages, to
economists, have meant
measures of the purchasing
power of workers' earnings.
The "real" is contrasted to The "real" is contrasted to nominal or monetary wage. Mr Symons coins the phrase "con-sumption wage" for this measure, and defines real wage as the real costs of labour to firms. Rewriting his argument in traditional cost terms, we derive the trivial result that, when the cost of one factor of production, labour, rises relative to others, the utilisation of that factor falls. Not surprising, but petentially misleading. In fact, the interesting rela-tionships with respect to wage

rates regard their relationship to the behaviour of actual and potential workers, not the behaviour of firms. Moreover, the provides th

force: ettempting to maintain con-sumption standards may add another member to the labour force, or may pursue longer bours of work. In the process, unemployment may fail to decline while wages fall. Mr Symons argues as if the total pool of people in the labour force is in up way

comulatively are called the arms race, the cold war, etc. Arguably, it also leads the Russians to cheat on the 1872 Anti-Ballistic Missile Treaty and the

Americans to prepare to do so with their Strategic Defence

in cells, unable to commonicate

responsive to wage rates and purchasing power. Given his some validity, showing correlation—simultaneous movements —in real wages and in unemployment due to changes in employment. The assumption is,

however, false.

Moreover, his implication that this relationship is causal is anywarranted by his evidence. Simultaneous movements may be no more than simultaneous responses to a third causal change.
To accept Mr Symons' argu-

ment is to accept that the standard of living of workers— at all levels—will have to fall continuously as raw materials prices rise, unless we are willing to accept ever growing unemployment. Peter B. Meyer,

(Associate Professor, Pena-slyvania State University (USA) Visiting Associate, Centre for Employment Ininita-tives), 140a Gloucester Mansions, Cambridge Circus, WC2

### An important currency

From Mr R. Thornton Sir, — Bryan Cassidy's plea (September 18) for more com-panies involved in international trade to use Ecus as the basis of their transactions should not of their transactions should not fall upon deaf ears. Old habits die hard and the British are potoriously conservative, particularly in financial matters, but anyone who has had an equivalent experience in international commerce and the financial markets will be aware of the notativity herefit according of the potential benefit accruing from any expediency which will smooth out exchange rate fluctu-ations; and the Ecu is certainly not simply an expediency.

Leaving third world countries aside — and the benefits of EEC-associated contracts drawn up in Ecus with these countries are obvious — the practical edvantages of the smoothing curve in relation to france, pesetas and drachmas can be demonstrated. strated by looking at the spreads of the past 30 days and comparing the Ecu rates of these currencies with the daily mean. The geodness-of-fit is

As Mr Nicoll pointed out in his admirable article (Septem-ber 14) the Ecu has already become the fifth most important currency in international finan-

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# **FINANCIAL TIMES**

Monday September 23 1985



Terry Byland on Wall Street

### **Bankers** for a recovery

BANK STOCKS, after heading the list of fund managers' favourites for nearly 12 moaths, have suddenly fallen from grace.

The selling bout has taken nearly 10 per cent off money-centre banks' shares against a fall of only 4.3 per cent on the Standard & Poor's 500 index. To a great extent, that represents profit-taking after the substantial rise in the stocks over the preceding 18 months. There is also ncreased concern over Latin American debt and regulatory proposals

There is also a danger, however that investors are throwing out the baby with the bathwater, over-emphasising the difficulties and forgetting the factors that boosted bank stocks in the first place and are still largely true.

The earnings outlook for banks is still considerably better than for the manufacturing sector and likely to become increasingly so as doubts over the pace of the U.S. economy

Despite the shakeout in the financial sector, most analysts are still bullish on bank earnings for the rest of this year. At Salomon Bros., Mr Thomas Hanley expects the banks to increase profits by

about 12 per cent for fiscal 1985.

Profits should continue to benefit fro the activity in the foreign ex-change and U.S. bond markets that boosted earnings in the first half. The prospects of another windfall benefit from falling short-term rates is less predictable. But Friday's disappointing "flash" estimate for third-quarter economic growth will strengthen the case for an eas-ing in Federal Reserve policies.

Short-term rates are fast approaching the levels at which calls for a cut in the discount rate were

Industrial profits, however, are still headed for a pretty flat year, according to Wall Street Merrill Lynch crunched the Standard & Poor's 400 and 500 stocks again last week, and saw modest profit gains in the second half of the year just about balancing out the downturn

Against that backdrop, bank shares seem to have been oversold by investors underestimating the near-term outlook for the prices. Salomon Bros estimates that earnings ratios on its 35-bank group are now only around 62 per cent of the 11.5 times of the S&P 500 stocks. Some money-centre stocks are trading at barely 50 per ceat of the S&P index P/E.

the company says that third-quar-ter earnings should amount to be-tween \$1.40 and \$1.65 a share, against \$2.04 a share last year, At the beginning of 1985, bank stocks were trading at 70 per cent of the S&P ratio, and it is not hard to see the money-centre banks returning to those levels, given the profits

It is a measure of the severity of the shakeout in the banks that prices for some moaey-centre oanks would have to rise by about a third from their present levels to restore earnings ratios to their pre-

Much will depead on the clouds still hanging over the national and domestic economies and thus over bank loans, Analysts still favouring bank stocks believe that the Latin American debt problems will contime to be "managed", even if the U.S. has to follow Canada's lead by requiring banks to establish specif-ic loan-loss preserves against debts

to less developed countries. That might compel the banks to raise sizeable amounts of new capital, but it would also reduce e massive bear pressure on the stocks.

Further losses on domestic loans to the U.S. farming, energy and manufacturing sectors are likely this year. But hanks have already taken the opportunity presented by the successful first ball to improve loan loss reserve ratios substantially. The farm loans mostly remained

with the regional banks. There are, in short, good reason for buying shares for the short term, J.P. Morgan, Bankers Trust, Chase Manhattan, Citicorp and every other money-centre bank are trading on earnings ratios lower

Flotation plan highlights recovery in property/casualty, writes Paul Taylor

# Fireman's Fund set for debut

of shape where the California-based property/casualty insurance group could be spun off to the public.

But when it finally happens later this autumn, the Firemen's Fund share sale is expected to be the largest initial public offering by a U.S. company ever, eclipsing the \$858m Ford Motor issue in 1956. (Wall Street does not count British Telecom's mammoth \$4.7bn offer last year).

Providing the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), which is still investigating certain ods at Fireman's Fund, gives the green light, the offering will involve the sale of 32m shares expected to fetch between \$24 and \$27 each.

Of these, American Express will sell 24m, reducing its stake in the new public company to about 45 per cent and raising about \$600m for the New York-based financial services giant in the process.

At the same time, the public offering will allow the new Fireman's Fund to bolster its capital and capacity - a looming shortage of which has already sent other major insurers scurrying back into the equity markets.

From a Wall Street perspective, the timing of Fireman's Fund's public stock debut is fortunate. Although the U.S. property/casualty insurance sector is still deeply scarred from its worst cyclical ownturn in history, the tide has at

y and soaring reinsurance rates. U.S. property and casualty insurers have been aggressively pushing up out a \$16m profit. According to the assumptions, property casualty policy prices. While the impact of offering prospectus, the group, companies will be unable to write

BY TERRY DODSWORTH IN NEW YORK

TRW, THE diversified U.S. industri-

tax charge in the third quarter as

part of a sweeping reorganisation

aimed at increased emphasis on its electronics, defence and automotive

The charge, equivalent to \$4.47 a.

TRW's earnings this year, and is

likely to lead to losses in the second

first six months.

registered in 1984.

half after a \$132m net profit in the

Exclusive of the special reserve.

while fourth-quarter net income

should be around the \$1.55 a share

The reorganisation programme

will involve the disbanding of the

Cleveland-based company's indus-

trial and energy divisions, along with the divestment of its opera-tions in tools, bearings and aircraft

components. Motor industry-relat-

ed fastener activities are being transferred to the automotive divi-

sion of the group, while the future of the energy group is to be "evalu-

tute reports that the industry's con-solidated net income increased by 99 per cent to \$1.12bn – the message has not been lost on Wall Street.

U.S. property and casualty stocks began to take off more than a year ago and climbed steadily until re-cently. Between July 1984 and July 1985, Best's Property and Casualty index climbed by over 70 per cent from about 314 to over 543, while the Standard & Poor's 500 index increased by a much more modest 28 per cent. Even though property/ca-sualty stocks have dipped in the last few weeks - largely seen on Wall Street as an inevitable temporary correction - all tha major insurers are now selling at comfortably over book value.

Indeed, most analysts, like Mr David Seifer of First Boston, view the current correction as a buying coportunity, even though few expect the pace of advance to continue. He said: "Donht and scepticism surrounding the strength and longevity of the property/casualty earnings turnaround have replaced the earlier optimism." But be adds: "Many insurance companies are already recording earnings improve-ment, and much more is to At Fireman's Fund itself, now under a new management team led by Mr John Byrne, the former chief executive at Geico, the picture, though still clouded by under-reserving in the past, has begun

Excluding a further \$187m addi-Buoyed by a shake-out in capacition to reserves in the second quarter, Fireman's Fund's property and like Mr Seifer of First Boston, becasualty operations managed to eke lieve that, even under reasonable

TRW will take \$170m charge

TRW, THE diversified U.S. industri- The company said it also in then select a purchase price and all group, is to take a \$170m after-tended to make acquisitions to acquire at least 5m shares at prices

strengthen its position in the activi-

ing organisational structure and re-

centrating our resources on our

Dr Ruben Mettler, chairman and

Dr Mettler, who has steered TRW

increasingly towards high-technolo-

gy sectors in recent years, said that the group had registered a strong performance in "leading-edge tech-

nologies for use in space, defence and information systems," as well

as establishing a strong position as

a supplier to the worldwide motor

industry.

TRW is combining the reorgani-

sation of the company with a hefty

share buyback programme that might retire up to 22 per cent of its

equity, or 8m of its outstanding

In an unusual variation on normal buyback procedures, the com-

pany is inviting shareholders to ten-der their shares at any price they choose between \$60 and \$68. It will

These actions are evidence of

ducing overhead costs.

chief executive.

common shares.

IT HAS been a long, hard and cost—more realistic pricing is only just—ly battle for American Express to beginning to feed to the bottom line knock Fireman's Fund into the sort—the Insurance Information Instiucts and ranks as the seventh larg—As it stands, a shortage of capital est property and casualty company has become a serious problem for in the U.S. and the fourth largest the industry since in many states commercial insurer, had net income property casualty companies are of \$14m in the two months to the not allowed to exceed a premium to

The numbers represent a modest beginning in the group's uphill away new business just when it has climb back to profitability following become adequately priced. press for \$330m in cash.

Wall Street insurance analysis Among the insurance groups to believe the Fireman's Fund is gen-

Fireman's Fund itself plans to sell 8m shares in the offering, a written to statutory surplus will fall end of June - implying a greater ca- the bus pacity to write new business.

others, predict a sharp capacity shortfall as the cycle turns. Some,

tendered at or below it.

threat of takeover.

term credit.

our continued commitment to in- fend off unwelcome takeover ap-

Share buybacks have become in

creasingly popular over the last year or so in the U.S., and have of-

ten been launched in an effort to

ings, increasing debt and lifting the

share price of companies under the

TRW, however, has not been the

subject of significant takeover spec-

ulation, and Dr Mettler said the de-

cision to repurchase was "based on management's belief that TRW's

common stock represents an attrac-

tive investment for the company at

current market prices, given the

prospects for our businesses." Funding for the repurchase would

come from existing cash and short-

The company gave no explana

tion for the size of the charge, al-though it said it might prove to be a

"conservative" sum once the market for the activities being divested had been tested. The businesses being put on the market, which had sales

of \$700m last year and assets of \$475m, were all profitable, TRW

that companies will have to turn

\$260m and \$192m pre-tax losses in the previous two full years, a with the favourable stock market struggle which the new company conditions, help explain why many will face without its profitable life of the higgest U.S. property and ca-insurance operations which have sualty companies have finally re-been sold back to American Ex-turned to the equity and equityrelated debt markets.

erally well prepared for life on its months are Astna Life and Casuown without the American Express alty, Continental and General, protective umbrella. Therefore they which each raised more than \$200m believe the public offering, which by issuing new common stock, and values the group at around \$1.7m, Chubb, St Paul Cos, and Travelers should be well received. The price is reasonable and the timing is good, says Mr W. Devid Anthony of Smith Barney. which all successfully floated asw convertible preferred shares. Some groups are now returning to the markets for a second time this year.

As Paine Webber noted in a recent industry review: "We view this move that will raise around \$190m as a positive trend because the inand push total shareholders' equity in the new company up to \$1.3bm and the group's adjusted staintory surplus to \$1.12bn. As a result, the company's ratio of net premiums and that the industry's positive prices and that the industry's positive prices. ing momentum will be slowing this to around 2.5 to 1 from 3.1 to 1 at the year. Capacity is still flooding out of

While there is little doubt on Wall Such additional flexibility could Street that the industry as a whole prove crucial to the new public comstill faces serious problems — and pany since Wall Street analysts and possibly more shocks - the flood of recent equity offerings by the ma-jors, and the expected pricing of Fireman's Fund initial offering 'tion for the property and casualty

## Tehran in as part of major reorganisation threat to shut Strait of Hormuz

By Roger Matthews in London

IRAN threatened yesterday to shut the Strait of Hormuz at the mouth tacking its oil-exporting facilities. The Gulf war enters its sixth year this month and Iraq has been press ing bome its attacks on Kharg Island, Iran's main oil-export terminal, with greater persistence than

The raid last Friday is believed to have been Iraq's most effective, hitting a tanker and causing signifi-cant damage to one of the jettles. Iran was clearly stung by the at-tack, and President Ali Khamenie said yesterday that not only would Hormuz be closed but there would also be attacks deep inside Iraqi

The threat to Hormuz is one which Iran has made several times during the war and to which the U.S. has responded with a pledge to maintain freedom of navigation. Washington is deeply sceptical of Iran's military ability to maintain a blockade of Hormuz, but it is ac-cepted that air attacks and consequent increases in insurance rates could temporarily deter ships' cap-tains from taking their vessels into

the Gulf, During the past few months Iranian warships have been stopping and searching vessels passing through the Strait, saying they are looking for war supplies destined

The commander of the Iranian Navy said yesterday 42 ships had been stopped and searched thring the past few days. He said some consignments had been confiscated. consignments had been confiscated.
Captain Mohammed Hussein
Malekzadegan added that Iran had
no wish to endanger the safety of
the area, but if the Persian Gulf cannot be used by us then it will not be used by any other country."

Poultry (his new office will be called by 100 yards from his present one) will restore much-needed prestige to Midland and hring it a wealth of common and war effort would quickly grind to a halt. An attempt to shut the Strain

THE LEX COLUMN

# Garbled message in translation

Fisons' interim statement last week was a note about currencies; anticipated foreign earnings have apparently been covered for the rest of the year, removing the danger of losses on translation into sterling. Fisons has bought put options on the dollar, some of which it has al-ready exercised at a substantial profit, offsetting any translation losses on its overseas trading earnings. It seems a wonderful idea - if only more UK companies were like Fisons, sterling profits could pro-gress steadily from year to year, calmly insulated from the vagaries

It is not however, quite that simple; and had the dollar moved the other way, the wrinkles would have begun to show. In that case, foreign earnings would have been flattered by their translation and the options would simply not have been used. But the cash used to pay for them would have been lost since the offsetting gain on translation is merely an accounting item. So far as cash is concerned, it should not matter to the unhedged business whether the dollar rises or falls; the same number of dollars are still retained by the American subsidiary for reinvestment. But cash payouts and accounting items are like apples and oranges here; one does not

The hedging of profit is in sharp contrast with the more widely fol-lowed practice of hedging transac-tion exposures. A finance director makes a cash transaction now in order to insure against a potentially less favourable cash transaction in the future, maybe on export con-tracts or the remittance of dividends from overseas. The choice of hedging instrument – options, fa-tures, or forward deals – is poten-tially controversial; locking into the wrong forward rate can be damag-ing to the reputation as well as to cash flow. But at least like is being matched with like.

That is not to say that it is wrong for companies to take a view on cur-rencies. By hedging translation ex-posure, though, they are moving in-to new fields — essentially as bankers. Profits from the trading of exchange-rate movements deserves a p/e of not much more than 1.

YIELD GAP FE ACTUARES ALL SHARE YELD

cast right and make money from their options, they can condemn themselves to playing the option game until currency movements go into reverse. If the dollar wera to be even weaker next year, for in-stance, and Fisons decided not to hedge, the comparison between the two years' profits would be decidedly unflattering. Once on tha treadmill, it takes a brave company to jump off.

Corporate treasurers should certainly be broad minded enough to give new financial techniques the occasional whirt, particularly where they produce a genuine reduction in risk. In the case of translation, however, the risk lies mainly in the poser, the risk has unhedged sterling profit figure will be misunderstood by the stock market. The most obvious and cheapest way to hedge that particular risk is to draw up ac-counts which clearly show the dif-ference between translation effects and underlying performance. As it plaints against BAT and Cadbury whose profits were savagely penalised by currency translation looked straight through the currency problems to more fundamental trading disappointments.

### **UK** equities

The silly season in the equity market is frequently longer than in Fleet Street, but summer excesses are generally washed away by early September's flood of half-year prof-Even when companies do fore- change of mood seems to have been years.

deferred, at least until the distractions of takeover activity subside.

i Fall

Those distractions played a crucial part in bringing the market back to the boil after its spring shakeout, and the continuing stream of actual or potential cash takeovers has managed to keep equities simmering since the FT All Share index peaked three weeks ago. A glance at sectors which have broken into new ground in the last month shows this plainly enough: the stores and construction stocks are discounting a good trading background, but the brewers, newspaper publishers and textile groups are as clearly enjoying the glow of

It will be remarkable indeed if New York arbitrageurs really have sniffed out a serious interest in Courtaulds - so aften the butt of rumours which quickly lose their crease; still more remarkable if the Australian attempt on Allied Lyons actually comes to a conclusion. However hard merchant banks scour the City of London to drum up potential bidders, and despite the rising amounts of bank finance available to the ambitious, there is every chance that the merry-goround may suddenly stop.

Fortunately, it should not be nec-essary to come down with too much of a bump. Estimates of aggregate profits have at last begun to respond to the less bullish influences; the example of the electronics sec-tor has helped to stop research departments from making too liberal a use of straight-line forecasting, and a temporary rise in the effec-tive tax rate is making for additioaal caution at the level of earnings. Neither earnings nor dividends will grow as fast as in 1984.

Though earnings estimates have been falling backward, to compensate for the more innocent views expressed at the start of the year, there is still a chance that the over all figures could increase by a little over 10 per cent - assuming that there is no further reversal of the sterling devaluation which made life so easy last year; yet tales of prosperity at home are being compromised over and over by misery abroad, even if only misery in translation. And although a noticegoods and the trading of options it figures. Given the reappearance able slowing of profits growth is not should probably be segregated in in quantity of up-to-date corporate the thing to sustain a market, its efthe profit-and-loss account; by most information, the market's habit is fect can be mitigated by a faster inable alowing of profits growth is not in quantity of up-to-date corporate the thing to sustain a market, its efcriteria, the business of predicting to settle down with renewed seri- crease in dividends. It is no acciousness and re-compute the odds dent that the payout ratio is aow for the full year. This time, the rising for the first time in three

### Indian Airlines puts order with Airbus Continued from Page 1

the Airbus regional sales manager, last night denied that, insisting that "the figures are in the high thirty millions of dollars for each aircraft and the last to be delivered in 1990 are over \$40m".

The generally quoted figures are about \$37m for each Airbus at 1988

The order, contained in a letter of intent handed to Mr Jayaratnam in New Delhi on Saturday, is for 19 aircraft to be delivered in 1989 and an option on 12 more in 1990. A dozen older aircraft are being provided free on lease by Airbus to tide Indian Airlines over the next three years, starting with two Boeing 737-200s to be provided immediately.

### McMahon quits central bank to join Midland

Continued from Page 1

That he chose to go with Midland suggests that at 58 he still relishes a challenge. The question, though, is whether his abilities run to managting a clearing bank, one of the few things he has never done. There are precedents. Sir Jeremy Morse left the Bank of England to

become chairman of Lloyds Bank. But it appears that Mr McMahon is destined to play a much more "hands-on" role at Midland, where the deep wounds inflicted by the Crocker National Bank disaster will need careful tending for years yet. Sir Donald Barron, the current chairman, who is due to retire in 1987, said yesterday that "there is no such thing as an executive chairman any more.

Midland's management is likely to be enlarged by the simultaneous de-parture of Mr Geoffrey Taylor, the group chief executive, who will reach the mandatory retirement age of 60 in 1987, just as Mr Mc-Mahon takes over. The power structure at the top of Midland is likely, the retirement to result it in the structure. therefore, to resemble that at Bar clays, where Sir. Timothy Bevan is both chairman and chief executive. Regardless of how good a bank-ing executive Mr McMahon turns out to be, though, his arrival in Poultry (his new office will be bare-

Mr McMahon's involvement in

We took our name from the hilly area of Burgan where once caravans used to stop on their travels in the Arabian Peninsula, and where the first and largest oil field was discovered. So 'Burgan' not only stands for the

country's past tradition, but its present prosperity too. In our case, it also stands for something else, a progressive attitude that is definitely looking to the future.

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Les Pelinat
Les Pelinat
Les Rogele

# U.S. calls Group of Five meeting

Continued from Page 1 rounding the Group of Five meeting was designed to demonstrate to the developing world ahead of next month's IMF and World Bank meetings that the industrial countries were sensitive to the serious diffi-

culties they faced. In calling the meeting, Mr Baker, was also perceived to be seeking to impress on Washington the dangers inherent in the mounting protectionist pressures in Congress and the continuing budget impasse.

However, some monetary officials were suggesting that the Group of Five's ministers would not announce important new initiatives

fundamental changes in U.S. bud-get policy that would have to be part of any dramatic changes in policy remain immense.

There are signs that within parts of the Reagan Administration there is deepening concern about the in-That has been accentuated by the

mounting economic problems and the catastrophic earthquake in Mexico. America's strategically vial world are becoming convinced that their strategy for handling the international debt situation will tries.

The obstacles in the way of the have to be modified, one monetary official remarked. The strategy called for renewed

to developing countries and a roll-ing back of protectionism, neither of which is happening. The IMF, moreover, is forecasting slower

Proposals put by the U.S. Treasury to the IMF and the World Bank last week suggest that the U.S. tal neighbour. Key policymakers in Treasury is moving towards a shift the U.S. and the rest of the industring policy that would give the World



# SECTION II - COMPANIES AND MARKETS

# **FINANCIAL TIMES**

Monday September 23 1985



**EURONOTES AND CREDITS** 

# of Euroyen loans

FOR a moment last week it looked bankers believe that even Spain it as though the ill-fated Euroyen self or a leading state agency could credit market was about to leap out of the doldrums. With enormous fanfare, Bank of Tokyo and Citicorp fanfare, Bank of Tokyo and Citicorp announced a Y50bn credit for Thai-steady flow of fresh business not asland that was certain from the point sociated with refinancing. of launch to be increased, possibly to as much as Y75bn.

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This would be e success big enough to wipe away the still-lin-gering shame of Sweden'e abortive attempt to raise Y100hn as soon as the market opened in April. With the Thai credit under its belt the market could look for a fresh start

market could look for a fresh start and more and more business would come rolling in.

Or so it seemed. In fact, things are never quite what they appear. And though many bankers are expecting a modest but steady growth in Euroyen business, there is still no sign that Thailand's success will convince many other potential box. convince many other potential bor-rowers to abandon their principal worry. This is that borrowing yen may become expensive if the currency starts to appreciate.

Indeed, the fact that Thailand was able to use what can only po-litely be called very tough bargain-ing tactics to whittle the terms down to a level that left even some hardened Japanese bankers gasping shows how far this is still a borrowers' market. The credit bears an initial margin of % over Libor for two years, rising to % for the next eight. This compares with a proposed flat % per cent margin on Sweden's abortive loan.

What does seem to be happening is that the availability of Euroyen deposits in the interbank market is gradually increasing, making Euroyen credits easier to fund and therefore even more attractive to lenders. That may lead them to drum up more business over the next weeks and months, but it will be principally in the area of refi- are being asked to cut the margin to nancing existing yen credits in the more expensive domestic market.

Likely candidates include Spanish motorway companies, and some points.

That statement, sadly, could still apply to other sectors, too. The shortage of good quality business elsewhere was amply demonstrated by the way in which banks flocked into two operations last week. Caisse Nationale des Telecommunications' \$360m facility led by Morgan Guaranty has been increased to \$500m after total subscriptions soared to nearly \$750m. Also increased to \$240m from \$200m is Orion Royal's plain vanilla revolving credit for Household Finance.

Expectations of a growing recourse by borrowers to the Euro-commercial paper, rather than Eu-ronote facility market, also contin-ue to be fulfilled. Last week's new deals included a \$200m programme for Sweden's Gotabanken through Citicorp, Gota (UK) and Swiss Bank

The Australian Wheat Board has rounded off its 1985 European borrowing programme with a DM 300m, two-year revolving credit fa-cility led by Commerzbank, The deal marks a further diversification in the wheat board's borrowing programme and is structured in a way that allows it to get round its consti-tutional inability to raise mediumterm funds. Each drawing under the revolving credit has a maxi-mum life of six months.

Another Australian borrower. Eraring Power Company, is refinancing at lower cost a \$1.25bn credit arranged in 1982. The final maturity of 1997 has been left un-changed, but in exchange for a 10 basis point renegotiation fee banks % per cent. Originally the credit bore interest at a margin of 1/2 per cent initially rising in stages to %

INTERNATIONAL BONDS

# Borrowers still wary UK \$2.5bn floater wins praise

BY MAGGIE URRY IN LONDON

EUROBOND investors finally got the chance to buy UK governm paper last week, and not just floating rate notes but gilt-edged backed zeros too. The \$2.5bn floater was undoubtedly the deal of the week, closing on Friday just below 99.80. Praise for the issue abounded its size, its liquidity, its pricing were

all considered good. So were the profits banks in the deal could make. Fees totalled 60 basis points and after the lead managers S.G. Warburg and Credit Suisse First Boston (the book-runner) had taken So could the issue have come on even finer terms? The borrower

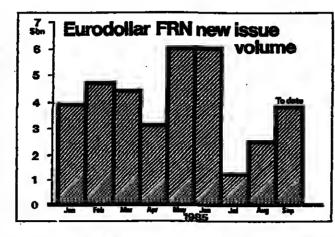
was keen that the issue should be a success and not need support. Pricing a deal of this size is tricky, and the Government was prepared to pay a little more rather than risk a flop. It seems the Bank of England was anxious that the bonds be well distributed to firm holders - a delicacy towards investors not often displayed by much more frequent borrowers. With hindsight it is clear that the

UK could have shaved a bit off the fees. The market has been starved of good sovereign borrowers lately and margins have tightened. De-mand for the paper came from all over and despite the size of the deal it was moving almost too fast. Had the mandate been opened to

competitive hidding rival banks, who last week made no effort to conceal their jealousy, would surely have offered finer terms as well as their eye teeth to get the deal.
Winning the mandate is a tre-

mendous coup for CSFB, which must now be unassailable at the top of the 1985 league tables even if it does not win another mandate this year. The question is what on earth CSFB does for an encore. It makes me sick," was the response from

ever, and syndicate managers are seems to be taking less in up-front looking to other sovereigns to come fees.



back into the market again this au-

The herd of "zebras" which Warburg let loose in the market are also in essence UK paper. Warburg added sophistication to the basic gilt-stripping idea which Quadrex Securities failed to sell last month to produce a package of stripey strips it felt would meet a better re-

Four gilts were bought, meaning that four redemption amounts could be sold as fairly sizeable zeros ranging from a face value of £30.7m to £45m. Seven of the coupons, which are all paid in the same months of Bank's deals generally get done, the year, are also being sold as while those for Ford and Danish

while Quadrex had trouble sell-ing the coupons, Warburg, with some pre-placement and by pooling the sales effort, had sold a majority of these bonds by the weekend. The longest of the principals had also gone, though the other three were trading at levels offering little profit to companagers. Traders regarded to co-managers. Traders regarded many rivals.

The UK is unlikely to become a regular Euromarket borrower, how- in the market than Quadrex, and

Away from those excitements, tumn. Perhaps Sweden will return the Eurobond market is still worrynow that the elections are out of the way.

The herd of "zebras" which War
The herd of "zebras" which Warthing in a bond dealer's scheme of things - but after an initial spurt profit-taking and disbelief set in. No one places much reliance on a "flash" figure. By the weekend the dollar was looking weak once more, giving retail investors another good excuse not to buy bonds.

The week's fixed-rate dollar issues were a mixed bag, though the British Columbia issue surprised bankers by striking a pocket of de-Export Finance, the latter launched on Friday afternoon, looked tight-

In the floater sector, other deals paled besides the UK's. Competitive bidding gave Ireland and Chemical Bank tight terms, though Ireland's was holding up better thanks to the lead manager. CSFB's other floater was also succeeding.

Another Eurosterling floater the Swiss and D-Mark markets could emerge this week, but not for a building society. Abbey National's little by the stronger New York issue gives the market plenty of pa-

# Allen Paulson takes over at troubled Wheeling-Pittsburgh

BY PAUL TAYLOR IN NEW YORK

the embattled U.S. steel group in from the Wheeling-Pittsburgh the wake of the resignation of Mr board in a move that signalled en over by Chrysler, is now in e po- stake in the company.

low-directors, excepting Mr Paul-son, had also resigned last week. As expected, Mr Paulson has

to a company attempt unilaterally to impose wage cuts. Mr Carney's departure is seen as increasing the prospect of new talks with the United Steelworkers' union.

Mr Carney's resignation comes after months of mounting tension between him and Mr Paulson, who workers went on strike in response

MR ALLEN PAULSON, Wheeling-pittsburgh's largest shareholder, pany. Last month, Nisshin Steel's has taken over the chairmanship of chairman, Mr Yuzuru Abe, resigned Dennis Carney, the previous chairman and chief executive, on Friday.
Mr Paulson, chairman of Gulf
Aerospace, which was recently takfuture. Nisshin owns a 10 per cent

sition to name a new board and management in an attempt to rescue the group, which filed under Chapter 11 of the U.S. bankruptry code in April. All Mr Carney's fellowdirectors expending Mr Paul. management and particularly with Mr Carney, a former U.S. Steel ex-

As expected, Mr Patison has named Mr George Ferris, a former vice-president of Ford Motor with responsibility for its Rouge steel plant in Michigan, as vice-chairman and chief executive at Wheeling.

Wheeling-Pittsburgh's board-room upheaval comes almost nine weeks after the group's 8,200 steelworkers went on strike in response

Under the plan, the two steelmak

### Self-regulation move

BY OUR EUROMARKETS STAFF

bond market, has decided to join a bers to join the new SRO. new self-regulatory organisation
covering all aspects of the international securities markets. All firms

London who deal in international involved in investment in the UK securities - including equities and are preparing for self-regulation un-money market instruments as well der the new investor protection as Eurobonds - intended to find a

legislation. conse The decision, made at a meeting SRO.

THE International Primary Market on Friday, follows the Association Association, which represents the of International Bond Dealers' 45 main issuing bouses in the Euro-agreement to recommend its mem-

consensus for the setting up of the

### Scandinavian Airlines System

Denmark Norway Sweden

ECU 100.000.000

9% Bonds due 1995

Crédit Lyonnais

Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A.

Algemene Bank Nederland N.V. Banque Paribas Capital Markets Generale Bank Kredietbank International Group

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Girozentrale und Bank der österreichischen Sparkassen Aktlengesellschaft
IBJ International Limited
Istituto Bancario Sandinaviska Enskilda Limited
Istituto Bancario Moorgan Guaranty Merrill Lynch Capital Markets Samuel Montagu & Co. Limited Morgan Guaranty Ltd.
Morgan Stanley International Nomura International Limited

BACOB s.c. Banca Commerciale Italiana Banca Manusardi & C. Banca Nazionale del Lavoro BankAmerica Capital Markets Group Bank of Tokyo International Limited Banque Degroof S.C.S. Banque Française du Commerce Extérieur Banque Générale du Luxembourg S.A. Banque Indosuez Banque Populaire Suisse S.A. Luxembourg Baring Brothers & Co. Limited Bayerische Vereinsbank Aktiengesellschaft. Bergen Bank A/S Berliner Handels- und Prankfurter Bank Caisse des Dépôts et Corsignations Caisse d'Epargne de l'Etat du Grand-Duché de Luxembourg (Banque de l'Etat) Chase Manhattan Capital Markets Group Chemical Bank International Group Cib Cib Climited Ch. Oyens & Van Eeghen NV. Crédit Industriel et Commercial de Paris Dai-Ichi Kangyo International Limited Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft EuroPartners Securities Corporation Handels Corporation Handels Corporation Dai-Ichi Kangyo International Limited Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft EuroPartners Securities Corporation Dai-Ichi Kangyo International Limited Deutsche Genossens habitant Den nossico Credito Italiano Den noss ilt Agricole
Credit du Nord
Creditanstait-Bankverein
Dahwa Europe Limited
DG BANK Deutsche Genossenschaftsbank
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### This Stock having been sold, this announcement appears as a matter of record only. NEW ISSUE

dary Market 14,685.3 2,983.6 13,235.1 1,346.4 12,374.9 723.9 11,535.4 2,136.2 3,003.6 55.6 68.2 1,724.8 3,189.1 48.4 775.4 1,854.6

11,210.3 25,106.7 36,317.0 10,006.5 20,271.8 30,280.3 2,528.3 6,088.9 3,800.8 2,578.8 6,379.5

per on top of the Halifax and Nationwide deals.

non-dollar issues. The Australian dollar sector has seen no Eurobond

deals for a fortnight - some kind of record this summer - excluding the Victoria issue in the Tokyo market.

The success of any issues will de-

pend heavily on the name and the

The European currency unit mar-

ket has recovered somewhat over the last week, with a fairly low level of fixed-rate issues. The World Bank's expected deal did not ap-pear, though it could turn up this week. The Ecu sector would no

doubt like more deals like CIR's convertible which was trading

around 101% on Friday afternoon.

The company has controlling stakes in Olivetti, Buitoni, Euromobiliare and other Italian companies.

Morgan Guaranty's coup of the

week was winning the World Bank Swiss franc zero coupon mandate.

SBC had got in first with its zero for

Commonwealth Bank of Australia, but the World Bank deal will be the

real test of the market and of the

big Swiss banks' response to outsiders winning mandates. Otherwise

The betting for this week is on

1,500,000 Shares

### Student Loan Marketing Association

Nonvoting Common Stock (par value \$.50 per share)

International Offering

**Credit Suisse First Boston Limited** 

Goldman Sachs International Corp.

**Nomura International Limited** 

**Swiss Bank Corporation International Limited** 

S. G. Warburg & Co. Ltd.

Algemene Bank Nederland N.V.

**Banque Paribas Capital Markets** 

Drexel Burnham Lambert

Girozentrale und Bank der österreichischen Sparkassen

Kidder, Peabody International

Kleinwort, Benson Limited

Merrill Lynch Capital Markets

**Montgomery Securities** 

**Morgan Stanley International** 

The Nikko Securities Co., (Europe) Ltd

Salomon Brothers International Limited

Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited

Julius Baer International Banca del Gottardo

Bank Leu International Ltd.

BFC-Banque Financière de la Cité

Banca di Roma per la Svizzera Banque Privée S.A.

Banque Scandinave en Suisse

Clariden Bank

Compagnie de Banque et d'Investissements, CBI

Great Pacific Capital S.A.

ISSA Investment Services SA

Lazard Frères et Cie

Lombard Odier International Underwriters S.A.

Nippon Kangyo Kakumaru (Europe)

**Overland Trust Banca** 

Pictet International Ltd

J. Henry Schroder Bank AG

Société Financière Mirelis S.A.

Unigestion S.A.

La Roche & Co

### INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS AND COMPANIES

# Sanlam to take full control of KTG

Snia set for improved

earnings this year

SANLAM, Sonth Africa's second largest insurance group, is to refinance and simultaneously acquire majority and management control of the troubled Kirsh Trading Gronp. RTG controls Checkers, which is South Africa's largest supermarket chain and which contributes over two-thirds of the group's R3.5bn (\$1.34bn) annual turnover.

and profits of previously profitable furniture and discount tonal capital to participate in the RTG issues. Kimet Is 51 per affected by austerity measures introduced in July and August 1894. Problems were also aggravated by an "overmarket chain and which contributes over two-thirds of the group's R3.5bn (\$1.34bn) annual turnover.

Details of the refinancing and involved tonal capital to participate in the RTG issues. Kimet Is 51 per cent-owned by the unquoted Sanki which, in turn, is at present 49.9 per cent owned by Sanki which, in turn, is at present 49.9 per cent owned by Sanki will take up its rights in Kimet, the funds will be provided entirely by Sanki in Kimet, the funds will be provided entirely by Sanki will take up its rights in Kimet, the funds will be provided entirely by Sanki will take up its rights in Kimet, the funds will be provided entirely by Sanki will take up its respectively were also aggravated by an "over-market chain and which in turn, is at present 49.9 per cent owned by Sanki will take up its representation of the trailing subsidiaries bave been affected by austerity measures into all capital to participate in the RTG issues. Kimet Is 51 per cent-owned by the unquoted Sanki which, in turn, is at present 49.9 per cent owned by Sanki which in turn, is at present 49.9 per cent owned by Sanki which, in turn, is at present 49.9 per cent owned by Sanki which, in turn, is at present 49.9 per cent owned by Sanki which, in turn, is at present 49.9 per cent owned by Sanki which, in turn, is at present 49.9 per cent owned by Sanki which, in turn, is at present 49.9 per cent owned by Sanki which, in turn, is at present 49.9 per cent owned by Sanki which, in turn, is at prese

annual turnover.

Checkers has generated uncheckers has generated undisclosed but rising operating losses since it was acquired by KTG almost five years ago. The losses were, bowever, supported by profits from other KTG subsidiaries such as Russells, which retails furniture, Materials Metcash, a cash-and-carry wbolesaler, and Dlon, a dis-

count retailer. The group's financial difficult Metro Corporation, which chief executive of Sankorp, Santies have increased considerowns 58 per cent of RTG, and lam's wholly-owned strategic ably in the past year as sales Kimet, which owns 50 per cent investment company.

**Texas Air bids** 

TEXAS AIR, the U.S. airline which recently lost a takeover battle for TWA, has bounced back to make a \$250m offer for Frontier Airlines, a Denver-based carrier which is

currently being acquired by a

The bid is seen as a move by Mr Frank Lorenzo, the hard-driving chairman of Texas Air

and Continental Airlines, its main operating subsidiary, to

strengthen the base of his dis-count fare operations in the

Frontier operates out of Denver, and Continental also

bas a large-scale interest in the arcr. A combination of the

two companies would put con-siderable pressure on United

Airlines, the largest U.S. carrier, which also runs a main

hub in Denver for its opera-

Texas is offering \$20 a sbare

for Frontier against the \$17 being offered by the employee buy-on, group. Under the buy-

pany are committed to acquir-ont plan, unions in the com-ing 80 per cent of the stock, with the other 20 per cent going to management.

The employee plan still requires sbarebolder approval, although it has met the agree-

ment of Gencorp, the largest individual stockholder

for Frontier

By Our New York Staff

worker co-operative.

**Airlines** 

Details of the refinancing and control change bave yet to be disclosed. However the intention is that KTG, which is the direct bolder of the group's trading operations, will raise R175m through issues of compulsorily convertible 7 per cent preference shares or compulsorily convertible 13 per cent debentures both at a price of R1.50 each.

BY ALAN FRIEDMAN IN MILAN

rights in Kimet, the funds will be provided entirely by San-lam. As a result of this and a lam. As a result of this and a simultaneous transfer of all Sanki's non-South African interests to KI, complete ownership of Sanki will pass to Sanlam. KI is an unquoted bolding company controlled by Mr Nathan Kirsb, the group's chairman. Mr Kirsb will relinquish the chairmanship, which will pass to Mr Marinus Daling, the chief executive of Sankorp, San-

RTG's new capital will be used to reduce the approxi-mately R400m debt burden of mately K400m debt burden of the group's operating sub-sidiaries and thereby reduce overall gearing from about 170 per cent to about 30 per cent. Sanlam has not said when it expects KTG to return to profits.

Since the start of this year Sanlam has been obliged to provide considerable financial support to troubled subsidiaries. Three months ago it refinanced and took full control from Messina of the Nissan Motor Messina of the Nissan Motor Assembly Company. This followed hard on the beels of the provision of additional capital to mining bouse Gencor, which is controlled by Sanlam and which itself bad to refinance several subsidiaries which had actached to provide formits. notched up considerable foreign exchange and trading losses.

### French Esso falls into loss

ESSO SAF, the French subsidiary of Exxon of the U.S., has plunged to a loss of FFr 63m (57.1m) in 1985 compared with net income of FFr

SNIA BPD, the Italian fibres, chemicals and munitions group, made e L183.1bn (\$94m) operating profit in the first half of this year, equivalent to a margin of 16 per cent on total transports. The company said that after excluding dividends received from Ession margin of 16 per cent on total transports. Since fibres, chemicals and texture for the property of the property of the company said that after excluding dividends received from Ession mit, and after eliminating the time transport of the property of the company said that after excluding dividends received from Ession with a state of the company said that after excluding dividends received from Ession with the closing months of the company said that after excluding dividends received from Ession with the company said that after excluding dividends received from Ession with the closing months of the company said that after excluding dividends received from Ession with the closing months of the company said that after excluding dividends received from Ession with the closing months of the company said that after excluding dividends received from Ession with the closing months of the company said that after excluding dividends received from Ession with the closing months of the company said that after excluding dividends received from Ession with the closing months of the company said that after excluding dividends received from Ession with the closing months of the company said that after excluding dividends received from Ession with the closing months of the company said that after excluding dividends received from Ession with the closing months of to a margin of 16 per cent on total turnover. First-half sales were up by 7.3 per cent to 1.1,156bn. The company publishes its net profits and 16 per cent of group turnover only with its full-year results.

Sonia, which is 27 per cent owned by Fiat and 14.97 per cent owned by Fiat and 14.97 per cent by Mediobanca, the Milan-based merchant Sig Cesare Romiti (who is also First which were concentrated in the first bases, but the first half of this year.

The group, which is chaired by Sig Cesare Romiti (who is also First ware concentrated in the first bases, but the first half of 1984.

# bank, said its turnover from de-fence and space activities was its 1985 full-year results will show partly to government controls on slightly lower in the first six an improvement on last year, when months of the year, but is expected group net profits came to L50.8bm.

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF

The Capertino company said it expects net income for its the current quarter. fourth quarter ending September 30 to be between \$12m and

APPLE COMPUTER, the California-based personal computer while this is down sharply figure would be between \$350m company with Mr Steve Jobs, cents a share in the fourth its chairman and one of its founders, has surprised Wall Street with a better than expected profits forecast.

The Computers and computer analysts had estimated the fourth quarter ended Scatember 1984, computers to the education market, primarily grade schools estimated that Apple would and high schools, bad been either break even or at the most group in recent weeks.

Apple forecast pleases Wall St.

\$15,2m, or between 20 cents and hetween \$390m and \$405m.

Apple said sales of personal quarter ended Sk tember 1984, most computer analysts had estimated that Apple would either break even or at the most carn about 10 cents a share in the current quarter.

Revenue for the quarter is expected by the company to be hetween \$390m and \$405m.

Apple said sales of personal computers to the education market, bet, primarily grade schools and high schools, bad been strong in recent weeks.

In addition, "we've seen some really good results from the reorganication," said Mr

### Hanson alleges conspiracy by SCM

THE NEW YORK Appeals Coort is due to begin a bearing today or an appeal by Hanson Trust of the UK aimed
at preventing the continued
frustration of its bid for SCM,

the U.S. conglomerate.
On Friday, Hanson, which bas become enmeshed in litigation over its bid, hit back in the courtrooms with a suit alleging conspiracy on the part of SCM's management and

directors.

Hansen claimed that the con-

Hansen claimed that the conspiracy was aimed at preventing anyone, apart from the group of management and directors, from obtaining control of the company.

It added that large payments to Merrill Lynch, the U.S. investment bank which is backling a management buy-out of SCM, as well as agreements to sell two key businesses to Merrill at "bargain prices," were entered into in furtherance of this improper scheme." ance of this improper scheme.' Meanwhile the U.S. Securi Meanwhile the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission bas filed a legal brief with the Appeals Court, giving support for a continuation of the temporary order restraining Hanson from buying more of SCM's shares

shares.
In its action, announced on Friday, Hanson is asking the court to prevent the comple-tion of the management-Merrill Lyncb proposal to acquire SCM.

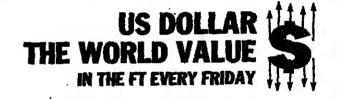
### Canadian insurance merger

By Robert Gibbens in Montreal TWO MAJOR financial services groups, Laurentian Group of Quebec City and Power Corpora-

tion of Canada, based in mon-treal are co-operating for the first time in the property and casualty insurance field.

Laurentian General Insur-ance, a subsidiary of Lauren-tian Group, will merge its Personal Insurance Company of Canada of Toronto, with Gold Circle Insurance of Toronto, a Circle Insurance of Toronto, a subsidiary of Great-West Life Assurance of Winnipeg which in turn is a major unit of Power Corporation.

	145-44	NTERN					Offer visit
Воличесь	Amount n.	Maturity	Av. lite years	Coopen %	Price	Book Businer	Offer yield
U.S. DOLLARS			-	73/2	100	Yamalchi but. (Est)	7.375
Marabani ¶‡	75 75	1992 1998	7 5	51/2	181	UBS (Sect.)	5.251
Swiss Volksback 1‡ United Kingdom 1‡	21/2 bo	1992	7	(F)	196	CSFR	18.542
Mitsubiahi Trust Fin. 1	108	1995	18	181/2	55%	Merill Lynch	10.013
Mitsui Finance Asie ‡	198	1998	5	1014	100%	Mitari Finance Int. (IBS (Secs.)	19.224
題士	150	1992	7	10% 18%	100V± 100	Commerchank	10.590
Elvain ‡	50	1992 1990	7 5	10	1801/4	Oriou Boyal Bonk	9.967
Gest. Pestsparkasse ‡ World Bank (u) ‡	75 200	286B	15	10%	198	Morgan Stanley Marril Lynch	16_625
kaland fit	308	2000	15	(b)	180.18	Merrit Lynch	_
Chemical New York (s) †1	250	1997	12	V16	100	Spioneon Brothers	11.250
Beit. Columbia M.F.A. 1	58	2088	15	1174	190	CCF Goldman Sacha	11,090
Ford Mater Credit 1	. 108	1096	10	11	100 100	CSFB	-
Great American F.S.B. (d) 11	166	1992	7	V2 183⁄a	1863/6	Yamaichi Sucs.	10.297
N.S. Wales Treasury ±	160	1992	7	1/2	198	Barris Laures (Switz)	<b>-</b>
Benk Leonii (BIC) (e) 11	18 108	1995	10	10%	997/6	Chase Altenbatten	18.646
Dunish Export Fin. † Lands Welgen (d)†‡	50 50	2000	15	Va	100	Nino, Hagover	
CANADIAN DOLLARS						Drien Royal Bank	11,375
Ville de Laval ‡	56	1995	16	113%	100	unan nota bass	
ECUs				¥16	180.95	Banque Paribas	_
Credit Matienal (n) † ‡	175	1995	16	416 5	iantes	Banque Int. A Lux.	
SMCI	40 20	1995 1992	10 7	Š	1991/2	Benque Gen. de Lex.	8.901
Landesbank Biokiland ‡ Cir Int. 5	75	1992	1Ó	(5-51/2)	180	CSFB	
Iteland 1	. 50	1995	18	Q%	180	Ganque Paribas	8.875
GURDERS							7 207
MOB ‡	200	1995	8	<b>7</b> 1/4	337/4	ABN	7.292 7.000
Westland-Utracht **1	75	1998	5	<u> </u>	108	Anco	7.000
SWISS FRANCS				-4.	168	Banca del Gottavio	2.875
Meideusha Electric 11	50	1990	-	2% 5%	993/4	Criefit Suissa	5.404
Obernest inche Kraft \$	100 180	1997 1995	_	5	10044	UBS	5.966
Portugal ‡	7Ġ	1993	Ξ	(5)	10010	SBC	•
Korea Dev. Bank Goodynar Tire and Rubber I	. 238	2008	_	5%	10074	URS	5.350
Fuji Keko Co. Ltd. **1	10	1990	_	5%	100	Hendelshank	3.375
AMR Pineline †	125	1995	-	5	1991/4	Reput Bk. of Canada	5.965
Componwealth Bk. of Aust. ***1	70	1992	-	0	78.6	SBC	5,10 5,625
AME Pipeline ‡ Commonwealth Bk. of Aust. **‡ Negatiogonal **‡	18	1990	-	5%	100	UBS	5,75
World Bank ‡	\$00	2815		<u> </u>	14.69	Morgan Gueranty	9,73
U-MARKS					400	DESCRIPTION AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE	6,825
Council of Europe ‡	150	1995	10 .	65/4	198 188	BHF Bank Dautsche Bank	S.508
World Bank ‡	580	1995	10	61/2	108	Commerchank	7.000
Superies ‡ Cast. Beldniz. ‡	158 150	1995 1985	16 10	7 51/2	100	BHF Bank	0.580
	130	1300					
BANISH CROWNS	250	1993		181/4	100	Den Danaka Bank	18,250
Nordic lav. Bank ‡ Formulark ‡	250	1990	. 5	181/4	1901/2	Source Int.	10.118
		.300					
FRENCH FRANCS EAF 1	500	1990	5	11Ve	198	Crádit Lyonouis	11.125
STERLING							
Zetras (11 issues) ±	193.24	1986-96		Q.		S.G. Werburg	-
Abbay National (a)(c)†‡	150	Z008	15	¥16	100	Samuel Mentage	
ABSTRALAN BOLLARS							13,654
Victories Public Auth. 1	60	1992	7	13%	957/4	Daiwa Secs.	13,654



(h) Missentich higher of Im Liber or Sm Limean. (c) £100 m top. (d) Ve over Sm Liber. (e) 1/2 treer Sm Liber. (f) 3m Libid. (g) Part paid

This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

September 1985



(Incorporated in China) London Branch

US\$ 200,000,000

Floating Rate Certificates of Deposit due 20th September, 1990

Arranged and Managed by

Orion Royal Bank Limited

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18th September, 1985

U.S.\$100,000,000



R. J. Reynolds Industries, Inc.

101/4 per cent. Notes due 1993

Issue Price: 100 per cent.

Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited

Banque Paribas Capital Markets Morgan Guarauty Ltd S. G. Warburg & Co. Ltd.

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### INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS

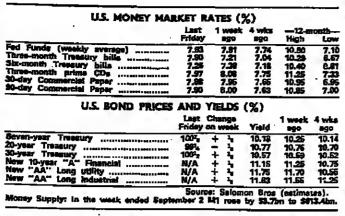
U.S. MONEY AND CREDIT

# GNP data prompt late rally in bond prices

U.S. BOND PRICES rose modestly last week while most short-term interest rates short-term interest rates dropped sharply, mainly in res-ponse to further signals of eco-nomic lethargy which imply a continuing accommodative posture by the Federal Reserve

For the fourth consecutive week, economic news released early Friday — this time the "flash" estimate of real GNP growth in the third quarter-prompted a bond market rally reversing earlier price weak-

In fact there were strong indications that the flash GNP figure had heen leaked on Thursday afternoon when bond



predictions that the economy will grow at an annual rate of while the projected 2.9 per cent in the second half. rise in the fixed-weight price Indeed the flash figure, and other key factors, highlight the increase since 1972—suggests vulnerability of the economy, particularly because of the danger that personal consump- Wall Street economists expect tion, fuelled increasingly by the Fed to hold steady. Some

mists about the current state Fed easing. of the economy, although it has couraged a further shading back in most growth forecasts.
Dr Henry Kaufman of Salo-mon Brothers notes, "although

activity, and cast further estimate of economic activity, serious doubts over the admin- the available data do not indiistration's highly optimistic cate that the economy is staging predictions that the economy a strong resurgence." Meanthat inflation remains subdued. Against this backdrop most Wall Street economists expect borrowings rather than higher earlier market concerns about a wages, could finally run out of possible firming, and a resulting increase in interest rates, But the GNP data has not have all but disappeared—but, resolved the debate on Wall conversely, fow senior economists are willing to predict any

> "The flash does not point to further Federal Reserve easing," says Dr Kaufman, but he adds, "Current reserve conditions should remain in force." This implies that the Federal funds rate will continue to trade in a narrow 7.75 to 8 per cent range.

However, Mr Philip Braverman of Briggs Schaedle, while accepting the likelihood that the Fed will maintain B stable stance argues that "Threats to the financial system are so pronounced and widespread—

voked all sorts of speculation in the City, and raised funda-

mental questions elsewhere

(which for all its waywardness is still the most closely watched measure of the money supply), rose by 2 per cent. This pushed the annualised rate of increase for the latest six months to 16.7 per cent, a figure which would have triggered sirens all

over the Treasury, if the authorities really were serious

about controlling the money

But It didn't, so are they?

The answer is probably that they are suffering from a mild form of intellectual schizophre-

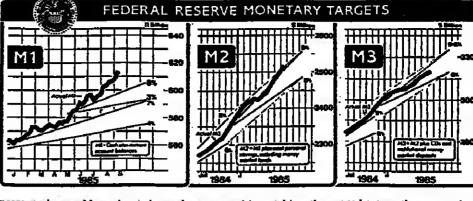
thoy are comforting themselves

by rehearing all the well-known distortions of sterling

MS, and the fact that a large

supply.

WHATEVER have the UK part of the increase is in in-authorities not been up to in terest bearing deposits which the last month? The slackness seem to represent savings rather



encompassing problems in agriculture, LCD's, real estate, oil, and thrifts—that significant Fed firming is virtuelly precluded and easing more than justified." In the current environment, continuing nagging concerns

The reluctance of the bond markets to stage a strong rally tionary implications of the also reflects other uncertain-

the basic money supply measure, probably explain the "stickiness" of long bond MI, leading to predictions that

seem to represent savings rather

than liquidity.
But in the next moment they

recent explosive growth of M1,

tho base monetary aggregate will expand by 15 per cent this quarter, remains a continuing market concern, even though As Mr Braverman notes, po the Fed has signalled its dis-follo buyers are wary at pr

figure too closely and the real debate has shifted to the state of the economy, the dollar, and the implications of MI's plung-ing velocity.

The reluctance of the bond

also reflects other uncertain-ties. Whilo the Tronsury has been forced to delay or curtail new borrowings by the debt celling impasse, the absence of yields.

The rapid pace of monotary Once Congress raises the horgrowth—evidenced again last respite between the \$17.5bn mini-refunding, the October one-year bill and two-year note suctions and the end-October quarterly refunding.

As Mr Braverman notes, port-

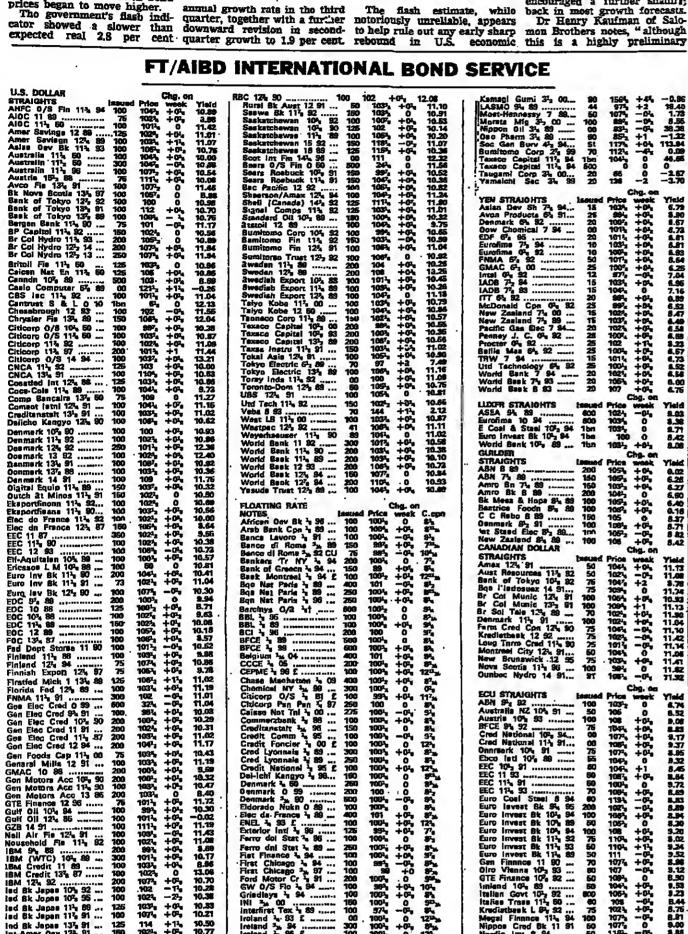
enchantment with watching the sent because they recognise that until the new supply emerges. the market is trading in some-thing of an artificial vacuum. This is also apparent in the corporate bond markets. Al-

and a points last week, new issue volume totalled a relatively light \$826m. Control Data's last minute de-cislon to withdraw 2 planned \$300m debt and equity offoring

signalling the computer company's continuing problems.

Among the new corporate issues that did make it into the market, Ford Motor Credii sold \$100m of 15-year adjustable

**Paul Taylor** 



100°21 103°4

Price 1111-1641-1677-201 70 1057-783-95 +2% +3% -3% +11 -1 +0% +0% +9 -3.98 -5.32 -5.03 10.45 -3.75 -3.75 10.56

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London EC2N 1EY/England
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Investment banking on a worldwide scale

deposits with building societies, the summer. But have the This measure of money has also authorities now gone one step been rising 81 an annualised further and decided that debt So there is certainly a strong sector borrowing?

are reminding each other rather somberly that those savings could quickly be transmuted into transaction balances and faster than is consistent with, say, 3½ per cent real growth and 5½ per cent inflation.

Why, therefore, did the

Authorities in two minds on money supply

shout the conduct of policy.

In banking August, net gilt spent.

sales were only £74m—in a Now, officials rather desperperiod when the expansion of private and public credit was expansion of within its target range, having grown by only 3.3 per cent (annualised rate) in the last of months. But this tells us what is hapvery little about what is happening in the world except that credit cards and cash dispensers are causing profound changes in the way people use cash.

Meanwhile, M1, the so-called narrow measure of money, has been growing at the horrendous annualised rato of 28 por cent since the beginning of the year. Most of this growth, it is true, has been in interest hearing accounts; but then these are increasingly being used as convenient ways of holding

> investment purposes. That loaves the ggregate, Privato aggregate, includes

rate of around 15 por cent. and money are expanding much

authorities appear to sit on their hands in August? In June and July, net gilt sales were zero, mainly because actual purchases were cancelled out by some very large redemptions ronghly film in each month. But there was no such inhibi-tion in August, and no obvious

resson why the market should not have absorbed substantially more Government stock. One explanation being tonted in the City last week was that the authorities have deliberately held back thoir funding offorts

most £2bn in the period. Certainly the desire to reduce hroadest the Bill mountain has been the Sector major reason for the switch of

To counter this, the Bank might point to the two addi-tional transhes of tap stock of 24 per cent index-linker Treasury 2001 and the £150m of 2‡ per cent index-linked Treasury 2020 but the size of the issues did not provide much suggestion that The Old Lady is stepping on the accelerator.

Perhaps the most than can ing pattern raises onestions which Mr Lawson will be expected to answer io his Mansion House speech next month, if the Bank has not already pro-vided the answer in the marketplace.

in order to reduce the Bill to explain. As one official mountain; and it is true that the value of Bills held by the Bank of England did fall by always so husy setting the terms of the control of the c their \$2.5bn floating-rate dollar issue, that they didn't bave time to think about funding.

Launching an issue shouldn't be a problem for any investment bank. Placing it firmly might be.

Jnion Bank

Carattet det

**UBS Capital Markets Group** 

### Frank Kane looks at the deal between Central & Sheerwood and Midland Bank

# Lifting the black cloud of bankruptcy

The deal was described by C and S managing director Mr David James as "one of the most successful enterprises in industrial trouble shooting for a long time." and rid C and S of a "big black cloud" which had been hanging over it since 1981, threatening at any moment to bankrupt the company.

The advantages for C and S

bankrupt the company.

The advantages for C and S are obvious, but whet has caused particular City interest is the role played by the Midland. Nobody has forgotten that in very similar circumstances in 1982 the bank in effect pulled the plug on another heavy engineer, stone-Platt, moch to tho annoyance of institutions which had put together what they considered to be a viable rescue plan.

have been asking whether the deal signals the start of a new approach by the banks to ailing industrial companies, but a more likely explanation is that the C and S rescue is a one-off deal prompted by the curious circumstances surrouoding Ransomes and Raptier, a mining equipment manufacturer.

THE DEAL announced last week between loss-making engineer Central and Sheerwood and the Midland Bank, which in effect saved C and S from imminent receivership, has caused some surprise in the City.

In essence, Midland agreed to take over a potential liability of £16m from C and S'e offshoot Ransome and Rapier, in exchange for a loan of £5m repayable on very generous terms—no payments on either capital or interest for the first two years, and the total to be paid over an 11-year period.

The deal was described by C and S managing director Mr David James as "one of the most successful enterprises in indussities" and rid C and S of a "blg time," and rid

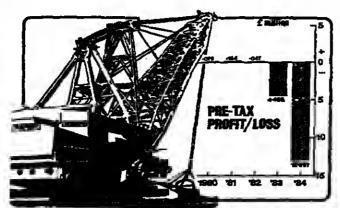
R and R eventualy found another buyer for the machine, Mr Carl Goos, an American businessmen who owned a large churk of anthracite mining land in Pennsylvania. Mr Goos thought the W2000 would give him a large share of the U.S. open-cast anthracits market. anthracite market.

No doubt the W2000 would No doubt the w2000 would have brought improved production and lower costs but, in Mr James' words. Goos "had a commercial vision which exceeded his financial sbillity to execute." In short, Goos's company GMP Land could not afford the plan.

The Midland gets a 29 per cent stake in C and S via a sbare issue as part of the loan agreement, but this alone does not making whether the deal signals the start of a real could not afford the machine. The sale was only possible hecause the European American Bank financed it. This loan was guaranteed by the Midland, which in turn was explain its generosity. Analysts have been asking whether the deal signals the start of a real counter-indemnity by R and R.

have been asking whether the leaf signals the start of a new supproach by the banks to alling industrial companies, hat a more likely explanation is that the C and S rescue is a one-off deal compated by the curious circumstances surrouoding Ransomes and Rapter, a mining equipment manufacturer.

In 1977 R and R started to Security for these arrangements consisted of the W2000 itself, which at the time had an on-tite value of \$4.6m, and mortgages over the 16,000 acre site. Mr James makes it clear that the deal was a "perfectly viable commercial proposition" from the Midland's point of view, and that the security more than tion from the cabinet and e non-executive of view, and that board member of C and S under more than the chairmanship of Doctor



The Ransome and Rapier walking dragtine machine, and Central & Sherwood's groop performance

Central & Sherwood's groop performance

adequately covered the exposure.
In 1981 GMP filed for hankruptcy. R and R and the Midland
were left with the W2000 — GMP
had a reputation as an industrial
adison, and a large piece
of mining real estate which was
producing only little.
The mine itself had previously
been considered an attractive
been considered an attractive
then incomply the W2000, and
a subsequent independent report
before he bought the W2000, and
a subsequent independent report
from British Mining Consultants
showed considerable anthracite
from British Mining Consultants
from Br

ing interest charges and adverse exchange rates. It currently stands at \$23m — fiftim at the \$1.40 exchange rate which C and S applies—and the company would have no alternative to receivership should it be called to meet the full exposure under the cross guarantee to under the cross guarantee to

Mr James stresses that It would not have been the Midland Itself that would have called in the receiver. The group banks is Bank of Scotland, and the roll-up effect of the R and R liability would have been passed on to them. In any case, the result would have been the same
—C and S's fate rested on Midland Bank's intention or other-

indemnity.

The plan is subject to share-bolders' approval at an extraordinary meeting on October 9, hut their backing is assured.

"They have nowhere else to go."
said Mr James, "there is no alternative."

in the discovered following his troublesbooter following his turnround of Rank Organisation's audic-visual division. A new team quickly found that have exposed themselves to see the former board structure had been highly decentralised, with no group financial director and no overall control of finances. The former board structure had the been highly decentralised, with no group financial director and no overall control of finances. The fiden now says: "The discovered the seen consisteotly applied."

S. A "bouse cleaning" exercise was quickly arranged to rationalise and reorganise the loss-makers within the group, but the directors discovered that the directors discovered that the directors discovered the first there was a far more serious to bring the whole edifice down.

Mr James commented with some feeling that the previous for bring the whole edifice down.

Mr James commented with some feeling that the previous the extent of the R and R problems." C and S's liability for the Pennsylvania affair had been growing year by year with rismeasures."

All this C and S relief is understitled in the Midland's attitude is less on the face of it, they have exposed themselves to the Midland's attitude to comprising the A. L. Dunn the "wild card" may be turned the Midland is still examining the Midland's still examining the Midland's still examining the Midland's attitude to give turner. Of course, the "wild card" may be turned the Midland's still examining the Midland's attitude to give turner. Of course, the Midland's still examining the Midland's attitude to give turner to operate the U.S. mine, and if this comes off the site and the W2000 will be sold to give a supplied. The Midland's attitude to give turner to operate the U.S. mine, and if this comes off the site and in the first half of the current year. The half of the current year. The half of the current year the Midland's attitude to give turner. Of course, the Midland's attitude to give turner. Of course, the Midland's attitude to give turner. Of course, the Mi

However, the bank suffered from adverse publicity at the time of the Stone-Platt receivership and clearly would not like to repeat the process. As a result, it has come up with an imaginative plan which ensures employment for the 2,500 employees of C and S and continued exports of around £25m per year for the UK.

There is still a long way to go, though, for Central and Sheerwood. The group's pre-tax loss for 1884 came to £12,71m, inflated by a £9.87m above the line cost which includes the charge for the Midland deal. So the slimming process will continue. Mr James is proud of his record of sliminating several loss-making businesses without closing down a single one—all have been sold as going concerns. The group points out that the Midland rescue reflects the bank's confidence in the current management.

Of the company's other main

management.
Of the company's other main interests, the printing and publishing division maintained its

# RECENT ISSUES

# EQUITIES 185 100 171 148 117 187 100 171 148 117 187 179 148 140 170 179 206 726 126 110 179 279 120 118 181 179 279 120 125 179 179 179 180 115 110 179 189 115 185 110 179 189 115 186 110 179 189 115 186 110 179 189 115 186 110 179 189 189 189 189 189

### FIXED INTEREST STOCKS

lesus price	Amount paid up	Renum o dete	1965 High: Low	Stock	Clozing Price &	+0
	£50 £10 £40	87/11 85/19 24/1	284, 271 264, 558 153, 133, 414, 411 653, 651 112, 106 51,6, 296	elinti, ek. for Rec. & Dev. 51; § Ln. 2010 el-Memory Comp. 7.83 Cnv.R.P(1994/6 § Nationwidel 1143 Bds. 1/9/86	411, 253, 106, 504, 924,	+ 14

### RIGHTS OFFERS

: 1	_							
	tecue	ount d up	Latest Renunc.	1985		Stock	eo/	+ 00
	prine	24	date	High	Low		ð^	
	0M190, 47 48 85 21D 111 52 186 5	HII F.P. MIII HIP F.P. 100 NIII F.P.		90pm 60 17pm 33pm 50pm 54pm 93 180 7pm	14pn 20pn 40pn 14pn 66	ABASF A.G. OM 50 Brit. Vending 10p Burns-Anderson 10p Gity Site Estates Femes Lighting Groenfield Backs 10p Groenfield Backs 10p Groenfield Backs 10p Hanson Trust Hanson Trust KTD Group IR 1.75p	e3	- La + 3

PENDING DIVIDENDS

### Northern Industrial

Northern Industrial In provement Trust raised after-tax profits from £113,149 to £164,473 for the year to March 31, 1985. Earnings per £1 share increased to 13.48p (9.27p) and the divi-dend total is 3.6p higher at 13.6p net, with a final of 8.6p. Invest-

### Blue Arrow in U.S. purchase

**General Oriental Securities Limited** 

through a limited partnership has acquired control of

**Crown Zellerbach Corporation** 

The undersigned acted as financial advisor to General Oriental Securities Limited Partnership.

**Drexel Burnham Lambert** 

subsidiary Bloe Arrow Services, Kayward, a contract cleaning \$200,000 in March 1986. company of Boston, Massachu- IMS/Kayward has an

ment income was £205,527 \$500,000 (£365,000) will be in the current year.

Blue Arrew has acquired, satisfied in cash by an initial through its newly formed U.S. payment of \$175,000 at comple tion and by subsequent payments the entire share capital of IMS/ of \$125,000 in January 1986 and

IMS/Kayward has an annual turnover in excess of \$3m and is The total consideration of expected to break even on profit

# Hawtal Whiting

Pre-tax profits at Hawtel Whiting Holdings, design engineering consultancy service, improved from £788,000 to £1,68m in the ball-year to June 20 1005 Thromosophuse should a fac-30, 1985. Turnover showed a considerable increase from £4.52m to £11.75m.

Tax rose from £308,000 to £732,000, and stated earnings per 5p share of this USM company improved from 7.8p to 14.6p.

### Oil production boosts **Invent Energy to £8.9m**

HIGHER OIL production and sales in France countributed primarily to Invent Exergy Holdings showing a substantial increase from £1.23m to £15.67m leperdue Field and the rein turnover, and a pre-tax profit of £3.89m in the year to May 31 produced by the Ulliperdue Field and the remainder from the Triton of £3.89m in the year to May 31 praisal and development wells intends to apply for a full listing on the London Stock Exchange, and it is expected that the listing of the series will be obtained at, or sbout four are shut in. The average

# HIGHER OIL production and tained during the first two weeks

on the London Stock Exchange, are awaiting completion, four and it is expected that the list- are awaiting completion, and ing will be obtained at, or shout four are shut in. The average the time of the annual meeting, initial flow rate of the nino it is intended to propose a latest wells placed on production sub-division of each existing has been 238 bond, ordinary share of 25p nominal. There is every expectation, the statement of the production will be a superficient of the statement of the statement of the production.

ordinary share of 25p nominal value into five oew ordinary of therefore, that production will 5p nominal value.

Revenues from the company's continue to increase in the Revenues from the company's coming months. The exploration, share in the F6 gas field in the spiral and development of Netherlands sector of the North all the blocks in which the company has an interest is being continuing to escalate, with e daily average of approximately \$400 Stated earnings per 25p share bopd—attributable to Triton were 36.7p (loss 8.4p) at the

France, the company's wholly halfway stage. The shares are owned subsidiary—being main-traded to the USM.

### Thomson Org. at £6.6m

A modest increase from £6.4m in o £6.6m in pre-tax profits is reported by Thomson Organisa. Nowspapers up to the date of state of £1985.

There was an extraordinary profit of £198.1m (£19m) representing the transfer of Thomson Regional Newspapers end Thomson Travel to wholly-owned subsidiaries of International Thomson Organisation, which is the ultimate holding company, in May.

The extraordinary item also inclindes results of Thomson Regional Nowspapers up to the date of sale. The 1984 extraordinary profit arose from the sale of shares in Reuter's holdings.

First half turnover fell from £296.1m to £224.1m, resulting in trading rosts were down from £296.1m to £224.1m, resulting in trading rosts of £7.9m (£10.3m). The profits of £7.9m (£10.3m). The pared with £3.9m. Tax was considerably lower at £1.4m

SHARE STAKES

Changes in company share stakes announced over the past week include:

Hazlewood Foods—Mr J. Lowe, chairman, has disposed of 200,000 shares leaving a balance of 1,531,070 (8 per cent).

Systems Reliability—R. D. Haden and H. Alisop, directors, have disposed of 100,000 ordinary each at 300p and both hold 3m (29,45 per cent). R. P. A. Whittaker and A. G. Evans, directors, both disposed of 150,000 ordinary states and A. G. Evans, directors, both disposed of 150,000 ordinary at 300p and now hold 405,000 (3,848 per cent) each.

Rerkeiey and Hsy Hii—D. Fitsgerald, joint managing director, has sold 2,5m ordinary shares.

Granville & Co. Limited Member of The National Association of Security Geelers and Investment Menagers 8 Lovat Lane London EC3R 8BP Telephone 01-621 1111

	Over-the-	Marke		
_	Company	Ch	ange Gross	

Company	Capitalisate,		Change	Gross	Yield		Fully	
Ass. Grit. Ind. CULS 137 - 1 0.0 7.3	5000°	Company	Price on week	div.(p)	.%	Actual	TAYAR	
Ass. Brit. Ind. CULS 137 - 1 10.0 7.2 12.0 1.075   Aimgrung Group	4,475	Ass. Brit. Ind. Ord	131 - 1	e.e				
3.184	_	Ass. Brit. Ind. CULS	137 - 1	10.0				
1.075	3,184	Almerune Group	55 —		11.6	5.2	12.0	
45,311 Bardon Hill	1.075		43xd + 2					
Second Services   Second Second Services   Second Second Services   Second	48,311	Bardon Hill						
1.300   CCL 1   1   10   COL		Bray Technologies						
1,300 CCL 11pc Conv. Pml. 104 — 15.7 15.1 3.7 15.1 Carborundum 07.6	550	CCL Ordinary	157 - 1		7.6			
7.779 Carborundum Ord	1.300	CCL 11pc Conv. Pml.	104 —	15.7				
Carborundum 7.5gc Pl. 90 - 10.7 11.9   3.932   0.8bcraf Services   51 - 1   6.5   13.7   5.3   7.0   38.755   Frank Horsell	7,379		123 + 2				9.5	
3,922 Osborah Services		Carborundum 7.5cc Pl.		10.7				
28,755 Frank Horsell			. 51 - 1					
Frank Horsell Pr. Ord.87 497 +17 11.9 2.4 11.7 15.8 Frederick Parker	28,765 -							
3.223 Frederick Parker 23 - 3.3 5.5 1.476 George Glistr 80 - 2 - 3.3 5.5 1.015 Ind. Precision Castings 25 - 2.7 10.6 6.9 7.4 14.817 Inite Group 100 + 1 5.6 6.2 7.0 7.0 31.823 Jackson Group 100 + 1 5.6 6.2 7.0 7.0 31.823 James Burrough 200 - 15.0 6.5 7.3 7.3 3.224 James Burrough 5pc Pf 80 + 1 12.5 13.6 - 6.7 6.992 John Howard and Co. 86 + 1 6.0 5.6 6.5 10.3 2.766 Linguaghtons Ord 182 - 3 - 6.7 7.0 Linguaghtons 10.5pc Pf 90 - 1 15.0 15.7 - 7.0 Linguaghtons 10.5pc Pf 90 - 1 15.0 15.7 - 10.9 1.260 Scrutions A' 31 - 6.8 12 24.6 22.7 1.260 Scrutions A' 31 - 7.8 1.260 Scrutions A' 31 - 7.8 1.473 Trevism Holdings 325 - 4.3 1.3 16.8 16.2 1.4101 Walter Afasandar 320xd - 1 2.1 6.6 7.7 8.5 14.101 Walter Afasandar 200xd - 17.4 6.7 5.7 6.8	_	Frank Horsell Pr. Ord.87						
1.476 George Gleir	3.323							
1,015   Ind. Precision Castings   25	1.476			_				
14,817								
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37.833 James Burnough	5.488	Jackson Oroup	106 + 1					
3.224 James Burrough Spc Pf SQ + 1 12.5 13.6 13.6 19.5 19.6 19.5 19.6 19.5 19.6 19.5 19.6 19.5 19.6 19.5 19.6 19.5 19.6 19.5 19.6 19.5 19.6 19.5 19.6 19.5 19.6 19.6 19.6 19.6 19.6 19.6 19.6 19.6	31 893		230 —			73		
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3.256 Linguaghona Ord 182 - 3 - 6.7 7.0 Linguaghona 10.5pc Pt. 80 - 1 15.0 15.7 16.355 Minihouse Holding NV 570 - 5.8 1.2 24.8 23.7 Robert Jenkins 31 10.9 24.0 1,250 Scrutons A. 31 7.8 1,767 Torday and Carifele 72 - 2 5.0 6.8 3.6 6.8 1,473 Trevian Holdings 323 - 4.3 1.3 16.8 16.2 5,024 Unitock Holdings 32xd - 1 2.1 6.6 6.7 6.5 14,101 Walter Algaendar 10xd - 6.8 7.7 8.2 7.6 4,655 W. S. Yestes 200xd - 17.4 6.7 5.7 8.8	8.952	John Howard and Co.		6.0	5.0			
Unique phone 10.5pc Pt. 90 - 1 15.0 16.7	3,256	Linguaphona Ord	182 - 3				7.0	
16,355 Minitouse Holding NV 570 — 6.8 1.2 24.8 23.7 Robert Jenkins	_	Linguaphone 10.5cc Pt.	90 - 1	15.0	15.7			
856 Robert Jenkins 84 - 1 - 10.9 24.0 1,250 Scrutions "A" 31 7.8 1,757 Torkey and Carthele 72 - 2 50 6.8 2.6 6.8 1,473 Trevian Holdings 325 - 4.3 13 16.8 16.2 5,024 Unifock Holdings 32xd - 1 2.1 8.6 6.7 16.5 14,101 Walter Alexandar 110xd 6.8 7.7 8.2 7.8 4,655 W. S. Yestes 200xd 17.4 6.7 5.7 8.8	16.355	Minimouse Holding NV		5.0		24.6	23.7	
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5.024 Unitock Holdings 32xd - 1 2.1 6.6 6.7 6.5 14,101 Walter Alasandar 10xd - 6.6 7.7 5.2 7.6 4,655 W. S. Yestes 200xd - 17.4 6.7 5.7 6.8		Trevian Holdings	325	4.3				
14,107 Welter Alexander 190xd — 6.6 7.7 5.2 7.6 4,668 W. S. Yestes 200xd — 17.4 6.7 5.7 6.8		Unifock Holdings		2,1		8.7		
4,868 W. S. Yestes 200xd — 17.4 6.7 5.7 6.8					7.7	5.2		
Pricae and details of services now eveilable on Prestal, page 48146	4,888	W. S. Yestes	200xd —	17.4	<b>e.</b> 7	5.7		
	Prices s	nd details of errylcas no	w eveilable on	Preste	l, pa	ge 4814	8	

Dates when some of the more important company dividend statements may be expected in the cert few weeks are given in the following table. The dates shown are those of last year's announcements except where the forthcoming board meetings (indicated thus\*) have been officially notified. Divideods to be declared will not necessarily be at the amounts in the column headed "Announcement last year."

Stores Oct 18 Interim 1.75
Brooke Bond Oct 17 Final nil

Publishing...Qct 1 Interim 3.6.

\*RMC ........Sept 25

\*RTZ ........Sept 25

Raybock ....Oct 12

\*Rugby Portland Camenc...Sept 30

Samuel Prps...Oct 23

Samuel Prps...Oct 9

Samuel Prps...Oct 9

Scot Metropim

Property...Oci 5

\*Steetley .....Sept 24

\*Superdrug

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444 طائع م - 124 Str. 224 the Pears Barry. · Out to and المجاهلات مترفي

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### **BOARD MEETINGS**

Higgs & Hill...Oct 10 Intente 4.5 \*Ibstock Johnson...Oct 7 Interim 2.5

The following compenies have notified dates of board meetings to the Stock Exchange. Such meetings ere usually held for the purpose of considering dividends. Official Indications are not evallable se to whethor the dividende are interime or finels and the subdivisions shown below am been TODAY Interime — Aidcom International,
American Electronic Components.
Sestson Clark, Sarkeley Explomition
and Production, W. Canning, Combined English Stores, Freemane, H6
Electronic Components, John Menzies,
Metalrax, Moss Stor, Pantherelia.

# BASE LENDING RATES

ABN. Bank 114% Hembros Bank 114% Allied Dumbar & Co. 114% Heritable & Gen. Trust 114% Hengkong & Shanghai 114% C. Hoare & Co. 114% Hongkong & Shanghai 114% Hongkong & Sank 114% Hongkong & Shanghai 114% Hongkong & Sons Lid. 114% Hongkong & Shanghai 114% Hongkong & Shanghai 114% Hongkong & Shanghai 114% Hongkong & Sons Lid. 114% National Giro Bank . 114% Norwich Gen. Trust . 114% Provincial Trust Ltd. 114% Royal Trust Co. Canada . 114% Committee. 114% Committee. 114% Committee. 114% Norwich Gen. Trust . 114% United Bank of Scotland . 114% Norwich Gen. Trust . 114% N

### Tuly 1985

# FINANCIAL TIMES STOCK INDICES

	Sept.	Sept.	Sept. 18	Sept.	\$ept.	Sept.	High	es Low	Since Co High	Low
Government Socs.	83.39	83,19	83,25	65,25	83,15	82,94	83,87	78,02	127.4	49.18
Fixed Interest	88.65	88.56	88,56	88.40	86,56	88,33	88,61	68.17	180.4	50.56
Ordinary	1002.9	1007.8	1000,0	1002.7	1007.7	1011.0	1024.5	e11.0	1024.5	49.4
Gold Mines	610,e	506.6	616.4	316,4	517.4	617,3	586.9	208.1	754.7	43.5
FT-Act All.Share,	631,43	633.70	628,98	529,43	651.41	634,41	646.82	581.88	646,82	61,92
FT-8E100	1298.7	1306.8	1294,8	1296.0	1300.2	1308.6	1340.8	1205.1	1542.4	986.9

LADBROKE INDEX 998-1,002 (+7)

### KOREA FIRST BANK US\$50,000,000

Floating Rate Notes 1995

NOTICE is hereby given that Korea First Bank (the 'Issuer') has been informed by R. R. DONNELLEY & SONS COMPANY LIMITED ("Donnelley"), note printers, that on or about 3rd August, 1985 all the definiove notes and relative coupons comprising the above issue were mislaid in transit between Canada and Heathrow Airport, London.

The notes comprise 500 bearer notes of U.S.\$100,000 each with 20 semi-annual interest coupons attached to each note and are serially numbered 000001-000500. The serial number section of each code-line fluoresces to green when exposed to ultra-violet light and the paper on which the notes are printed is Donnelley's standard white security paper containing Donnelley's exclusive water mark. The engraved borders and backgrounds to each note and coupon are printed in blue, with text on the face and reverse of each document in black only. The notes and coupons were mislaid prior to receipt on behalf of the Issuer for the purpose of exchange for the temporary global note currently representing the issue. No definitive notes or coupons have as yet been issued and such issue is not

expected to take place until December 1985. Accordingly all persons are hereby given notice that any of the above-mentioned notes and coupons which may under any circumstances be offered to them or which may come into their possession have originally been obtained by unlawful means and that the Issuer will not regard the obligations purported to be represented by such notes and coupons to be valid and binding

obligations of the Issuer. The paying agents for the issue and other appropriate parties have been so informed. Reprinting of definitive notes and relative coupons comprising the issue will shortly be effected in different colours and utilising different numbering from the original

THE CHASE MANHATTAN BANK, N.A. as Fiscal Agent on behalf of KOREA FIRST BANK

23rd September, 1985.

### Arbuthnot Latham Finance B.V.

US \$30,000,000

William L. T.

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Guarantéed Floating Rate Notes due 1992

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that the rate of interest for the period from 23rd September, 1985 to 24th March, 1986 has been established at 81% per cent. per annum.

The interest payment date will be 24th March. 1986. Payment which will amount to US \$222,76 per Note, will be made against the relative coupon.

Bank of America International Limited

U.S. \$50,000,000 Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes due 1987



Unconditionally guaranteed by THE DAI-ICHI KANGYO BANK LID

In accordance with the provisions of the Reference Agency Agreement between C. Itoh & Co. Ltd. and Cribank, N.A., dated March 14, 1980, notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 81/8% p.a. and that the interest payable on the relevant be USS224.34.

September 23, 1985, London
By: Citibank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank

CITIBANCO

### **UK COMPANY NEWS**

# St. Ives putting up 2.3m shares in offer by tender

BY LUCY KELLAWAY

THE FULL prospectus is published today for an offer for sale by tender of shares in St Ives, a printer of colour books and magazines. NM Rothschild is magazines. New Rollinghill is offering 2.3m shares at 290p each all of which are being sold by existing shareholders.

Following the offer for sale, the company's chairman, Mr Robert Gavron and his family, who are selling 1.7m shares, will own 42.5 per cent of the com-

The shares being sold represent 27 per cent of the total, and at the minimum offer price, the company is valued at £18.3m. St Ives was started in 1964 when Mr Gavron bought a loss-making printing company. Since then it has grown rapidly both organically and by acquisition. The company, which claims to be one of the leading colour printers in the UK, has seen profits grow

Application lists open on september 26. Rowe and Pitman is broker to the issue.

comment The team that brought you Octupus Books by an offer for sale by tender two years ago is at it again. But as Mr Gawron, a director of Octopus as well as chairman of S Ives, would himself be the first to admit, the two should not be bracketed together, as printing is nowhere

at an average compound rate of 35 per cent in the last five years.

Pre-tax profits for the year to July 1985 are estimated at £2.5m on a turnover of £18.5m. This compares with £1.9m and £15.3m in the preious year. At the minimum price, the shares are being offered on a price-carnings ratio of 11.8, and assuming a dividend of \$p\$ a share, the yield is 3.9 per cent.

Application lists ones on ing a subsequently turning round a succession of distressed coma succession of distressed companies. The market may not like the fact that the purpose of the floatation is to allow Mr Gavron to cash-in part of his stake, but at least the company has the sense not to go raising money that it does not need to keep up appearances. There is presumably a limit to how long St lives can continue to expand at its present rate, but this seems to be given appropriate recognition in the minimum offer price.

# Falcon gives profits warning

In the second half of the year, the greater part of group profits normally comes from Eliiott-Medway, but margins here have been squeezed and are expected to remain at a disappointing level throughout the rest of 1985.

This will lead to a poor level of profit for the year, the company warns.

of profit for the year, the com-pany warms.

Along with a reduction in first-half pre-tax profits from £660,000 to £531,000, and a halved interim dividend of 0.5p net, the com-pany also announced a board

man and will also become group managing director.

Mr T. D. Leece, the present managing director, will become depoty managing director and finance director. Mr S. H. Kite will be responsible for the Jenks and Cattell division as managing director, while Mr P. Barker is resigning from the board, but continuing as managing director continuing as managing director of Burgon & Ball. Mr D. Cheng

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF

YAMAICHI SECURITIES

COMPANY, LIMITED

U.S. \$20,000,000 3½ per cent. Convertible Bonds Due 1995

We, Yaroxichi Securities Company, Limited, hereby notify that, as a result of a free distribution of his shares of common stock to shareholders of record as of 90th September, 1985, Japan time, at the rate of 0,03 shares for each share held, the conversion price of the above-captioned. Bonds will be adjusted pursuant to Condition 6, paragraph (a) of the Terms and Conditions of the Bonds under the Trust Deed dated 10th December, 1984 from Yen 560 to Yen 562,70 per share, effective as from 1st October, 1985, Japan time.

YAMAICHI SECURITIES

PROBLEMS at its Elliott-Medway building division have caused falcon industries to warn that its 1885 results will be substantially less than its original expectations. Last year, the group made pre-tax profits of \$\frac{1}{2}\$ floors.

In the second half of the year, the greater part of group profits roomany explains that measures have been taken and are in the course of implementation, which will lead to improved margins and a progressive reduction in group borrowings. However, the mormally comes from Elliott-materially affect results for the Medway but margins here have

year.
Government spending cuts have resulted in Elliott-Medway seeking business in different sectors of the market and this sectors of the market and this has produced lower margins than hitherto obtained. Every effort is being made to restore margins, but for the rest of the year they will remain depressed, the com-

pany also announced a board restructure.

Mr R. W. Aitken is stepping down as non-executive chairman but will remain on the board as a non-executive director. Mr M. Hindmarch, who joined the board at the time of the Plantpak acquisition, has agreed to take over as full-time chairman and will also become group managing director.

Mr T. D. Least the company states.

Proceeds from the sale of the investment in Mandarin Resources Corporation, should have been received during the half year, but at the request of the purchaser, payments bave been rescheduled. The first instalment has now been received, and the campany expects to receive the balance before the year end.

Group inrover for the six

Group turnover for the six months rose by nearly 50 per cent to £21.23m, against £14.29m. Elliott-Medway sales showed a substantial increase rodecting the acquisition of Wyseplan in July, 1984. Operating profits rose from £308,000 to £345,000. Jenks & Cattell (tools and engineering) and Burgon & Ball (tools) both increased sales, but

NOTICE TO HOLDERS OF

### **YAMAICHI SECURITIES** COMPANY, LIMITED

U.S. \$20,000,000 3½ per cent. Convertible Bonds Due 2000

We Yamaichi Securities Company, Limited, hereby notify that, as a result of a free distribution of its shares of common stock to shareholders of record as of 50th September, 1985, Japan time, at the rate of 0.03 shares for each share beld, the conversion price of the above captioned Bands will be adjusted pursuant to Condition 6, paragraph (a) of the Terna and Conditions of the Bonds under the Trust Deed dated 10th December, 1984 from Yen 560 to Yen 562.70 per share, effective as from 1st October, 1985, Japan time.

YAMAICHI SECURITIES COMPANY, LIMITED

operating profits at £304,000 (£329,000), B & B's achieved margins were negligible and profits slumped from £234,000 to £23,000.

Further steps have been taken to rationalise production and to reduce unit costs, and investment has been made in progression tooling and more efficient plant. Product range is also being rationalised to eliminate low volume and slow-selling lines and to maximise the use of the company's resources.

Plantpak (horticulture) con-tributed £301,000 in the four months since its acquisition, a performance which the company says was excellent.

Group operating profits for the half year came to £973,000 (£871,000), before more than doubled interest charges of £442,000 (£211,000). After tax of £75,000 (£94,000) stated earnings per 25p share were halved at 1.7p.

### FT Share Information

The following securities have been added to the Share Information Service: Abbot Energy Corporation (Section: Canadians)
Aquarius Exploration N.L.
(Mines-Australians)
Aziec Exploration Limited

(Mines-Australians) msolidated Afex Corporation (Mines-Finance) Lysander Petroleum (Oil and

Gas) ... Moss Advertising (Paper, Printing and Advertising)'
Parrish (J. T.) (Trusts-Finance P & O 6.3 pc Conv. Red. Pfd. Stock (Shipping).

> U.S. \$100,000,000 Floating Rate Notes due 1989

of the Notes, notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest for the next six months 23rd September, 1985 to 24th March, 1986 has been fixed at 8% per cent per annum. The Coupon Amount psyable on Coupon No. 8 will be US\$4,486.81.

THE SUMITOMO BANK, LIMITED Reference Agent

This advertisement complies with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchange and does not constitute an offer of, or invitation to subscribe for, or purchase, any securities.



(Incorporated in Delaware)

US\$100,000,000 Subordinated Floating Rate Notes due 1992 Issue Price 100 per cent.

The following have agreed to subscribe or procure subscribers for the Notes:-

BANQUE PARIBAS CAPITAL MARKETS MORGAN GUARANTY LTD SALOMON BROTHERS INTERNATIONAL LIMITED SECURITY PACIFIC LIMITED BANK OF YOKOHAMA (EUROPE) S.A.

CHASE MANHATTAN CAPITAL MARKETS GROUP COMMERZBANK AKTIENGESELLSCHAFT COUNTY BANK LIMITED CREDIT SUISSE FIRST BOSTON LIMITED
DAI-ICHI KANGYO INTERNATIONAL LIMITED
GOLDMAN SACHS INTERNATIONAL CORP. KLEINWORT, BENSON LIMITED MITSUI TRUST BANK (EUROPE) S.A. NOMURA INTERNATIONAL LIMITED ORION ROYAL BANK LIMITED SHEARSON LEHMAN BROTHERS INTERNATIONAL SUMITOMO TRUST INTERNATIONAL LIMITED SWISS BANK CORPORATION INTERNATIONAL LIMITED S. G. WARBURG & CO. LTD.

Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange for the Notes to be admitted to the Official List.

YASUDA TRUST EUROPE LIMITED

Listing particulars relating to the Notes are available in the Extel Statistical Service and copies may be obtained during usual business hours up to and including 25th September, 1985 from the Company Announcements Office of The Stock Exchange and up to and including 6th October, 1985 from:—

Banque Paribas Capital Markets 17/20 Lincoln's Inn Fields London WC2R 3ED

House Govett Ltd Heroo House 319/325 High Holborn Security Pacific National Bank 2 Arundel Street London WC2R 3DF

23rd September, 1985

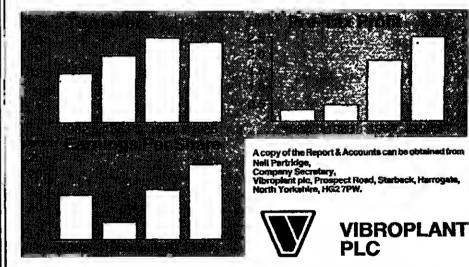
# V*IBROPLANT*

 Our principal activity is once again purely that of plant hire and the Group's profits and earnings per share are at a five year peak.

All Divisions in the U.K. have made good contributions and overseas Florida Hi-Lift has traded

Trading in the first quarter of the current financial year is ahead of the levels for last year and this improvement should be maintained for the year as a whole.

\* "Looking further ahead," says Chairman Mr. Jeremy Pilkington, "we now see greater scope for profitable investment and growth both at home and in the USA, than we have for some time."



This notice complies with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Exchange and does not constitute an offer of, or invitation to subscribe for or purchase, any securities.



# U.S. \$100,000,000 Christiania Bank og Kreditkasse

Floating Rate Subordinated Notes Due October 1997

The following have agreed to subscribe, or procure subscribers, for the Notes:

Salomon Brothers International Limited

PK Christiania Bank (UK) Limited

Bank of Yokohama (Europe) S.A. Crédit Commercial de France

Bank of America International Limited Citicorp Investment Bank Limited **Credit Sulsse First Boston Limited Deutsche Bank Capital Markets Limited** Kidder, Peabody International Limited. Mitsubishi Trust & Banking Corporation (Europe) S.A.

Mitsul Trust Bank (Europe) S.A. Nippon Credit International (Hong Kong) Limited

Shearson Lehman Brothers International, Inc.

The Talyo Kobe Bank (Luxembourg) S.A.

Den norske Creditbank E F Hutton & Company (London) Ltd Merrili Lynch International & Co. Mitsul Finance International Limited Morgan Stanley International **Orion Royal Bank Limited** 

Société Générale Takugin International Bank (Europe) S.A. Toyo Trust International Limited Westpac Banking Corporation Yasuda Trust Europe Limited

Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange for the Notes, issued at a price of 100 per cent., to be admitted to the Official List. Interest on the Notes, calculated as set out in the Listing Particulars and subject to a maximum after four years of

13½ per cent. per annum, is payable semi-annually in arrears. The first payment is expected to be made on April 17, 1986. Listing Particulars relating to Christiania Bank og Kreditkasse and the Notes are available in the Extel Statistical Service and copies may be obtained during usual business hours up to and including September 25, 1985 from the Company Announcements Office of The Stock Exchange and up to and including October 7, 1985 from:

12 Tokenhouse Yard, London EC2R 7AN

336 Strand, London WC2R 1HB

September 23, 1985

### DALICHI KANGYO INTERNATIONAL LIMITED

is pleased to announce that it will be making markets in **Floating Rate Notes** 

from today, 23rd September, 1985.

Also market makers in Euroyen and Japanese Government Bonds.

Garden House 18, Finsbury Circus London EC2M 7BP Telephone: (441) 588 4148 - FRN (441) 588 3763 - Yen (441) 920 0181 - General



### **BANK FÜR ARBEIT UND** WIRTSCHAFT A.G.

(Incorporated with limited liability in Austria) US\$100,000,000 Subordinated Floating Rate Notes due 2000

accordance with the terms and conditions of the above-mention Notes notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 811/4% per annum and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date, March 24, 1986 against Coupon No. 2 in respect of US\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$439.20

September 23, 1985, London By: Citibank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank

**CITIBAN(** 

£50,000,000 ALL NIPPON AIRWAYS CO., LTD. (Zen Nippon Kuyu Kabushiki Kaisha) **GUARANTEED FLOATING RATE NOTES DUE 1991** 



Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 11 ½ % p.a. and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date, December 20, 1985 against Caupon No. 4 in respect of £5,000 nominal of the Notes will be £146.47.

September 23, 1985, Landon By: Citibank, N.A. (CSSI Dept), Agent Bank

**CITIBAN(** 

Jane Rippeteau reports on how weather forecasters are making their expertise pay

# Outlook bright for UK weather men

AT 2.20 AM one night in August 1981, the river valleys

of north-west France were fog-bound. It was especially

bad around Rouen—or so say the scientists at England's Meteorological Office.

They admit they did not know for sure. But by 1983 or before, using satellite temper-ature data massaged through

a high-powered computer system, they expect not only to explain past phenomenon but to be able to deliver short-term forecasts of where

such hard-to-predict weather hazards as fog and frost will

occur in areas as small as a few kilometers in size. Such

data network and insisted that its members sent their pay-

read and processed manually

by banking staff.

had around Rouen

JUST BEFORE play was to begin on centre court at Wimbledon on July 5, this year, referees at the championship director at Wimbledon on July 5, this year, referees at the championship director and the London Weather Centre and it alerted them that in 20 minutes it was going to start raining like mad.

Sure enough, along came that inflamous, internationallytelevised cloud burst that sent spectators scurrying and fireatened to end play for the day on Wimbledon's sensitive grass courts.

"It was a crucial warning"

The alert provided by the Meteorologication of the Meteorological sense of subscribe to a separate service subscribe to a separate service which permits them to get subscribe to a separate service which permits them to get seven hired a public relations subscribe to a separate service which permits them to get seven to support its effort. Particularly since the Office is concerned mainly with handing our region of the detection internationallytelevised cloud burst that sent spectators scurrying and fire-atened to end play for the day on Wimbledon's sensitive grass courts.

"It was a crucial warning"

"It was a crucial warning

information could be invaluable to road safety as well as

Although insufficient data

atthough insumetent data communications capacity makes the project unfeasible at the moment, Met Office scientists believe they have resolved a key technical stumbling block. The problem of predicting fog at night, explains John Turner, manager of the program called Hermes, is that forzy

called Hermes, is that foggy areas tends to be close in temperature to clear areas,

and so invisible to infra-red

detection. "We developed a

little trick," says Turner.

airline and sea travel.

INFRA-RED TRICK HELPS TO SPOT THE FOGGY PATCHES "The infra-red radiation from water droplets in fog is very slightly different from the heat from clear ground." The difference is measured by using two different locations on the infra-red spectrum,

and the part that emits beat less effectively is denoted fog. Turner calls np another screen on his color-coded terminal. It is of Cornwall, and precise enough to show the hills of Dartmoor. Just offshore, in stades of grey, a wide bank of fog could be seen creeping eminously near. The good news: that was

tractors and others for whom more specific weather informa-tion could have important ecomic benefits.

One enthusiastic convert is advertising executive Michael Warburst. As administrator for warning. As administrator for television in the London office of J. Walter Thampson he has to worry all the time about whether and where it will be whether and where it will be safe to send out a crew to shoot a commercial — and be tries to minimize the amount of insu-rance be routinely has to take out through Lloyd's to cover can-

celled shoots.

About a year ago, be signed up for a service that allows him to consult directly with a Met Office forecaster. He tapped in just last Wednesday concerning a commercial be has to shoot in Eastbourne. "I asked whether they'd advice Friday or whether they'd advise Friday or Monday," he says. The weekend, which was supposed to be

vagaries caused by the ocean to its west.

Yet meeting that challenge has turned England's Met Office, along with the European Centre for Medium-range Weather Forecasts, into what some consider the premier weather centre in the world. The European Centre, in nearby Reading. was aet up ten years ago speci-fically to attack the problem of predicting the weather in Europe up to ten days shead.

Says Dr Jerome Namias, research metereologist at the Scripps Institution of Oceanography in California: "Cerforecasting, the work done at the British Ceotre in collaboration with the European Centre is . . . the best in the world. They have taken the ball and run with it."

HERE IS THE THERE IS A FREAK STORM APPROACHING ...



One area of expertise that the 76km size now used. To achieve such resolution, one must retain certain data that would normally be filtered out information and make the outsiders point to is in the development of mathematical models to speed the processing of information and make the output more precise. The availability of supercomputers, used in the U.S. and at both the Mat

Office and the European centre, now power the field of so-called numerical forecasting. But each centre develops its own pro-gramming. The Met Office's global model, which bas attracted so many alrline customers, consists of a grid of some one-third million observasome one-third million o tion points multiplied by six factors every single time it moves 15 minutes into the

future. The refining of these models is an on-going adventure. Right now, for instance, Met Office mathematicians are working on a model that will resolve

typically filtered out is that for sound waves, so complex that they overwhelm the computer and obscure the weather data sought. A way had to be found to cope with the sound waves. A working model has now been developed, making possible the observation of such smaller-scale phenomenon as a second scale phenomenon as a sea

Other mathematical tech niques developed by the centre have contributed to the accuracy of forecasting. The Met Office claims that today only 13 per cent of its one-day global forecasts are inaccurate whereas balf were in 1968 Today, it says, three-day predictions are as good as two-day ones were 10 years ago.

around train time-table en

quiries.
A fourth application is text editing; with a nod in the direction of the Newspeak of George

serves that text editors could play a part in a Corporate

Language System providing con

ine a company which could not even consider new ideas or new

semantics had not been entered

Fifth is machine translation,

in the corporate language sys

an area where a number of pro-ducts have been in use since the

1960s, and sixth, the talkwriter

a model which suggests that it the U.S. natural language pro

Mr Johnson has constructed

Orwell's 1984, Mr Johnson

sistency of vocabulary.

The good news is FERRANT Selling technology

### Enlarger for High St mini-labs

MAXIPRINT Systems of Dorset has introduced a colour enlarger which, it claims, produces high-quality photographic enlargements from negatives more cheaply and quickly than by other methods.

The machine has a precessing unit and rapid dryer controlled by a microprocessor. Its sensor-controlled filter and exposure

processor. Its sensor-con-trolled filter and exposure system are said to be matched to suit variations in paper characteristics and in the lowdensity colour-correction negative masks now in general production.

Maxiprint Systems expects to find its biggest market for the enlarger among High Street mini-laboratories.

### More on-screen information from Reuters

REUTERS, the news and information organisation. has launched an additional on-screen service for subscribers to its Reuter Monitor international equities and UK in-

vestment services. Based on information from 30 market-makers in six Enro-pean countries, the service now offers continuously up-dated net prices for a wide range of international stocks. Subscribers can access in-

formation directly from market-makers' own pages and from a series of 66 multi-contributor pages made np of prices abstracted from a number of the individual market-maker pages and posted to a separate, single

1 1991

stock page.
So far, nearly half the market-makers have agreed to their quotations being dis-played on the single-stock

Renters hopes to add more market-makers and stocks to

# Why talking to computers could catch on

THE Society for Worldwide Interbank Financial Telecom-munications (Swift) revolu-tionised international hanking wben, in 1973, it introduced a new way of arranging money transfers between banks. It set up a secure, efficient

This means the development of systems which can handle instructions or information in format which left no room for English or any other language rather than the codewords and stilted English-like languages

format which left no room for ambiguity.
But 12 years on, and with the second phase of Swift development about to go live (see this page, September 19), large numbers of international transfers still arrive as free-form telexes which must be seed and proposed manually used today. Cognitive Systems of New Haven, Connecticut and Carnegie Group of Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, seem to be the leaders in this activity. Cognitive is, in fact, due to begin selling a telex coutent scanner Substantial savings in time called Atrans this autumn. The and money are forecast if these tasks such a scanner has to carry telexes could be scanned and out involve identifying the roles converted to a standard format of each bank involved in the

Human operators will still bave to be on band to check and correct the decoded messages, Cognitive concedes, but it still argues that labour costs using Atrans would be dramatically

Its research predicts that telex content scanners could re-duce staff levels by 88 per cent with a significant rise in

chief reason why natural language processing is thought to tronic mail and word processing have a rosy future—in spite of has generated a need for a more its slow growth to date. converted to a standard format or each bank involved in the automatically—so substantial, transaction, differentiating pay—But just as with biotechno-and machine.

But just as with biotechno-and machine.

"Most important of all are these telexes is thought to offer keys, identifying the appropriate the richest pickings will accrue the recent rapid advances the biggest and quickest return. Swift message category and, to the patient. It is still jam a towards realisation of a prac-

cant increase in activity, especially in the U.S. Mr Tim Johnson, a former serior consultant with Logica who recently completed a major report, Netural language com-puting: the commercial applica-

tions, argues that the Examples of this kind are the professionals through the hief reason why natural lan-advent of desk top micros, elechuman interface between man

on investment in a technology quite possibly, changing the text few years off, rather than jam tical talkwriter — a machine to addition to content scanning, accept buman speech and transprocessing."

tomorrow.

Nevertheless, experts who seribe it into machine-readable reading banking telexes. tomorrow.

Nevertheless, experts who have studied the development of natural language processing perhaps, or commands to a database."

\*\*Volce recogni-

He goes on: "Voice recognition systems which can accept spoken commands in the form of isolated word or phrases are already well known. In 1984, IEM demonstrated a talkwriter which can transcribe complete husiness letters with a vocabu-lary of 5,000 words.

"There are at least seven more projects working towards similar but more advanced systems in the U.S., the UK and Japan and the first sample products will probably be delivered

identified six chief categories in research, the prototype is based

. The first is gaining access to databases held on mainframe and mini computers. Several bundred systems of this kind have already been installed. A typical example could be on a foreign exchange dealer's desk, where one or two words of command are sufficient to call a page of financial information to the screen.

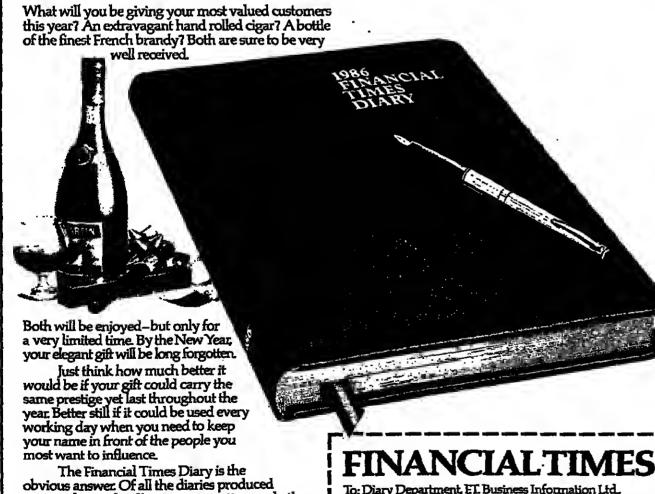
Second is a similar human interface to a database held on a microcomputer. Third, dio-logue between human and comapan and the first sample pro-ucts will probably be delivered telephone enquiry system at 1986."

Cambridge. Funded as part of What are these products likely the UK's Alvey programme to be used for? Mr Johnson support advanced computing

cessing community is to fulfil its predicted growth rate, it will need more than \$250m in invest-ment capital before interest charges by 1990.

ALAN CANE

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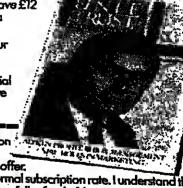
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# Bank of NZ names head of department

BY DAI HAYWARD IN WELLINGTON

THE Bank of New Zealand has appointed Mr Donal Curtin to head its economics department in Wellington Mr Curtin's position will be known as international economist. His special task will be to keep the bank informed of economic developments overseas and to use this information as a basis for forecasting international financial well-international financial well-internation group, has appointed Mr Lars Berg head of its cahles unit from October 1, reports AD-DJ from the U.S., has been growing rapidly under Mr Thygerson, who took over as chief executive from \$40bn to \$100bn.

Since it was established in 1970 Freddie Mac bas purchased \$119bn in mortgage securities in the form of mortgage should sold \$108bn in mortgage securities in the form of mortgage since the description of the U.S., has been growing the U.S., has been growing rapidly under Mr Thygerson, who took over as chief executive from \$40bn to \$100bn.

Since it was established in 1970 Freddie Mac bas purchased \$119bn in mortgage securities in the form of mortgage should be used to the U.S., has been growing rapidly under Mr Thygerson, who took over as chief executive from \$40bn to \$100bn.

Since it was established in 1970 Freddie Mac bas purchased \$119bn in mortgage securities in the form of mortgage should be used to the U.S., has been growing the U.S., has been growi

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Mr Curtin was previously a ministerial economic advisor in Dublin. He has worked as an exchange rate forecaster in London and is a financial journalist in Tokyo. His most

journalist in Tokyo. His most recent position was editor of the Euromoney hank renort.

\* \*

\*AMFAC, the U.S. diversified company with interests in wholesale distribution, food processing and retailing has accepted the resignation of president and chief executive officer Mr Myron Du Bain, reports Reuter from San Francisco.

Mr Ralph A. Van Orsdel, a members of the board, will serve as president and chief executive officer while the company searches for Mr Du Bain's successor.

successor.

AMFAC has also appointed Mr
Ronald Sizan to the new position of chief operating officer.

treasury division. Mr Baroudy joined the bank in 1984 as foreign exchange manager.

Mr Soeren Moeller Nielsen bas been appointed a managing director and joins the board of general management which controls the bank's business-related activities.

\*\* \* \* \*

L. M. ERICSSON TELEFON, the San Diego-based Imperial corporation of America on September 16. Imperial is a \$8.5bn asset savings and loan holding company which has branches in California, Kansas and Colorado and mortgage banking offices throughout the U.S.

Freddie Mac, which is a publicly chartered corporation of the company, replaces Mr Mr Inoue, 61, was named vice president in December 1980.

Ericsson Cables is the group's and collateralised mortgage third largest division. It makes obligations (CMOS). telecommunications cables, Mr Leland Brendsel has telecommunications cables, power cables and optical fibre cables.

\* \* \* \* CONTROL DATA Corporation, brightness (CMOS).

Mr Leland Brendsel has spent most of his career in quasi-governmental roles. He was financial economist at the Farm Credit Banks in Wash-

CONTROL DATA Corporation, the U.S.-based suppliers of computer services and systems, has named three new directors, increasing the size of its board to 21 members, reports Reuter from Minneapolis.

The three men are Control Data executives: Mr Robert W. Duncan and Mr Henry J. White are senior vice-presidents, and

are senior vice-presidents, and Mr Lawrence Periman is president of Peripheral Products, a Control Data subsidiary.

A company spokesman said the appointments were not related in this year's expected losses in computer conscients.

In this year's expected losses in computer operations.

\* \* \*

Mr Leland Brendsel, aged 43, bas been appointed acting chief executiva of tha Federal Home Mr Lesan appointed actual home executive of the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (Freddle Mac), a U.S. Government sponsored agency which housing market.

WANG LABORATORIES, the Massachussetts computer concern, said executive vice-president Jon F. Kropper bas dent Jon F. Kropper bas chief

ment sponsored agency which housing market.

Mr Brendsel, who has been Freddia Mac's chief financial officer since 1982, is taking over from Mr Kenneth J. Thygerson, aged 39, who will become president and chief executive officer of the San Diego-based Imperial Corporation of America on

Mr Herbert will serve a two-

Stockholm.

Mr Berg, who is president of Ericsson Radio Systems Sweden, will succeed Mr Jan Stenberg, who became president of Ericsson's largest division, public telecommunications, earlier this year.

Ericsson Cables is the group's who took over as chief executive in 1982, its assets have jumped from \$40bn to \$100bn.

Since it was established in 1970 Freddie Mac bas purchased \$119bn in mortgages and sold \$109bn in mortgage securities in the form of mortgage securities in the form of mortgage securities in the form of mortgage since the death last year of Mr william Shimp.

Mr High Parry is eppointed to
the board of INTERNATIONAL
LEISURE GROUP as group financial director, succeeding Mr
Peter Woodward. Mr Robert
Smart, group financial controller,
becomes executive director of
corporate planning and development. Mr Woodward, deputy
chairman, will continne in his
key role of developing the diversifving group, monitoring overall ington and is a former member of the University of Utab's finance faculty. Before joining Freddie Mac be was vice president and chief economist of the Federal Home Loan Bank of Des Moines, Iowa.

Mr Edwin Gray, who beads the Federal Home Loan Bank board and is also chairman of Freddie Mac, says that Mr Brendsel was "directly responsible for introducing the innovative collateralised mortgage obligation (CMO), issuing the 15-year "gnome" mortgage participation certificate (PCI, as well as the multi-family PC, and beading the first conversion of a mortgage-backed security to book-entry. logton and is a former member key fole of developing the diver-sifying group, monitoring overall financial performance and con-trolling all treasury matters. Mr Parry is finance director of all ILG operating companies. Ile is also responsible for the EDP functions within the group.

CHEMICAL NEW YORK Corporation, the U.S. bank holding company, has named Mr Richard Simmons as vice-chairman of the corporation and Chemical Bank, its principal subsidiary.

Mr Simmons, who is deputy presiding partner in the Wall Street law firm Gravath, Swaine and Moore, bas been an adviser to Chemical for 20 years. He will be responsible for business expansion at the corporate level and for Chemical's legal and governmental affairs. dent Jon F. Kropper bas resigned, effective October 1, to become president and chief operating officer of Hadco Corporation, 2 Salem, N.H., pro-ducer of printed circuit boards.

THE BANK OF TOKYO Japan's only specialised foreign exchange bank, bas announced vice president Mr Minoru Inoue will replace Mr Yasushi Watan be as president.

### **UK APPOINTMENTS**

# Senior changes at Samuel Montagu

Manufacturers Hanover Corporation.

Mr Sandy MacGill has been appointed commercial controller of KELLOCK FACTORS in Reading. He will bave prime responsibility for Kellock's new husiness department, acting through the Scottish office as well as five other branch offices.

GEORGE WIMPEY. Mr Roger S. Nelli becomes finance director of Wimpey-Dubiller, the electronic components business acquired earlier this year from Dubilier. He was formerly planning co-ordinator with Wimpey's corporate development unit. Dr Michael E. Cleverly has been appointed a director of Wimpey-Dubiller. He was formerly planning co-ordinator with Wimpey's corporate development unit. Dr Michael E. Cleverly has been appointed a director of Wimpol, the Swindon-based subsidiary specialising in offshore surveys, navigation services and electronic systems. Dr Cleverley was previously managing director, Mr Gordon Montgomery, as associate director. He was founded in May this year by its managing director, Mr Goodger. The other directors are Mr Andrew Hugh Smith, senior, partner of stockbrokers capel-Cure Holdings and Mr Brian Smale-Adam, Bursar of Clare College, Cambridge.

Cambridge Capital announces the appointment of Mr Gordon Montgomery, as associate director. He was founded in May this year by its managing director, Mr Goodger. The other directors are Mr Andrew Hugh Smith, senior, partner of stockbrokers capel-Cure Holdings and Mr Brian Smale-Adam, Bursar of Clare College, Cambridge.

HEWLETT-PACKARD has appointed Mr Roger Cooper as general manager, office productivity division, replacing Mr Bob Kadarach, who has returned to the U.S. after starting the division in 1980. Mr Cooper foined the London office and as a systems engineer. He became UK computer systems group manager four years later.

Mr Richard Hazell, managing director of Three Quays Under-writing Management, bas been appointed to the board of CATER ALLEN HOLDINGS.

Mr Leon Fisher bas relinquished his position as director of ALLIED CARPET STORES to pursue his personal

Mr David Crellin, who joined the main board of SUPRA GROUP as financial director and company secretary, was pre-viously financial director of Scotcade and Tower Housewares.

FRANK RUSSELL INTERNA-TIONAL Mr Michael Phillips bead of Frank Russell International and will move to the bead office in Tacoma, U.S., in January 1986. Mr Donald Hardy, at present on secondment in London, will remain the second secon January 1986. Mr Donald Hardy, at present on secondment in London, will remain here for a further three years to run the UK and European business and will become managing director, Europe. Mr Nicholas Day has jointed the London office and as a director of the London operation will in due course he responsibla for UK consulting relationships. Mr Donal Botkin, at present head of international research in Tacoma, will in future head the development of Pacific services and client base,

Mr Chris O'Malley bas been appointed an executive director of Samnel Montagu and Co. As bead of fixed and floating rate note sales, be is responsible for teams in London, Hong Kong and Tokyo, He is also a director of Samuel Montagu (Siase) SA., Geneva, Mr O'Malley was formerly head of fixed interest sales at Credit Suisse First Boston in London, He joined Samuel Montagu in appointed an executive director. Mr Charles Allsopp and Ms Noel Amnesley have been appointed an executive director and bead of trading in the capital markets distinct.

Mr Charles Allsopp and Ms Noel Amnesley have been appointed commercial controller of KELLOCK FACTORS in Reading He will have prime responsibility for Kellock's new business the appointed director. Mr Christopher Maytum, until Mr Samuel Montagu in Joined Samuel Montagu in Join

group manager in 1979, moving to Geneva as European Sales Manager four years later.
Mr John Tomilison has heen appointed chief executive — UK

media sales of the TAYLOR HARRISON GROUP. He was media regional director of the south of England.

Hr /lan Ogden is to succeed Mr Japer Archer, as managing directs of CHARLES BARKER CITY, responsible for public relations. Mr Archer will be leaving the company in the New Year to join Grandfield Rork Collins Financial.

Mr L. A. Locke has joined M. V. HOWELL ASSOCIATES as a director.

Mr G. L. Corlett, chairman and managing director of Higsons Brewery, has been appointed a non-executive director of BOD-DINGTONS' BREWERIES, as foreshadowed at the time of the offer to acquire Higsons. Mr Corlett will retire as managing director of Higsons on September 30, but will continue as chairman.

Mr Roger Hewitt has joined the board of SHANKS & McEWAN LTD, the civil engin-Pacific services and client base, and will continue his roles in eering and waste disposal group, from Browning Ferris.

1 Put in charge (5)

2 Fm given money to hold legally (7)
3 Is it used to keep a beehive hairdo in place? (9)

Opera socially acceptable in Lent, for example (5)

6 A murder suspect, one hears 7 Always on the go, is Ivy!

(5, 4) 15 Drink may be bought in bars (9) 17 I have innate artlessness (7)

19 There are two points he can possibly raise (7) 21 Be on a wild binge (5)

22 Rise late -about one will be

The solution to last Saturday's prize puzzle will be published with names of winners next

right (3, 2)

Saturday.

F.T. CROSSWORD PUZZLE No. 5,828

ACROSS

- 1 Soft illumination engagement (6) 4 Spent two notes at the charity "do" (6) 8 Schoolboy expression re-
- sults in tears (7)
  9 Bolt from an argument (7)
  11 Trippers may go to see something cheekily displayed by ladies (6, 4)
  12 Natural reaction of garages running out of gas (4)
  13 Set for one road diversion 19 Enter the financial market. or just think about it (9)
  13 Dish of rooks part-cooked
- (5)

  14 Proverbially remains cool, though often framed (8)

  16 He will appreciate people with good taste (8)

  18 A once-rough sea (5)

  20 A case for sewers (4)

  21 Waylay Rose, perhaps (10)

  23 The upper hand (7)

  24 Bow tie? (7)

  25 Continue being eager to hold work back (4, 2)

  26 Lower form emend a composition (6)

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**Foreign Exchange** 

Data for January - December 1984

Daily spot rates for 1984

explanatory articles Price: £18 UK or £20/US\$28 overseas. Prices include postage and packing.

Financial Times Monday September 23 1985 ENGINEERING—Continued AMERICANS-Cont. | 103 | 104 | 104 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | 105 | James | Jame INDUSTRIALS (Miscel.) | Price | Pric INDUSTIKAN

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# £75m French Kier work

The FRENCH RIER group has worn contracts worth £75m, with work worth £45m going to French Kier Construction and £30m to William Moss Construction, the building company it acquired earlier this year.

The contracts show how the group's work has moved away from a predominance of civil engineering to a new emphasis of building.

Alliance Insurance, British Airways, Shell UK Oil and British Gas Corporation.

"We are known as the civil engineering company, but have to change our business emphasis over the last two years to concentrate on building as the amount of heavy civil engineering work in the UK has diminished." said French Kier Construction's managing

engineering to a new emphasis on building.

The largest of the contracts awarded was to French Kler Construction, £15.8m for St Mary's bospital in the lale of Wight.

Other contracts awarded to French Kler Construction include a multi-storey car park for Epsom and Ewell Borough Council; alterations to the Moat House International Rotel in Stratford upon Avon for Queen's Most Houses, and to the Ladbroks Hotel in Warwick; and an office block at Colne Works for Wyndham Investment. Other clients we get more wide a service as well as getting clients include the BBC, Sun jobs on competitive tender,"

said Mr Allen.
"They want to be assured they will get their job on time by seeing examples of other jobs we have finished. They want to know exactly which staff will be on the contract and make sure they have the right blend of experience and make sure there will be no conflict of personalities. It was not always like this."

personalities. It was not always like this."

The acquisition of William Moss earlier this year was part of French Kier's plan to take advantage of the growth in building work.

Contracts awarded to William Moss include refurbishment work to great new offices and then Moss include refurbishment work to create new offices and shop units for his Imperial Group in Bristol; a town centre for Raglan Property Trust at Witney; a new headquarters for R. A. Lister at Dursley; a storage building and offices for British Telecom; and a retail home improvement centre for Texas Home Care et Loughborough.

### £22m road projects

have been awarded to companies within CEMENTATION, civil and specialist engineering division of Tratalgar House. The largest, at £17m, for Cementation Construction, is for contract 3 of the South Woodford-Barking Relief Road, part of the A406 improvements. Being built for the Department of Transport, the contract comprises the construction of 4.1 km of dual three lane, dual two lane and slip roads, plus two major viaducts totalling 700 metres, to carry the road over the London-Tilbury and London-Southend railway lines, and the A124 trunk road.

The second contract has been The second contract has been awarded to Downett Engineering Construction by Dorset County Council to build the Weymouth Town Centre relief road. Valued at £5.25m, the road is conventional single carriageway, 9.3 km

### Wimpey wins £20m Scottish orders

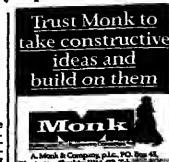
Contracts and Tenders

patients. Attached to it will be a single-storey block housing the kitchen, boiler bouse and related services. A detached, single-storey structure will provide lock-up facilities and a store area. The main three-storey block will be built in structural blockwork, with precast concrete floors on ground beams and piled foundations. The roof will be of felt-covered metal decking and external facades will be mainly of facing brick. The unit is due to be handed over to the health authority in March 1988.

The WIMPEY GROUP has won orders worth £20m in Scotland. Heading the list is a building and day hospital at Parkhead, £2m refurbishment joh for Glasgow, for the Greater Glasgow \$2m refurbishment joh for Glasgow, for the Greater Glasgow \$2m refurbishment joh for Glasgow, which is being where the £3.82m, is for a three-storey main building in Duke Street, with 120 beds and 30 places for day-care patients. Attached to it will be a single-storey block housing the kitchen, boiler bouse and related services. A detached, single-storey structure will provide lock-up facilities and a store area. The main three-storey area The second contract is at the first contract is at tion rooms, restaurant, bars, wimming pool, health club, swimming pool, health club, reception rooms and car park. Street development will provide around 5,620 sq metres of floor area. The second contract is at the Royal High School, Edinaburgh, where the company is to build two single-storey extensions, to provide additional classroom space and staff amenities. Work, which will cost about \$126,000, is being undertaken for Lothian Regional Council

### **Midlands** hotel plan

Contrects worth f12.7m have been awarded to HENRY BOOT. Further progress at the multi-redevelopment scheme in Birmillion pound Paradise Circus mingham centre has seen the Midlands office of Henry Boot Southern start work at managing contractor on the construction of the f8m Caledonian Hotel. The four-star hotel will be in an eight-storey building on the Paradise Circus island site and will provide 215 bedrooms, function rooms, restaurant, bars, swimming pool, health club, reception rooms and car park. Clad in blue tinted curtain walling, the hotel is scheduled for completion in May 1987.



ing the £500,000 design and fit-ting out of the "Fletcher's Walk" shopping mail and its 14 shop units at Paradise Circus. Work will be completed by January 1986.

### Conference facilities

SIE ROBERT McALPINE & bearing sizh base under the SONS has been awarded a contract valued at about \$2m\$ by inforced concrete and steel shell International Petroleum framed construction with brick cladding. On completion, the ference facilities at the Lensbury Club in Broom Road, Tedding-Club in Broom Road, Tedding-Shell International with over ton. The two-storey building \$2,000 sq metres of floor area, with plant room above, on isolated concrete column bases a theatre, recessed into the lated concrete with a ground and asphalt tanked, will be located on the ground floor.

### FINANCIAL DIARY FOR THE WEEK

The following is a record of the principal business and financial engagements during the week. The board meetings are mainly for the purpose of considering dividends and official indications are not always available whether dividends concerned are interims or finals. The sub-divisions shown below are based mainly on last year's timetable.

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FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 27
COMPANY MEETINGS—
Bennett and Fountain Grp., Great Eastern
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Di 200 J. and J.J. Caldon's Hall, Sheffeld,
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Phocnix Timber, Phoenix House, Manor Way, New Road, Raicham, Essax, 12.00
Property Sec., Invat., 7st., Butherst Hall, 27
Barthologuew Close, E.C., 12.13
Smith (Earl S.), Kinssley Hotel, Bloomsbury Way, Went, Dalmore Mills, Milton Priciose, Pericalk, 20
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### REPUBLIQUE ALGERIENNE DEMOCRATIQUE ET POPULAIRE

(Algerian Popular Democratic Republic)

MINISTERE DE L'ENERGIE ET DES INDUSTRIES CHIMIQUES ET PETROCHIMIQUES (Ministry for Energy & Chemical & Patrochamical Industries) ENTREPRISE NATIONALE DES TRAVAUX AUX PUITS

(National Oil Exploitation Company) NOTICE OF NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL OPEN CALL FOR TENDERS NUMBER 1186/13/MEC

The National Oil Exploitation Company is launching a National and International Open Call for Tendars for the supply of the following:

- Spare parts for FIAT 300 PT Tractors. Tenderers interested in this Call for Tenders may obtain the specifications from tha ENTREPRISE NATIONALE DES TRAVAUX AU PUITS (ENTP)

16 ROUTE DE MEFTAH, OUED SMAR, EL-HARRACH,

Direction des Approvisionnements (Supplies Division) for the amount of 400 Algerian Dinars, with affect from the date on which this notice

Offers, of which five (05) copies should be prepared, must be sent in a closed double-sealed envelope by registered mail to thre Secrétariae da la Direction des Approvisionne-ments (Secretariat, Supplied Division) at the above address.

The outer envelope should bear no mark that might identify the tenderer, or any heading, and should read: "AVIS D'APPEL LA CONCURRENCE OUVERT NATIONAL ET INTERNATIONAL No. 1186/1]/MEC-CONFIDENTIEL—A NE PAS OUVER!" (National and International Open Call for Tenders No. 1186/1]/MEC-Confidential—Do Not Open). Tendars must be received within 45 days after this notice is published. Tanderers shall be bound to their offers for a period of 180 days after the closing date



### REPUBLIQUE ALGERIENNE DEMOCRATIQUE ET POPULAIRE

(Algerian Popular Democratic Republic)

MINISTÈRE DE L'ENERGIE ET DES INDUSTRIES CHIMIQUES ET PETROCHIMIQUES (Ministry for Energy & Chemical & Petrochemical Industries) ENTREPRISE NATIONALE DES TRAYAUX AUX PUITS

(National Oil Exploitation Company) NOTICE OF NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL OPEN CALL FOR TENDERS NUMBER 1777/1J/MEC

The National Oil Exploitation Company is faunching a National and International Open Call for Tanders for the supply of the following:

— Spare parts for MAN Tractors.

Tenderers interested in this Call for Tenders may obtain the specifications from the

ENTREPRISE NATIONALE DES TRAVAUX AU PUITS (ENTP) 16 ROUTE DE MEFTAH, OUED SMAR, EL-HARRACH, ALGIERS, ALGERIA

Direction des Approvisionnamanes (Supplies Division) the amount of 400 Algerian Dinars, with effect from the date on which this notice is published.

Offers, of which five (05) copies should be prepared, must be sent in a closed double-sealed anvelope by registered mail to the Secrétariat de la Direction des Approvisionnements (Secretariat, Supplied Division) at the above address.

The oeter anvelope should bear no mark that might identify the tenderer, or any heading, and should read: "AVIS D'APPEL LA CONCURRENCE OUVERT NATIONAL ET heading, and should read: "AVIS D'APPEL LA CONCURRENCE OUVERT NATIONAL ET INTERNATIONAL No. 1177/1J/MEC—Confidential—Do Not Open), and international Open Call for Tenders No. 1177/1J/MEC—Confidential—Do Not Open), and international Open Call for Tenders No. 1177/1J/MEC—Confidential—Do Not Open), Tanders must be received within 45 days after this notice is published.

Tenderers shall be bound to their offers for a period of 180 days after the closing date?

### REPUBLIQUE ALGERIENNE DEMOCRATIQUE ET POPULAIRE

(Algerian Popular Democratic Repeblic) MINISTERE DE L'ENERGIE ET DES INDUSTRIES CHIMIQUES ET PETROCHIMIQUES (Ministry for Energy & Chemical & Petrochamical Indu ENTREPRISE NATIONALE DES TRAYAUX AUX PUITS (National Oil Exploitation Company)

NOTICE OF NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL OPEN CALL FOR TENDERS NUMBER 1187/13/MEC

The National Oil Exploitation Company is launching a National and International Open Call for Tenders for the supply of the following:

— Spare parts for CLARK Crenes.

Tenderers interested in this Call for Tenders may obtain the specifications from the

ENTREPRISE NATIONALE DES TRAVAUX AU PUITS (ENTP) 16 ROUTE DE MEFTAH, OUED SMAR, EL-HARRACH, ALGIERS, ALGERIA

Direction des Approvisionnements (Supplies Division)
the amount of 400 Algerian Dinars, with effact from the date on which this notice

Offers, of which five (05) copies should be prepared, must be sent in a closed double-sealed anveloge by registered mail to the Secrétariat de le Direction des Approvisionne-ments (Secretariat, Supplied Division) at the above address.

The outer envelope should bear no mark that might identify the tenderer, or any heading, end should read: "AVIS D'APPEL LA CONCURRENCE OUVERT NATIONAL ET INTERNATIONAL No. 1187/1]/MEC—CONFIDENTIEL—A NE PAS OUVRIR" (National and International Open Call for Tenders No. 1187/1]/MEC—Confidential—Do Not Open). Tenders must be received within 45 days efter this notice is peblished.

Tenderers shall be bound to their offers for a period of 180 days after the closing date of this Call for Tenders.

### INVITATION TO BID

for the lease of two wide body aircraft

Lan Chile requires two wide body aircraft for
lease for a minimum of two years. Interested bidders should request terms and conditions from Lan Chile at: Torre de Madrid, Ground Floor

Princessa 1—28007 Madrid/Spain
Bids to be received not later than 5pm local time Wednesday September 25th 1985. Only requests accompanied by a non-refundable

cheque payable to Lan Chile for the amount of US\$500 will be actioned. Bids must be sent directly to Lan Chile headquarters in Santiago, Chile as per instructions contained in the terms and conditions. All bids received will be opened by Lan Chile headquarters on September 30th,

### **UFE OPTIONS REPORT**

1985 at 5pm local Santiago time.

Eurodoller Future—points of 100% Doller lower on back of ONP figure ead futures traded in e wide range. Volume good.

Previous day's Sterling Currency—La. doller lower end pound withstood oil movement worrist in Gulf. Good volume. Previous day's

Louise Powell of LIFFE on 01-623 page

Company Notices NEWFOUNDLAND

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please contact: Dick Allen, Managing Director, French Kier Construction Limited. Tempsford Hall, Sandy, Bedfordshire SG19 2BD. Tel: Biggleswade (0767) 40111



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Notices

# WORLD STOCK MARKETS

Indices	CANADA
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OVER-THE-COUNTER Nazdaq national market, closing prices, September 20	1985 Sept. 20 Price 1985 Sept. 20 Price High Low Sch % High Low Frs. High Low 1985 Sept. 81 Price
Sales   Sales	1982   1985   1986
"What's special about these Danish companies?"	9.88 1.60 Coles (C.J.)
ABN Bank Copenhagen Branch, Assurander-Societetet, Berlingske Tidende, Bikuben Savings Bank, Buliden, Buch+Deichmann, Danish Steel Works Ltd., Danish Telecom International A/S, Danish Turnkey Dairles Ltd., Dannebrog Shipyard Ltd., A/S De Danske Sukkerfahrikker, Donni A/S, Duracell-Daimon ApS, East Asiatic Co. Ltd. (A/S Det Ostasiatiske Kempagai), A/S, Elizabeth Arden, Ess-Food, F. L. Smidth & Co. A/S, Forlaget Management A/S, Frisko Soi is A/S, Ginge Brand & Elektronik A/S, Grundios International A/S, Haidor Topsae A/S, Hetlerup Bank A/S, Heariques Bank Aktieselskab, Kommunedata, Midthank, A/S Niro Atomizer, Norsk Hydro Danmark a.s., Nykredit, Price Waterheuse, Privatbanken A/S, Standinavisk Tobakskompagni, Statsanstalten for Livstorsikring, The Jutland Technological Institute, Aktieselskabet Varde Bank.	2.7   1.29   Higholas Kiwi   2.0   8.59   1.88   4.7   5.85   1.89   1.89   1.89   1.89   1.89   1.89   1.89   1.89   1.80   1.85
They are all regular readers of the FINANCIAL TIMES • European Edition  For further information about subscription rates in Scandinavia, please contact Mr. Ejvind Pedersen in Copenhagen:  01-13 44 41	4.9 5.56 Westpace Bahk. 1.51 0.77 Woodside Petrol. 1.55 1.07 Wormald Intl. 5.98 1985 Sept. 20 Price 1985 Sept. 20 Price 1986 Sept. 29 Price 1984 10.5 Cheung Kong. 17.7 16.5 12.3 'China Light. 15 12.7 'China Light. 15

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE COMPOSITE CLOSING | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1976 | 1925-4151245824-12528-12 | 1.96|Mes20b | 1.3 16 |
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Dec 112-07 112-	16 111-15 08 111-19	111-15 111-15	Dec March	59-27 58-10	88-30	<b>68-27</b>	68-14 67-29
March 112-77 Est volume 2,875 (	1.717)	111-25	U.e. T	REAGURY	BRL	F ((MM)	
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(32nds)	uact) —o	W 74	Dec March	\$2.75 \$2.40	82,81 82,41		92.62
10% NOTIONAL SHO	ORT GRET	£100,000	June	92.06 91.77	52.00 91.7	91.91	91.91
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Dec 97-55 97-		87-35	March	91.23	91.18 90.93		91.05
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		(1,095)	100%	Close	Aller		
STERLING £25,000 8			Sept	92.06	11igi	92.05	92.00
Close His Dec 135.75 135.		Prev 132,70	March	91.87 - 91.49	91.1		
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Est volume 558 (17)			THREE-I	MONTH I	EUROD 100%	POLLAR	(IMMAI)
Previous day's open DELITSCHE MARKS				Close	High		Prev
DM		ber	March	91.53 91.16	91.61 91.17		91.30
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SWFr	<u> </u>		-	Close	High	Low	Prev
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March 0.4347 0.42 Est volume 46 (35)	86 0,4288	0.4285	March June	1.3576 1.3675	1,3500		
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**FINANCIAL FUTURES** 

THIS NOTICE DOES NOT CONSTITUTE AN OFFER FOR SALE AND THE STOCKE LISTED BELOW ARE NOT AVAILABLE FOR PURCHASE DIRECT FROM THE BANK OF ENGLAND. OFFICIAL DEALINGS IN THE STOCKS ON THE STOCK SYCHANGE ARE EXPECTED TO COMMENCE ON MONDAY, 23rd SEPTEMBER, 1985.

### ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT STOCK

The Bank of England announces that Her Majesty's Treasury has crested on 20th September 1985, and has issued to the Bank, 5dditional amounts as indicated of each of the Stocks letted below:

£190 million 2% per cont INDEX-LINKED TREASURY STOCK, 2001 £150 million 214 per cent INDEX-LIRKED TREASURY STOCK, 2020 The price paid by the Bank on issue was in each case the middle market closing price of the relevant Stock on 20th September 1985 as certified by the Government Broker. In each case, the amount issued on 20th September 1985 in each case, the amount issued on 20th September 1985 in each case, the amount issued on 20th September 1985 in each case, the amount issued on 20th September 1985 in each case, the amount issued on 20th September 1985 in each case, the amount issued on 20th September 1985 in each case, the amount issued on 20th September 1985 in each case, which is prospectus (save as to the particulars therein which releted solely to the initial sale of the Stock), and subject also to the provision contained in the final paragraph of this notice: the current provisions for Capital Gains Tax are described below. Copies of the prospectuses for the Stocks listed above, dated 20th August 1982 and 12th October 1983 respectively, may be obtained at the Bank of England, New Issues, Watling Street, Loodon EC4M 9AA.

Application has been made to the Council of The Stock Exchange for each further tranche of stock to be admitted to the Official List.

The Stocks are repayable, and interest is payable half-yearly, out the Official Edge of the Council is made in the

The Concial List.

The Stocks are repayable, and interest is payable half-yearly, on the dates shown below (provision is made in the prospectuses for stockholders to be offered the right of early redemption under certain circumstances):

Interest payment dates Redemption date Index-Linked
Treasury Stock, 2001 24th September 2001 24th September

Index-Linked

Treasury Stock, 2020 16th April 2020

Both the principal of and the interest on the Stocks are indexed to the General Index of Retail Prices. The Index figure relevant to any month is that published seven months previously and relating to the month before the month of publication. The Index figure relevant to the month of issue of 2; per cent Index-Linked Treasury Stock. 2001 is that relating to December 1981 (308.9); the equivalent index figure for 2; per cent Index-Linked Treasury Stock. 2020 is that relating to February 1983 (327.3). These Index figures will be used for the purposes of calculating payments of principal and interest due in respect of the relevant further transhes of stock.

of stock.

The relevant Index figures for the half-yearly interest payments on the Stocks are as follows:

Relevant Index figure

Interest
payable Published in Relating to
March August of the previous year July
September February of the same year
April September of the previous year August
October March of the same year August
The further tranches of 2½ per cent Index-Linked Treasury
Stock, 2001 and 2½ per cent Index-Linked Treasury
Stock, 20020 have been issued on an ex-divideod basis and will not
rank for the interest payments due on 24th September 1985
and 16th October 1985 respectively on the existing Stocks.
Each of the Stocks referred to in this notice is specified under
paragraph I of Schedule 2 to the Capital Golns Tax Act 1979
as a gilt-edged security (under current legislation exempt from
tax on capital gains on disposals made on or after 2nd July
1986, irrespective of the period for which the Stock is held).
Government statement

43.50

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1986, Irrespective of the period for which the Stock is held). Government statement Attention is drawn to the statement Issued by Her Majesty's Treasury on 29th May 1985 which explained that, in the interest of the orderly conduct of fiscal policy, neither Her Majesty's Government nor the Bank of England or their respective servants or agents undertake to disclose tax changes decided on but not yet announced, even where they may specifically affect the terms on which, or the conditions under which, these further tranches of stock are issued or sold by or on behalf of the Government or the Bank; that no responsibility can therefore be accepted for sny omission to make such disclosure; and that such omission shall neither render any transaction liable to be set aside nor give rise to any claim for compensation.

BANK-OF ENGLAND

DANK-OF ENGLAND

### These securities have been sold outside the United States of America and Japan. This an appears as a matter of record only.

**NEW ISSUE** 

17th September, 1985



### NATIONAL BANK OF HUNGARY

(Magyar Nemzeti Bank)

(Incorporated in Hungary as a joint stock company with limited liability)

U.S. \$200,000,000 Floating Rate Notes due 2000

Issue Price 100 per cent.

### **Nomura International Limited**

Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft Kansallis-Osake-Pankki LTCB International Limited **Tokai International Limited** 

**IBJ International Limited** Lloyds Merchant Bank Limited Morgan Guaranty Ltd Yasuda Trust Europe Limited

Australia-Japan International Finance Limited **Bankers Trust International Limited** Crédit Commercial de France Den norske Creditbank Kuwait International Investment Co. s.a.k. J. Henry Schroder Wagg & Co. Limited Sumitomo Trust International Limited

Banca Commerciale Italiana County Bank Limited Daiwa Europe Limited Genossenshaftliche Zentralbank A. G. Vienna Mitsui Finance International Limited Sumitomo Finance International The Taiyo Kobe Bank (Luxembourg) S.A. Takugin International Bank (Europe) S.A.

# ally declined in recent weeks. Three-month money was around 11½ per cent, suggesting possible upward pressure on base rates, but has since fallen to 11½ per cent, underpinning the present rate structure. Sterling stabilised on the foreign exchanges at \$1.30 and is now above \$1.35, following the decline of the dollar on Friday afternoon after publication of the U.S. GNP figure. But the pound still bas a fragile undertone on nervousness shout the FT LONDON

**MONEY MARKETS** 

UK clearing hanks base lending rate 111 per cent since July 30.

INTERBAN	K FIXING
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8 manths (	J.S. dollam
bid 87:19	01far & 9/16
five reference bank	the nearest one dead officered rates by the market to

Very little happened during an extremely quiet week io London. Day-to-day moncy market seem to escalation in the Gulf War every 2500m and the authoriues had no difficulty servicing the market's requirements.

Discount houses were happy to sell bills ouright at present dealing rates, because there is little prospect of an early cut in clasring bank base rates.

Money market rates have gradu
oil supply situation. The apparation and the Gulf War and downward move in interest and the money market now in market intervention rete by any downward move in interest rates, and the money market now is per cent to 9½ per cent, the seems resigned to 8 fairly long production, while the next meeting of Opec ministers is due to take place early next month. Recent UK money supply figures the fair the room for any downward move in interest narket intervention rete by any downward move in interest narket, and the money market now is fairly long production, while the next meeting of Opec ministers is due to take place early next month. Recent UK money supply figures tal rates tended to ease. The lowest level since July 20, 1979.

MONEY RATES

MONEY RATES

MONEY RATES

Overnight Tokyo Milan Brussels Dublin One Month Tokyo Milan Brussels Dublin One

Very quiet in London

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